IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

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STATE OF MARYLAND

v. : Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

Defendant.

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JURY TRIAL

Frederick, Maryland

May 30, 2017

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. 12321 Middlebrook Road, Suite 210 Germantown, Maryland 20874 (301) 881-3344

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ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

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Defendant.

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May 30, 2017

WHEREUPON, the proceedings in the above-entitled matter commenced

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE MICHAEL M. GALLOWAY, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE:

JOYCE KING, Esq. State's Attorney's Office 100 West Patrick Street Frederick, Maryland 21701

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

SUN E. CHOI, Esq. DC Metro Law, LLC 7820 B. Wormans Mill Road Frederick, Maryland 21701

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THE BAILIFF: All rise. The Circuit Court for Frederick County is now in session, the Honorable Michael M. Galloway presiding.

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THE COURT: Good morning. Be seated, please.

MS. KING: Good morning, Your Honor. Joyce King on behalf of the State. If I may call State of Maryland versus Abe Mallik, that's 16-059271.

MS. CHOI: Good morning, Your Honor, and may it please the Court, Sun Choi on behalf of defendant, Abe Mallik, who is standing to my left.

THE COURT: Good morning. We are here today, there are some motions to be heard and ruled on and there are -there is a motion to suppress. I believe we're scheduled to pick a jury beginning at 1:00 p.m. and the trial I've been advised will probably take three days, perhaps less, depending on the Court's ruling on certain motions.

Madam State, you have some motions you wish to bring to the Court?

MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor, starting with the State's motion to amend the criminal information, Your Honor. I don't know if Your Honor has a copy of the actual motion in the court file, just so Your Honor can see the case law that the State refers to. And that was filed on May 17th. And I can approach with a copy for Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes, I'm not seeing it. It may be in 2 here, but -- thank you.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, for Your Honor's convenience, I actually have the opposition -- so should I --

THE COURT: I'm sorry?

MS. CHOI: I have the opposition motion as well, so you might want to have that as well?

THE COURT: Okay.

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MS. CHOI: If I may approach? And just for the record, I'll do this in open court that the defendant is offering its defense opposition to the State's motion to exclude defense expert.

MS. KING: Your Honor, as to the motion to amend, I believe that pursuant to Rule 4-204, the Court can at any time before a verdict permit an amendment to the charging document if the amendment does not change the character of the offense, and that is I believe the case law is well established that a change to date is as to form and not substance. Changing the date does not change the character of the offense. In Manuel v. State, if the same crime is charged after the amendment, it's established that that does not change the character of the offense. In this case, Your Honor, the State is amending the three counts, Count 9 to April 14th, Count 10 to April 12th and Count 11 as to March 30th. They were -- it was a clerical error that it stated March 3rd. We believe that that change is

absolutely to form and not substance. The purpose of the criminal information, Your Honor, is to provide notice of the accused as to the nature of the crime and that is absolutely what has been done in this case. There has been adequate notice to the defendant that he's been charged with possession of child pornography. That has not changed after this amendment.

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Furthermore, I did read and I will have an opportunity to respond after counsel states her opposition, but in anticipation of that, the defense has not changed. The defendant stated his defense from before the charging document even went out, which was that he was hacked. This does not unduly prejudice or there's no unfair surprise. His defense is still that he was hacked. Therefore, Your Honor, the State does believe that both the rule and the case law is clear here in Maryland that a change to date is form. The cases that the State cites in those cases, dates were changed in theft schemes, dates were changed in abuse of minors — sex abuse of minors. So felony charges, the dates were permitted to be changed even during trial, let alone when the State did request this prior to trial.

THE COURT: Madam State, in Count 9, what was the

MS. KING: They were all March 3, Your Honor, March 3, 2016.

1 THE COURT: March 30th?

MS. KING: 3rd. They were all March 3rd.

THE COURT: 3rd?

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MS. KING: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. And the correct date for 9 is April 14th, for Count 10, it's April 12th, and for Count 11, March 30th?

MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, Ms. Choi?

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, the defense adamantly opposes the amendment that the State is requesting. Pursuant to Maryland Rule 4-204 governing the amendment of charging documents, it is absolutely clear that that is to prevent unfair surprises to defendant and counsel. And if the State's proposed amendment is actually changed, it will substantively change not only the defense theory, but essentially every single thing that happened after that fact. The defendant does not consent in any way. It has been prejudicial to even have the amendment be filed because as of May 17, 2017, the defense was ready. The strategy had already been provided to the State since May of 2016 when Mr. Mallik gave a voluntary interview without charges being formally brought to him.

So from day one, he has maintained his innocence. With the amendment of these dates, Your Honor, it actually

provides the State a very nice fit. Because on March 3rd, Your Honor, of 2016, the three counts that involve the alleged child porn images were found on Mr. Mallik's Acer personal laptop. He didn't own the Acer laptop until March 21st. That was the receipt that was seized from the search and seizure that the law enforcement took. They had that information since April 21, 2016 that Mr. Mallik did not own that computer where those images were allegedly located.

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Now, the charges are 11 counts. Eleven counts of knowingly possess -- not just possession. We're not talking about a drug case. We're talking about knowingly possess.

Because of that language, it absolutely changes the substance of the nature of the events. The defense trajectory has to go a completely opposite direction. Now, that Acer laptop is available to Mr. Mallik's 14 year old daughter. She has access to it. And pursuant to some of the police report, it appears that some of the images may have been from a Google account, a storage in the cloud. Mr. Mallik doesn't have that. So had we known that the specific dates of April 14, April 12, and March 30 would be used, then we would have had a different way to go, to figure out what the answers were.

But because we knew Mr. Mallik did not have that PC where the alleged child porn was found on that date, March 3rd, and in fact during the voluntary interview, I asked Detective Elrod, who was the lead detective in this case, has the dates

of the events changed in any way? And I quoted that in our opposition. He said no, those are the dates that are involved. Nothing else. That has not ever changed, Your Honor, until May 17, 2017.

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So Your Honor, my opposition to this is not only does it add 15 more years to Mr. Mallik's possible incarceration time, because if the dates are actually granted, the changes, it would allow the jury to possibly find that Mr. Mallik owned the Acer laptop at that time, potentially may have had child porn images, and may have knowingly possessed that. But on its face now, Your Honor, on March 3, on those three counts, he didn't own the PC where the images were found. And out of the 27 devices, storage thumb drives, every single thing that was tested, this was the one computer that had the images of Counts 9, 10 and 11. All of the other counts were pursuant to an e-mail attachment.

The State can absolutely pursue that. That's not what we're fighting about. We're fighting about the fact that if that date had been corrected way in advance, it would have absolutely allowed Mr. Mallik to figure out the defense and figure out the questions and answer those questions. But now, at the eve of trial, granting that is going to really change not just the character, but the substance that the defense strategy involved. And that's, Your Honor, absolutely prejudicial to this man, who has never been charged, who has

never been convicted of any crimes.

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And as a result of that, Your Honor, he can't Pursuant to the rule, there is also case law that says if there are critical errors, if it adds additional potential jail time, then it does change the nature of the case and the character of a case. And as a result, Your Honor, we do not agree that this is an amendment that should be granted. Mr. Mallik has maintained his innocence from day one. provided ample information that his router was defective, that he had a whistle-blowing incident back in 2014 for which he had a lot of problems. Fast forward into 2016 when all of this happened. He filed a formal complaint against a supervisor, and the day after, his internet connection was incredibly slow. He called Comcast and we actually received exculpatory evidence from Comcast supporting Mr. Mallik's position that in fact he did call before these images were ever uploaded, that there were some internet connection problems and connectivity issues. And so Comcast worked with him and actually sent him to technical support, and it just turned out that this defective router completely crashed at some point.

And the reason why that is significant, Your Honor, is that's pursuant to a defense. Mr. Mallik never, ever possessed child porn, let alone knowingly, and we have legitimate defense in terms of ample evidence not only from the State's documents that they provided to us, but from Mr. Mallik

himself who is going to testify. And essentially, Your Honor, there's no way that if these dates will be granted, it means that it fits very nicely into the date after the Acer was purchased. Part of our defense was that Mr. Mallik cleaned up the malware where he saw 200 plus unwanted programs on this brand new Acer laptop for some reason within five days, three or four days of purchase — he found 200 plus unwanted programs on a brand new Acer, for which they have a receipt. So they know that it's brand new.

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And all of a sudden, after he wipes that clean with the malware software that he purchased and we turned it over to them, that date was March 26th. They now conveniently want to use the dates March 30, April 12 and April 14. Because by April 21st, the raid occurred and the law enforcement seized that device. So they had a certain window of time, Your Honor, in which those three counts where those alleged images are knowingly possessed by Mr. Mallik has to be after March 21st when he owned it, after March 26th, when he wiped out the malware, to dispute the hacking theory that the defense had already provided it and before April 21st.

So those counts, Your Honor, March 30, April 12th,

April 14th -- fits very nicely into that little spot where he

could potentially be found by a jury and have an additional 15

years -- on each count, five years, plus a \$2,500 fine when the

State has already got other counts that has nothing to do with

the PC and can go forward.

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So yes, Your Honor, this is not just a simple clerical error. This has completely turned one defense into a trajectory which we didn't consider at all because at that point, he didn't own the PC. And it's that simple. He just didn't own it. And yes, there's reasonable doubt there. So Your Honor, based on the facts of the case, and the fact that Mr. Mallik provided all of this defense strategy before he was even charged, before he even had the benefit of discovery — because there were no formal charges — we adamantly oppose any amendment to those dates.

The State can go forward on the other counts, Your Honor, and we're prepared to go forward on those.

MS. KING: If I may reply, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Ms. King?

MS. KING: And Your Honor, Ms. Choi again states very beautifully the defense theory, which they have been stating since the very beginning, which hasn't changed. And Your Honor, Ms. Choi did not address that the case law is clear that -- and this is a direct quote from Manuel v. State -- if the same crime is charged after the amendment, the offense's character has not been changed. That was in Manuel v. State. In Guyant v. State (phonetic sp.), in Thompson v. State, this is well-established law in Maryland. And even though he may face additional penalties because there are still additional

charges, of course, that -- they're not new charges. There's charges that still exist. The penalties haven't changed. And in addition to that, Your Honor, there has been no undue surprise. The defense had reviewed these images, had access to the forensic file since December 13, 2016. That's when the State gave the opportunity to view these CP images. That's when the examination, the preliminary examination had been conducted and completed. And Ms. Choi and I met at the State's Attorney's Office and she had access to this file. There's no undue surprise.

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And Your Honor, I believe that the State's motion should be granted to amend these counts. And the State is ready to go forward.

And alternatively, Your Honor, if these counts are dismissed, the State can dismiss all counts and recharge. And we'd be back here. The state is ready to go forward today. We're trying to give the defendant a speedy trial. And we're ready to go forward.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, at that point, then we would prefer that the State dismiss the entire charge. Because then it would give us a little bit more time. With regard to the viewing and the accessibility of the files, Your Honor, that was -- yes, I met with Ms. King back in December. And I was given snippets of those images and the path files. And that was it, Your Honor. I didn't get a copy of it.

MS. KING: We can't provide copies.

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MS. CHOI: And I wouldn't want those copies anyway -- and so Your Honor, so knowing what I knew back then, when he was actually charged November 2nd, and then I met with Ms.

King, because I was doing my due diligence, doing whatever I can to try to prove Mr. Mallik's innocence, I went and saw these images and the criminal information wasn't filed until December 2nd.

So this all happened very close in time, Your Honor, and I never actually physically had that possession of those images or the path files or where they actually originated from. And so Your Honor, the expert report was not provided until months after that. Months after that. And then on top of that, the expert's report then was updated May 18, 2017. Weeks ago. So throughout this entire time, from the start of the case up until now, there has been continuous delays. not saying that it's Ms. King's part. The police report is telling me exactly who got delayed. It was the retirement of the lead detective. Then it was picked up by Detective Snyder. Months when by when nothing happened. The very first time that Mr. Mallik knew sort of what was going on was during the raid on April 21st. It wasn't until November 2nd because I prompted the detective into finding out what is the conclusion of the investigation? He has voluntarily provided everything that you wanted. He even gave you the defective router, which Detective Elrod refused to take. I mean, that was a dead router. He has receipts of a new router. This is the defense. This is what's going on. There is somebody in his employment who is out to grind his ax and he wants his pound of flesh. And he knows exactly where Mr. Mallik works. He telecommutes from home as well as go into FTF.

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So everything about him is known to his employer who is grinding his ax because back in 2014, he won \$51,000 because there was racial discrimination. And since that time, it's never been the same, Your Honor. He is a whistleblower. We might not like him for doing that, but he had the right to do it. And because of that, he has been prejudiced and has been a victim at his employment. Now, there's a motive there. Not only is there a motive there, there's an opportunity because everything that he did — and our expert will testify to that — who is here free of charge, he's just a neighbor — would say that really indicates somebody who has been hacked. That has been our defense from day one, Your Honor. From day one.

And so I absolutely disagree, respectfully, with the State, that it does change everything about this case, Your Honor. It took us to a different trajectory. Had I known that that's what the State was going to use in terms of those three counts, oh, I would have absolutely interviewed every -- I would have gotten his daughter and provided that information --

everything voluntarily. Because I wanted the State to know that this is where we were coming from. And none of that investigation actually took place.

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Mr. Mallik's position was never investigated until late April, maybe early May. They then followed up with Comcast to see if he actually made the service calls back in February. They then followed up with a potential other person who might have a motive against Mr. Mallik. This was all done very — it was very delayed. It was very last minute. And as a result, there was a request for a continuance. All that happened, Your Honor, that happened in this case.

As a result, he has suffered. And if the State wants to nolle pros the entire case, then so be it. And let them recharge. But at least that gives me enough time to investigate that defense. Because at this point, it is unfair surprise. And I want to keep calm and let Your Honor know I can do whatever I can to make this work, but that was the key to the defense, Your Honor. That is a crucial element. And it's not just a clerical mistake or an error. It's his life. It's his liberty at stake. And I need more time for investigation.

THE COURT: Let me ask Ms. King a question. When did the State discover the discrepancy in the date?

MS. KING: As soon as we filed the motion, Your Honor.

THE COURT: No, no, you discovered it --

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MS. KING: On the date that I filed that motion was when we discovered it.

THE COURT: And how was it that it was discovered?

MS. KING: I came back from maternity leave and I began reviewing this case, preparing for trial, because the State's postponement was denied. That's how I discovered it, Your Honor. And Your Honor, I mean, the case law is clear that — Your Honor, I cite four specific cases that specifically say the changing of a date and offense is considered a matter of form and not substance.

THE COURT: I'm familiar with all that.

MS. KING: Exactly, Your Honor.

THE COURT: But I also -- I mean, I think I have an obligation to hear Ms. Choi, and you know, based upon her arguments, I just want to make sure before I rule -- so this change was discovered late in the game as you're saying the State acted in good faith, didn't sit on this after --

MS. KING: No, I actually called her before I filed the motion to notify her that I would be filing it.

THE COURT: All right, I'm going to grant the State's motion. I believe that it is a clerical error. Ms. Choi, I hear you. A lot of what you say is based upon facts in the form of proffers. And I think it's really difficult for me to -- I started out with the notion that when we're talking

about a date that it is probably a clerical matter. And I don't think at this juncture that I'm inclined to deviate from my usual practice, which is in a case like this to grant a motion to amend the charge based upon a discrepancy with the date.

Now, if we were talking about, you know, a date that was alleged and there were years in between the dates, that might be something different. But in this particular case, I believe that there's no indication the State is not acting in good faith and I believe it is a matter of form, not substance. So I will grant the State's motion to amend.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, would Your Honor reconsider that decision once you have heard some evidence with regard to --

THE COURT: You want to renew the motion at some point?

MS. CHOI: Right.

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MS. KING: Your Honor --

MS. CHOI: Because Your Honor stated that it was just based on proffer. So after evidence has been provided maybe to the detectives that are involved in the case, and when they would have found the date, I think that that would change the character --

THE COURT: Well, I will reserve on your request to

renew the motion. Make your motion when you think it's appropriate and I'll rule on it at that time.

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. KING: Your Honor, the State's second motion — the State filed a motion to exclude the defense expert witness based on failure to set forth the criteria in 5-702. Does Your Honor want a copy of that?

THE COURT: Please.

MS. KING: And I'll bring up counsel's opposition.

MS. CHOI: Thank you.

MS. KING: Does Your Honor want a minute to review

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THE COURT: No, you can go ahead.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, it's established in Rule 5-702 that there are three prongs at which an expert testimony should be admitted -- whether the witness is qualified by knowledge, skill experience; number two, the appropriateness of the testimony as well as three, whether there is a sufficient factual basis existing to support that expert testimony.

The State filed this motion because based on our review of the expert's opinion, there is no factual basis. The Courts have held that there needs to be -- that expert testimony cannot just be based on conjecture or incompetent evidence. And that's what we believe is here. In the State's

motion, we cited specific quotations as to what Mr. Johnson was basing his conclusion on. He states under the hacking Mallik portion of his report as well as the conclusion portion of his report that he believes that the hacker had made access with the presence of malware as well as the use of an RAT, which is a remote access Trojan and also includes a key logger. There is absolutely no evidence that any of those things were present. Actually, there's evidence that they were not present. And most fundamentally, Your Honor, the expert in this case has not reviewed any forensic evidence, which is highly unusual for an expert to be proffering some opinion without examining the actual evidence.

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It would be likened to a DNA expert not looking at a DNA report or an autopsy expert not looking at an autopsy report. Or a crash expert not looking at the evidence of the crash. The nature of child pornography is that no, we cannot provide a copy of the hard drive or a printout of the images. But the hard drive is made available to the defense, to any of their expert witnesses — they have the ability to request an EO1 file, an evidence file. They have the ability to go and meet with the forensic examiner and examine the evidence. And that wasn't done in this case.

So absolutely this is just based on conjecture. And what we have here is the defense bootstrapping the defendant's statements with an expert. As you see in the expert's report,

he bases his opinion on the self-reporting of the defendant.

And case law holds that you cannot -- an expert cannot give an opinion and interject facts that are necessary to form that opinion. They need to be established by some factual basis.

And Your Honor, the State would contend that in this instance, there is no factual basis for the opinion.

THE COURT: Ms. Choi?

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MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, pursuant to Maryland Rules of Procedure 5-702, 5-703, and the relevant case law, this person, Your Honor, Mark Johnson, is actually in the courtroom. And with regard to what the State's position is, Mr. Johnson not only reviewed most of the State's discovery, but he also had the extra additional set of facts and actually spoke to Mr. Malik with regard to what happened and what behaviors led to his conclusions. The factual substance that supported the opinion at the end and in the defense opposition, Paragraph No. 3, I wrote, the State does not dispute that Mr. Johnson formed his opinion based on the information with which he was provided at that time, which can support a sufficient factual basis, even without a direct forensic examination of the devices at issue. That's the State's motion, Your Honor.

Not only did he see the State's forensic examination results, he also received the State's supplemental results back on May 18, 2017. Not only did he see all of that and review

all of that, he received the mountains of documents, close to 2,000 pages, and reviewed that information on top of interviewing Mr. Mallik.

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So Your Honor, with regard to Ms. King's position, the State's position, it is entirely incorrect. He has the factual basis. He has the knowledge. He has 20 years of experience with regard to cyber security, with regard to hacking, with regard to router deficiencies and vulnerabilities. Mr. Mallik doesn't have the capacity to explain all of that to a jury, Your Honor. The key purpose of this expert is to help the jury understand those material issues and facts. And that's what he's here for. He has never, ever testified in court. He is doing this as a neighbor, as somebody who is not being paid, but somebody because he has an expertise in this field.

And when Mr. Mallik started talking to his neighbor about what happened to him, he knew right away exactly what was going on, and hence the substance and the foundation for his report. Your Honor, he is here -- we can certainly ask -- at the State's request -- he is here and he can testify under oath all of the information that he was provided with. And we can qualify him as an expert at this time because he is that credentialed. He has 20 years of not just educational experience, but the know-how. He is the person that the federal government goes to for the expertise that he is in the

field of cyber security and hacking and router vulnerabilities.

He's the one that showed us that Acer, the router that Mr.

Mallik had, was involved in a \$206 million lawsuit settlement

4 right around the time that Mr. Mallik owned that router. So

5 clearly, he's going to be able to help a jury understand

6 exactly what happened in terms of the defense theory because

7 | that's what happened. Every single thing that Mr. Mallik did

8 is going to be explained by Mr. Johnson as to what that

9 actually means. And that's why he's here, Your Honor.

I would, at this time, if Your Honor would indulge Mr. Johnson to take the stand and we can certainly ask him these questions under oath with regard to what it is that he reviewed, what his qualifications are, and whether he would be a defense expert and qualified to testify on the defense's behalf.

THE COURT: Ms. King?

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MS. KING: Your Honor, I'd submit on argument. I'll save my questions for Mr. Johnson for cross-examination if Your Honor is inclined to admit him.

THE COURT: All right. Well, we will reserve on admitting him, but I'm not going to exclude him. If it becomes apparent when the State has an opportunity to voir dire the witness when he testifies that the State's position is correct, then I can decline to admit him as an expert at that time. But based upon what I've heard -- I mean, I think the fundamental

definition of an expert really is someone who can assist the Court, the jury, who has the requisite knowledge and experience to help the Court and the jury understand and apply the law to certain facts. So I'll deny the State's motion.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. We'll reserve on that, and as you stated, when the time comes, the State would like the opportunity to voir dire him.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, may I allow Mr. Johnson to be excused at this time?

THE COURT: Yes.

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(Discussion off the record.)

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. KING: Your Honor, there are two further State motions in limine. The first motion, Your Honor, is the State filed a motion to exclude the defendant's statements. The State will not be using defendant's statement to Cpl. Romril as well as the defendant's interview in its case in chief. And again, the rules are very clear, pursuant to 5-803 that these are hearsay and only admissible by the party opponent. I'd like to — counsel provided a transcript of the defendant's interview. I inquired how she intended to use that in trial. She stated through her own client. Pursuant to the rules, that's not admissible.

THE COURT: Ms. Choi?

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, as a follow up to that, I did

also provide to Ms. King the transcript showing the certificate of transcription of that interview. And at this time, the purpose of that interview is not essentially to show everything that's true in there, but the fact that it happened on that particular date. And so it actually is for non-hearsay purposes.

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THE COURT: I'm sorry, for what purposes?

MS. CHOI: Non-hearsay purposes at this time. It was a voluntary interview that Mr. Mallik provided at the time, May 17, 2016, and essentially he was telling Detective Elrod all of the things that went wrong. And that — well essentially, that was the beginning of the defense theory of exactly what happened to Mr. Mallik. And so through testimony, he'll be able to testify to that. I will refer to that transcript, Your Honor, to refresh his recollection. At this point, it would not be submitted as any kind of evidence in terms of a document that the jury should actually have in their hand.

MS. KING: Again, Your Honor, he can state that he had an interview. He cannot state what the contents of that interview was, what he said. The Court does not permit a prior consistent statement.

MS. CHOI: But at the same time, Your Honor, I can certainly ask Detective Elrod --

THE COURT: Yes, I agree. I agree. Okay. Well, based upon Ms. Choi's representation, I think really the motion

is moot. If it's not being offered for the truth, if the statement is not being offered, if it's just simply going to be used in terms of cross-examination, then I don't think it's an issue.

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MS. KING: The State just wanted to make that clear. Thank you, Your Honor. And there's the final state's motion in limine, Your Honor, to exclude -- defense counsel provided several letters and e-mails. The letters are clearly hearsay. They're not the defendant's statements. They're from other parties who work at the FDA. There's also e-mails that contain double, triple hearsay of him saying what somebody else said and somebody else said. I did read counsel's opposition. I'll actually let Ms. Choi respond to that and then I'll reserve for rebutting it.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, these exhibits will be made pursuant to Maryland Rule 5-803(B)(24), a specific exception to the hearsay rule. The letters that we're talking about, the documents that we're talking about is a May 7, 2014 EEOC complaint inquiry form that Mr. Mallik filed against his employer. This was after the settlement of the lawsuit where the government paid him \$51,000 for racial discrimination. So within months, he started feeling again the problems. And the next document would be July 15, 2014, the acceptance of the EEOC complaint. Then the exhibits that we are seeking to admit at this time, when trial happens, is April 22, 2016 -- it is

the letter from his immediate supervisor, the one that he complained against, suspending him the day after the raid. How they found out about it, I'm not sure. I guess the trial will tell us.

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But the day after the raid of Mr. Mallik's home is when he was suspended. And pursuant to that, Your Honor, it's those letters from December 5, 2016, January 19, 2017, March 1, 2017 and March 31, 2017 that all of those letters came from his place of employment with the letterhead from FDA with regard to the documents that we are seeking to admit during trial.

So Your Honor, with regard to the specific rule,
Maryland 5-803(B)(24), it does provide under exceptional
circumstances the following are not excluded by hearsay rule -a statement not specifically covered by any of the hearsay
exceptions listed. However, it has -- the statement is offered
as evidence of a material fact. The second prong is the
statement is more probative on the point for which it is
offered than any other evidence which a proponent can procure
through reasonable efforts. And the third, the general
purposes of these rules and the interests of justice will best
be served by the admission of the statement into evidence.

The statement may not be admitted under this exception unless the proponent of it makes it know to the adverse party that it is going to be used. We have done that. All of these letters have been provided to the State well in

advance -- back in April -- April 3, 2017 to be exact. And with regard to this, Your Honor, the material fact that is going to be proven with regard to these letters is that the letters are being signed by the very person that Mr. Mallik is whistle blowing on. The letter starts the day after the raid actually happens. And how he found out about it, I don't know. Because Mr. Mallik wasn't calling his employer, that person he's reporting to, and saying I just got raided by law enforcement for child pornography. So we don't know what happened there, Your Honor. The entire defense theory is that this person did have an ax to grind. This person did see an opportunity. This person decided to jump on that opportunity and suspend him as soon as it happened, before it was even public knowledge, Your Honor.

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It was not public news until November when the application for statement of charges was filed by Detective Snyder. So Your Honor, it is a material fact. These letters are indicative of its genuineness. It's letterhead. It is all dated. It is in the format in which we receive official letters. He will testify that it is the exact same copy that he received in terms of the original and that nothing has been altered as a result.

So under this rule, Your Honor, under the hearsay exception, it squarely fits into all of those prongs in which it satisfies all of the elements required for this to be

genuine and admissible.

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MS. KING: Your Honor, counsel is trying to get all these letters in under the residual hearsay exception which first off, the declarant has to be unavailable. If Ms. Choi wanted to enter these documents into evidence, she should have called that individual as a witness and had them admitted that way. So this is not an exceptional circumstance by any means. I believe that the case law again is established in Woods v. State that this is of an absolute last resort. I mean, it's not even more probative — the more probative testimony would be the defendant's own testimony that he filed this suit. These are extrinsic to that. The State maintains that this is absolutely just plain hearsay and does not fall into the exception of the residual hearsay.

THE COURT: I'm going to reserve on this. I've got to see how things play out, and then we can discuss it further during the trial.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. And those are the State's motions.

THE COURT: Ms. Choi?

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor,
Court's indulgence. I have a motion in limine. If I may
approach, Your Honor? I did provide a copy to the State. This
motion, Your Honor, concerns the data, e-mails and contents of
a Gmail account that is involved in the specific charges, some

of Detective Snyder's notes with regard to information, and all of the documents, texts and e-mails that may be pornographic -- not illegal -- but pornographic in nature related to prostitution and related to escort services.

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These documents, Your Honor, while they may be probative and have some value, it is substantially outweighed by the fact that there is danger of undue prejudice, confusion of the issues for misleading the jury. As such, pursuant to Maryland Rule 5-403, we're asking that Your Honor not allow these documents as well as the testimony with regard to these documents be allowed because if in fact Mr. Mallik was hacked, and the defense proves that, if the State continues with this line of questioning and the images and shows the jury non-illegal pornographic material, they absolutely can attribute that behavior to Mr. Mallik, despite the fact that we are —the defense has maintained that he has been hacked and that this information was put in his computer, and his account. And that's what the expert would testify to, that his accounts and his device was hacked into.

So with regard to the sensitive material, Your

Honor -- and when I say sensitive material, I'm talking about

actual e-mails and text messages to e-mails that say I want to

hire you for sex or I want to meet up with you -- so it's in

that nature, Your Honor. None of it actually happened. Nobody

can prove that it actually happened. But these are e-mails

that are just sitting around in Mr. Mallik's Gmail account, and 1 2. now the State would potentially be using that, confusing the jury, and having the jury decide well, if you have a propensity 3 4 to look for prostitutes and escort services, well, you have the 5 propensity to possess, to knowingly possess child pornography. 6 It's a gateway, Your Honor. And these images, although not 7 illegal, would absolutely be prejudicial to the defendant. And so as such, we want to limit that information and have the 9 State focus on exactly what their evidence is and not talk

THE COURT: I understand your argument with regard to 1F. But what about the A, B, C, D and E?

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, the A, B, C, and D, those are -- that's information that contains very sensitive, sexually related materials.

THE COURT: All of them?

about everything else that is in that account.

MS. CHOI: All of them. Actually, we were produced mountains of documents with regard to that. And so yes.

THE COURT: Ms. King?

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MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, I'll address Ms. Choi's motions individually. First, as to images that are — that she qualifies as child erotica or other images of children, that is absolutely relevant and more probative than prejudicial.

THE COURT: Okay, and that would be with regard to

which one of these --1 2. MS. KING: I am unclear as to --Your Honor, they're in both sets of the e-3 MS. CHOI: 4 mails that I received from the State. It would be B and C. 5 MS. KING: I think that's A, B and C. 6 MS. CHOI: A, B, and C. 7 THE COURT: Now, you're saying --8 MS. CHOI: They contain images of children. 9 MS. KING: Correct. So there are two sets of --10 THE COURT: These images? There are two sets of images, Your Honor. 11 MS. KING: 12 First is a set of images located on defendant's laptop where 13 the pornography is located. That is absolutely intrinsic and 14 That goes to a material fact of knowledge, of 15 intent, of absence of mistake. It goes to that he has a 16 motive, he has a prurient interest in children. It's 17 established in case law related to child pornography that it is 18 one and the same. This is one transaction. It's as if to

scene where evidence is found. You cannot confine the jury as to what else was located during a forensic examination. This is absolutely relevant and more probative than prejudicial.

And it's not eliciting — the nature of the case is child pornography, which of course is an uncomfortable topic. These images — I will represent a proffer to the Court that are not

limit, you would be limiting someone from describing a murder

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more inflammatory than the images of child pornography.

They're much less inflammatory. So they go into an essential fact, the fact that the defense is raising.

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So I believe that under 403, it is absolutely -- it should be admitted. As to the e-mails, there's images located in the emails where the defendant is communicating -- and we're not getting into the communication. And I'll proffer to the Court the State is not intending and will concede as to any e-mails relating to the prostitution. We agree that that's outside the scope of this trial and is not relevant. So we are not going to be trying to admit anything regarding prostitution. However, there are specific e-mails that were provided to the defensive images. Again, images of minor females. And again, that goes to the defendant's prurient interests to young females.

THE COURT: It's hard for me to interpret what that means. I mean, first of all, with regard to anything that would be characterized as pornographic but not child pornography, I would grant the defense motion.

MS. KING: Right, and the State is not --

THE COURT: But it's hard for me to interpret -- for instance, you're saying A, B and C are images of children?

MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. And I can show you the packet, Your Honor.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if I may, the defense is not

opposed pursuant to this motion that the State's witnesses can describe what it generally is. But to actually show the jury the contents of this --

MS. KING: Your Honor, this is the packet.

THE COURT: You can come on up.

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MS. CHOI: Your Honor, when I saw that, I was shocked. And I'm a defense attorney. And I was shocked. So I can't even imagine what a jury would feel if they saw these images.

MS. KING: Your Honor, this goes absolutely to -they weren't just eight random --

THE COURT: All right, let me ask a question. I'm looking at all of these images. And some of them, it may be difficult for me or a jury to determine whether or not a specific picture is a picture of a child. For instance, this one is difficult. Obviously this appears to be a child.

MS. KING: And Your Honor, if Your Honor wants to reserve, the State can -- when it's time to call the witness, I can lay the foundation.

MS. CHOI: I don't think that's enough, Your Honor.

I think that it is unfairly prejudicial, that it does violate

403. Just looking at a glance, if the detectives want to talk

about the substance of what they found, okay. I can't stop

them. However, just to have the jury look through all those

pages and then in the search warrant say that child molesters

have images of small children --

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MS. KING: We're not admitting anything in the search warrant --

MS. CHOI: But that was part of my stipulation is that I'm going to admit it, because they've already labeled him a child molester, Your Honor, in the search warrant, in the application for the search warrant. It said -- the detective who actually filed it said child molesters keep hoards of photos of young children. And so there's that prejudice, Your Honor. And coupled with all of these images in front of a jury where it's going to take you a good 20 - 30 minutes to go through all of these images, Your Honor. At this point, we would be okay with the detective describing what he found, but definitely not in front of a jury.

MS. KING: Your Honor, I think it is absolutely relevant and more probative than prejudicial. This goes as to the issues that the defense is raising as to intent, as to absence of mistake. It's both qualified under 403 and 404 B at this juncture. And there is data also included in this information that's integral to the State's case about accessing these images. And these are contained in the same folders as the child pornography, to prohibit the State from showing the jury where these images were located and what they were located with. It's analogous to a drug case where paraphernalia would be found along with the CDS and you wouldn't be allowed to talk

about the paraphernalia.

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MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if the photographs were all redacted, then fine. But in terms of the photographs being provided with the sub-folder path file, all of that, Your Honor, it does violate 403. We can't sit here and say that doesn't affect how you feel about the defendant. There's no reasonable person that would say well, that doesn't affect how I'm going to decide the evidence of the case. That's part of the evidence. That is unduly prejudicial to him.

MS. KING: Your Honor, I can provide the specific case law regarding child pornography cases where this is permitted.

MS. CHOI: And it's Your Honor's decision whether or not as a gateway to the evidence that the jury is going to have, is it going to confuse them? Is it going to be a waste of time? Is it going to be prejudicial against the defendant who is fighting for his life, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Why don't -- when we finish here, why don't you give my law clerk any cases you want the Court to look at. My initial reaction -- I mean, some of these pictures I would say they portray people that aren't necessarily -- who may be uncertain as to whether they are children. But there are many.

MS. KING: Correct, Your Honor, and that's the other reason is that this is called a folder of interest. This is a

part of their investigation where they flag not only images of children, but images that are consistently found in the defendant's e-mail, images that are found in the defendant's other computers. So it's not just that they're just images of children, period, but that there is corroborating evidence. So by suppressing this document, you're suppressing integral facts that go to possession.

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MS. CHOI: There's another way to get that information in, Your Honor, and that's through the detective's testimony that that's what he found, some images. It doesn't have to be those specific images, Your Honor. They are voluminous. And the State's position was, in fact --

THE COURT: Well, what I can see myself doing is saying pick out some pictures that are representative without putting them all in.

MS. KING: I would stipulate to that. Would you be okay with that?

MS. CHOI: I would be okay with that, Your Honor, if there are some photographs -- instead of the entire volume.

Because who knows what happened and how it got in there.

MS. KING: I would like the images to be representative of the packet, so it would include both the clothed and unclothed images of children.

MS. CHOI: Well, I can certainly sit with the State and figure out those images and then come to a conclusion so we

1 can move it along. 2. MS. KING: I think that's a fair conclusion. THE COURT: All right. 3 4 MS. CHOI: Thank you. 5 THE COURT: All right, for the record, I have reserved on that and asked counsel to provide any relevant case 6 7 law to my law clerk and also suggested that perhaps the State 8 and the defense agree on some photographs which are 9 representative but not the entire stack of pictures. 10 anything else we need to address? MS. KING: I'll defer to counsel. 11 12 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I think we've addressed the 13 documents that would involve any kind of pornography -- child 14 pornography, anything related to prostitution, anything related 1.5 to escort services -- if that's outside the scope, then we're 16 fine with that, with the Paragraph 1 F. 17 MS. KING: And Your Honor, if I could -- I just want 18 to make sure that we're talking about -- if I could have the 19 Court's indulgence? We might need to approach regarding the e-20 mails that counsel is referring to. What e-mails specifically 21 are you referring to? 22 MS. CHOI: So Your Honor --

MS. KING: Because I know the prostitution and

anything regarding prostitution the State will not be intending

25 to introduce during trial.

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MS. CHOI: Oh, okay. All right. That was mostly what the defense position was, that there are specific e-mails, who knows who sent it, assuming arguendo, which is what I put -- that would confuse a jury and would violate 403, Your Honor. And those e-mails were in his MAM.maryland@gmail.com account. There are e-mails with -- specifically on February 18, 2016 that was -- that stated the last message regarding "Indian Wife 1" is from commie@yahoo.com to MAM.maryland@gmail.com on December 18, 2016 stating "32C only when horny or aroused. She like the stuff." And that's kind of the flavor of the e-mails that we find would be in violation of 403.

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MS. KING: And we would not submit on that, Your Honor. There are e-mails regarding soliciting prostitutes and the State would submit that we would not introduce that into evidence. But as to that specific e-mail entitled "Indian Wife," we do believe that is more probative than prejudicial. The first eight counts of this case is child pornography being e-mailed from one of his e-mail addresses to his secondary e-mail address. What the detectives found was a pattern that when the defendant would like to e-mail himself -- there was a pattern of e-mails being sent from the defendant's one e-mail to another e-mail, and these are one of those e-mails. It was secretive in nature, that this was a pattern that he did, sending one of his e-mails to another one of his e-mails. The

defense is that he was hacked. The defense can put that on that this was not him. The State does believe that this is not prejudicial whatsoever.

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MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I will proffer something that maybe the State doesn't know. I did contact these individuals.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, you contacted --

MS. CHOI: I did contact these individuals from his e-mail accounts. And I spoke to them. They were actually very nice. They're adults. And they spoke to him — they had no idea who he was. No idea who he was, his name, his call name, his alias, none of it. And I actually have phone numbers. I'm going to cross-examine Detective Snyder on whether or not he followed up with these individuals. It was so easy for me to find them. And Your Honor, these kinds of e-mails, they do violate 403. When the reasonable person on a jury is going to hear this information and look at this South Asian man, they're going to say, hmm, just maybe he has that propensity. They might confuse the issues involved. And that's what 403 allows us to do, to make sure that the jury isn't confused.

MS. KING: And Your Honor, as Ms. Choi just stated, it goes to the weight of the evidence and let the jury decide. She can cross-examine and say that this wasn't him, you know? That this is -- this goes to access and control of that e-mail.

THE COURT: Am I correct, we're talking about one specific e-mail?

MS. KING: That's the one that she's contesting.

MS. CHOI: Right. There are e-mails -- the texts that comes to this man at Gmail.com, so text- messages that come to this e-mail address. And so I contacted these individuals and asked them, do you know this person?

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THE COURT: But the one e-mail that you quoted, is that the only one that you're contesting?

MS. CHOI: No, there are several e-mails, Your Honor. There's quite a bit, actually. There are several e-mails that I believe would be --

MS. KING: I think it would be cleaner, Your Honor, if we did this during trial, just because she doesn't know which e-mails I'm trying to admit, and I don't know which e-mails that she's referring to that -- you know, this is an entire e-mail account. It would probably be better to reserve on this.

MS. CHOI: It's hundreds of pages, so yes. I picked out the ones that I believe violate 403, but there are related-like e-mails in this e-mail account where the printout will be provided to the jury. They will get a chance to thumb through hundreds of pages of e-mails --

MS. KING: And the State is not entering hundreds of e-mails. The State will only be entering e-mails that are relevant to this case that show a pattern of the defendant e-mailing himself or the defendant or e-mails containing images

of children. That's it.

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THE COURT: How many do you plan on introducing?

MS. KING: I'd proffer to the Court maybe ten.

THE COURT: All right, I think we can address those individually. Now, you've got a motion, Ms. Choi, regarding the State's expert?

MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. With regard to the State's expert -- Court's indulgence. It is at the end of the motion that I filed, Your Honor. Essentially, the State disclosed Special Agent Dickson as a rebuttal expert witness on May 24, 2017. She did tell me -- gave me a heads up prior to -- that he would most likely testify if our expert, Mark Johnson, were to testify. So Your Honor, it's been more than one month when I actually found the identity of who that rebuttal expert was -- the information that we received from Mr. Dickson are literally 1600 pages of some kind of analysis gibberish, without any kind of curriculum vitae or any kind of a report basically stating what it is that he did.

I have no idea what kind of examination he did. I have no idea what his qualifications are. I have no idea with regard to the final analysis and the conclusion, because nothing was provided. Now, I would say, Your Honor, that in this particular case, we understand that it's a rebuttal witness. However, because it is an expert, Maryland Rule 4-263D still applies. They have an obligation to provide us all

of the written reports and the grounds for which they provide their opinions and just the way the State demanded it from the defense, I need to have that ability as well.

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But to just bring in 1,600 pages potentially of gibberish that no one is going to understand except for the expert himself, and not have this expert, the defense expert have an opportunity to even look through all of that, he got 1,600 pages within the last three days.

Your Honor, it's just going to be unfair surprise.

It is not — it violates the defendant's right to notice, Your

Honor. And as a result, it's going to confuse the jury. It's

not going to help them understand one way or the other what

that gibberish all means. Because there's no report to back it

up, Your Honor.

MS. KING: And Your Honor, it's a rebuttal witness. We're not even required to give her notification. I gave her notification out of a courtesy. And as we stated in chambers, Your Honor, the defense stated when we requested our postponement that one, we would be obtaining rebuttal witness in response to their expert that we were just disclosed. We requested a postponement to give them the time and the opportunity to find out the findings of our expert. They oppose that. And now they're going to try to exclude our rebuttal expert. I mean, it's highly prejudicial to the State.

The State has an opportunity to recall any witness in

rebuttal to their expert. There is no written opinion because an expert has the opportunity to sit in court and listen to what their expert is going to testify to.

We provided his analysis and citing from the defense --

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THE COURT: That's the 1600 pages of gibberish?

MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor, it was an analysis that was computer generated that the State -- Ms. Choi stated actually when we were arguing about the qualification of her experts that that expert had the opportunity and did review that. So I would argue that he has the opportunity and the same amount of time that our expert had. And I even told Ms. Choi that this expert was away on --

THE COURT: Well, let me ask you a question. The 1600 pages, is this something --

MS. KING: No, that's not going to be admitted to the jury. It's --

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if I may? There is case law, and it's very clear. And that's what is written in my motion is that the disclosure requirements that apply to expert testimony to be used in case in chief should also apply to that to be used in rebuttal. And that is Dorsey v. Noyd (phonetic sp.). It provides very specifically that neither Rule 2-402-A, Rule 2-504-B, nor the scheduling order distinguish between expert testimony to be presented in the party's case in chief

and expert testimony to be used in rebuttal.

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So Your Honor, in this particular situation, the expert rules do apply. There's got to be more notice. And in fact, the defense expert provided their written statement and they had over a month. We got the analysis literally over the weekend on a Memorial Day holiday weekend.

MS. KING: And Your Honor, the case that Ms. Choi cites is entirely distinguishable from this case. In that case, the expert rebuttal expert witness was the same expert witness in the State's case in chief. It was providing new, different opinions. That's entirely different from this case. And the State would refer to Huey v. State, 311 Md. 473 where the Court held that a rebuttal witness — the only requirement for the State is to provide any reports that were relied on by the rebuttal, that even in that case, the State didn't have to provide who their witness was.

MS. CHOI: I think I'm getting confused. I thought that the rebuttal witness was going to be Special Agent Michael Dickson?

MS. KING: That's correct. And I'm saying out of courtesy, we told you who it was. The State didn't even need to provide who it was. So we're in full compliance of the rule is what the State is arguing.

MS. CHOI: Not so, because the case law says differently. The case law says that when there's a rebuttal

expert, that person has to be disclosed. Whatever information 1 2. he's going to use has to be provided. And not within the 11th hour, Your Honor. I understand Ms. King did provide me the 3 4 courtesy of letting me know that there's going to be a rebuttal 5 expert. I didn't get that information until the 11th hour, Your Honor. 6 7 I forwarded it to my defense expert --THE COURT: Of course this is all assuming that the 8 9 State is able to qualify Agent Dickson as an expert. 10 MS. CHOI: I'm going to assume that, Your Honor. 11 They wouldn't use -- the State is not going to use --12 THE COURT: All right, I'm going to reserve on that. 13 MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor. And I think that 14 would conclude the defense's request for motion in limine, Your 15 Honor. 16 THE COURT: Would you get those cases they cited on 17 the rebuttal expert? 18 THE CLERK: Yes. 19 THE COURT: Okay. All right, very well. We are 20 scheduled to begin at 1:00 with jury selection. Do we know how 21 many people we're bringing in? 22 MS. KING: No, Your Honor, I don't know what the 2.3 panels --24 THE COURT: Do we have a jury list? 25 THE CLERK: We do not have a jury list but she said

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that the jury would be available to bring up before 1:00 if you
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   wanted to start before 1:00.
              THE COURT: What time is it now?
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              THE CLERK: 11:00.
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              THE COURT: 11:00?
              MS. KING: If Your Honor wanted to pick a jury before
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   then, I'm able to, if I could just take a brief recess.
                                                              Thirty
   minutes?
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              THE COURT: You want to take a recess and then begin
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   picking the jury?
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              MS. KING: Yes.
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              THE COURT: Why don't we schedule -- let's leave it
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   at 1:00.
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              MS. KING: Okay, thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: We'll do it at 1:00. We'll start it.
   All right, counsel, thank you for your arguments. They have
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   been elucidating. Of course, I have to confess that it would
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   be impossible I'm sure to find a judge to hear this case who is
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   less computer literate than I am. So don't assume anything.
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              MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              (Discussion off the record.)
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              THE BAILIFF: All rise.
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              (Recess)
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              THE BAILIFF: All rise.
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1 THE COURT: Good afternoon. Be seated, please. 2. MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Joyce King on behalf of the State. And just for the record, this is State of 3 4 Maryland versus Abe Mallik, 059271. 5 MS. CHOI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. For the 6 record, Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Mallik, who is standing to my 7 left. 8 THE COURT: Good afternoon. For the record, I'm 9 going to deny the motion to exclude the State's expert witness. 10 Thank you, Your Honor. MS. KING: 11 THE COURT: All right, now let's proceed. Now, the 12 pool, the panel, are they there? 13 THE CLERK: I believe they're waiting for us. 14 THE COURT: Let's bring them in. 1.5 (The prospective jurors entered the courtroom.) 16 THE COURT: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. 17 name is Michael M. Galloway. I am the judge who is presiding 18 over this case. This is State of Maryland versus Abe Mallik. 19 And you are called in today to serve as prospective jurors. 20 Some of you will be selected. Not everyone. This is 21 anticipated to be a three day trial, so we'll pick a couple of 22 alternates. In addition to the 12 jurors that we're required 2.3 to pick. The alternates would step into the role of a juror if 24 a juror could not complete the trial for some reason.

So we'll have I guess a total of 14 people from the

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60 or so who are here today who will ultimately serve on this jury. Now, you're performing a function today which in my view is one of the most important functions — not only in our legal system, but also its in my view one of the most important functions that you can perform as a part of our democratic system of government. Most of you know this, but I'll say it anyway. There are a lot of places on this earth where when someone is accused of something, they don't get a trial. Somebody just comes and carts them off and many times no one ever sees them again.

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Then there are places where they get a trial, but it's a sham trial. The State has all of the power and the judges are not necessarily impartial. And then there are those places where -- like this country -- where you actually get a trial before either an impartial, unbiased judge, or before 12 people selected randomly from the community, a jury of your peers, and you get to have those 12 people hear the evidence in the case, bring all of their prior experiences and common sense to the case, and decide the case. And we do this not only in criminal trials, but civil trials as well.

Now, I think we can all envision a situation where maybe we might be in court, might have a case of one kind, could be civil, could be criminal, but we can all envision wanting to have 12 people from the community rather than one person such as myself decide the case. So I look upon this and

I think, you know, we're lucky. We're very lucky. Because we live in a country where first of all, in a criminal case, you're presumed innocent. Secondly, you get a jury before your peers and their verdict has to be unanimous. Twelve people have to agree on the verdict, either guilty or not guilty. And the State has a pretty heavy burden -- proof beyond a reasonable doubt. So I for one am glad I live in this country. It's one of the reasons that I am proud to be an American, because jury trials serve a very important function in our justice system.

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Now ladies and gentlemen, we're going to, as I said, pick 12 people plus two alternates. And the way we do that, we go through a process called voir dire. And voir dire is a process where you're asked to respond to questions. And if you have anything to say in response to a certain question, what you should do is stand up, repeat your juror number — don't tell us your name, just your juror number, and give your response.

Now, if it's something that you don't want everyone to hear, that you consider to be of a personal nature, you can indicate that and you can come up to the bench with counsel and the defendant and the clerk and give us your response. And we have a device -- a wind machine, a cloaking device so that the only people who will hear your answer are myself, the clerk, the attorneys, the defendant, and then those people who are

located somewhere else in the building who are tasked with the responsibility to record these proceedings.

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So if you feel that this isn't something you want to say in front of everyone, indicate that and you can come up here and we'll take your answer up here.

Now, ultimately, there are reasons that people are excluded from the jury. One is one of the attorneys exercises what we call a peremptory challenge. All right? peremptory challenge is one where they don't have to give a reason. They can say I want to excuse juror number whatever, and nobody asks them why. Because they don't have to tell you It may be they look at you and say that person just looks like somebody who wouldn't be favorable to my side of the case. They don't know much about you. The only thing that we have on our list is your name, your level of education, the town that you reside in, your occupation, and the occupation of your spouse. So that's all they knew about you. And they may see something there. They may say, well, because of this person's age or level of education or something else -- or maybe you're married to a police officer. Maybe they'd look at that and say I want to excuse that person.

Another reason you could be excused is for cause.

And that's based upon what you say in response to these questions. All right, we all have biases. We all have prejudices. What is very important here, very crucial, is that

```
1
   if you have some prior experience which causes you to have some
2.
   bias of some kind, it's important that you let us know that.
   All right? I have prejudices and biases. We all do.
 3
 4
    influenced by different things in our environment, things that
 5
   happen to us during the course of our lives. So nobody is
 6
   immune from that. All right?
7
             And the final reason for you not being chosen would
   be we get 12 people before we reach you. So those are the
 9
   three reasons why you may not be picked -- peremptory
10
   challenge, challenge for cause, and just by mere chance.
                                                              All
11
   right?
12
             Madam Clerk, would you call the roll? When your
13
   number is called, please stand, repeat your number in a loud
14
   clear voice, and then you can sit down. Madam Clerk?
1.5
              THE CLERK: Number one?
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: Juror No. 1.
              THE CLERK: Number 2?
17
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 2: Juror No. 2.
19
              THE CLERK: Number 3?
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 3: Juror No. 3.
21
              THE CLERK: Number 4?
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: Juror No. 4.
2.3
              THE CLERK: Number 5?
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 5: Juror No. 5.
25
              THE CLERK: Number 6?
```

1	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 6: Ju	ror No. 6.
2	THE CLERK:	Number 7?	
3	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 7: Ju	ror No. 7.
4	THE CLERK:	Number 8?	
5	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 8: Ju	ror No. 8.
6	THE CLERK:	Number 9?	
7	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 9: Ju	ıror No. 9.
8	THE CLERK:	Number 10?	
9	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 10: 3	Juror No. 10.
10	THE CLERK:	Number 11?	
11	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 11: 3	Juror No. 11.
12	THE CLERK:	Number 12?	
13	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 12: 3	Juror No. 12.
14	THE CLERK:	Number 13?	
15	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 13: 3	Juror No. 13.
16	THE CLERK:	Number 14?	
17	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 14: 3	Juror No. 14.
18	THE CLERK:	Number 15?	
19	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 15: 3	Juror No. 15.
20	THE CLERK:	Number 16?	
21	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 16: 3	Juror No. 16.
22	THE CLERK:	Number 17?	
23	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 17:	Juror No. 17.
24	THE CLERK:	Number 18?	
25	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 18: 3	Juror No. 18.

1	THE CLERK:	Number 19?
2	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 19: Juror No. 19.
3	THE CLERK:	Number 20?
4	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 20: Juror No. 20.
5	THE CLERK:	Number 21?
6	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 21: Juror No. 21.
7	THE CLERK:	Number 22?
8	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 22: Juror No. 22.
9	THE CLERK:	Number 23?
10	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 23: Juror 23.
11	THE CLERK:	Number 24?
12	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 24: Juror 24.
13	THE CLERK:	Number 25?
14	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 25: Juror No. 25.
15	THE CLERK:	Number 26?
16	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 26: Juror No. 26.
17	THE CLERK:	Number 27?
18	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 27: Juror No. 27.
19	THE CLERK:	Number 28?
20	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 28: Juror No. 28.
21	THE CLERK:	Number 29?
22	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 29: Juror No. 29.
23	THE CLERK:	Number 30?
24	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 30: Juror No. 30.
25	THE CLERK:	Number 31?

1	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 31:	Juror No. 31.
2	THE CLERK:	Number 32?	
3	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 32:	Juror No. 32.
4	THE CLERK:	Number 33?	
5	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 33:	Juror No. 33.
6	THE CLERK:	Number 34?	
7	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 34:	Juror No. 34.
8	THE CLERK:	Number 35?	
9	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 35:	Juror No. 35.
10	THE CLERK:	Number 36?	
11	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 36:	Juror 36.
12	THE CLERK:	Number 37?	
13	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 37:	Juror No. 37.
14	THE CLERK:	Number 38?	
15	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 38:	Juror No. 38.
16	THE CLERK:	Number 39?	
17	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 39:	Juror No. 39.
18	THE CLERK:	Number 40?	
19	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 40:	Juror No. 40.
20	THE CLERK:	Number 41?	
21	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 41:	Juror No. 41.
22	THE CLERK:	Number 42?	
23	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 42:	Juror No. 42.
24	THE CLERK:	Number 43?	
25	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 43:	Juror No. 43.

1	THE CLERK:	Number 44?
2	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 44: Juror No. 44.
3	THE CLERK:	Number 45?
4	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 45: Juror No. 45.
5	THE CLERK:	Number 46?
6	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 46: Juror No. 46.
7	THE CLERK:	Number 47?
8	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 47: Juror No. 47.
9	THE CLERK:	Number 48?
10	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 48: Juror No. 48.
11	THE CLERK:	Number 49?
12	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 49: Juror No. 49.
13	THE CLERK:	Number 50?
14	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 50: Juror No. 50.
15	THE CLERK:	Number 51?
16	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 51: Juror No. 51.
17	THE CLERK:	Number 52?
18	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 52: Juror No. 52.
19	THE CLERK:	Number 53?
20	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 53: Juror No. 53.
21	THE CLERK:	Number 54?
22	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 54: Juror 54.
23	THE CLERK:	Number 55?
24	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR NO. 55: Juror No. 55.
25	THE CLERK:	Number 56?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: Juror 56.

2 THE CLERK: Number 57?

3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: Juror No. 57.

THE CLERK: Number 58?

THE CLERK: Number 59?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 59: Juror No. 59.

THE CLERK: Number 60?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 60: Juror No. 60.

THE COURT: Is there anyone present whose number I did

11 | not call?

4

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

(No response.)

JURY SELECTION

attendance. And that's important. I come from a county which adjoins Frederick County, Carroll County, and we have the same situation where people receive a notice and they appear. But there are places in this state where that's not the case. So if they want to have a pool of say -- like we have today here 60, rather than just sending out maybe a notice for -- notices for 80 people, with the idea that somebody won't respond or show up or whatever, they have to send out a couple of hundred notices, because they know they're going to have a high rate of absenteeism. You're to be commended and we appreciate you being here today. I know you all have very busy lives, you

have full plates, you have commitments, personal, professional, 1 2. work related, and this is no small imposition. And be assured that we appreciate your service. 3 4 Now, Madam Clerk, if you would swear the jurors in? 5 THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the prospective 6 jury, please stand and raise your right hand. Do each of you 7 solemnly declare and affirm under the penalties of perjury that 8 you shall truthfully answer all the questions that the Court 9 shall demand of you? If so, please respond I do. 10 PROSPECTIVE JURORS: I do. 11 THE CLERK: Thank you. You may be seated. 12 THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, I'll start out with 13 an easy one. Anybody here who is not at least 18 years of age? 14 (No response.) 1.5 Anyone who is not a citizen of this country? 16 (No response.) 17 Anyone not a resident of Frederick County? 18 (No response.) 19 Anyone ever convicted of a felony or a crime where 20 the maximum penalty was six months or more than six months? 21 (No response.) 22 It looks like you're all well behaved. All right, 2.3 ladies and gentlemen, let's begin with voir dire questions and 24 these questions are generated by both the State and the 25 defense. They're very similar and again, these questions are

1	not for the purpose of prying into your personal affairs, but
2	only for the purpose of obtaining an impartial jury who can
3	listen to the evidence in this case and base their decision
4	solely upon the evidence, the testimony which they see and hear
5	in this courtroom.
6	The defendant in this case is Abe Mallik. Does any
7	member of the prospective jury know the defendant?
8	(No response.)
9	You can sit down. Thank you. Number two, counsel
10	for the defendant is Sun E. Choi, Esquire, of DC Metro Law,
11	LLC. Anyone know Ms. Choi or her firm?
12	(No response.)
13	Anyone ever been represented by Ms. Choi or her firm?
14	(No response.)
15	The State is represented by Assistant State's
16	Attorney Joyce R. King. Any member of the panel know Ms. King
17	in any capacity?
18	(No response.)
19	There are three possible defense witnesses who may be
20	called. The defendant, Mark Johnson anyone know Mark
21	Johnson? I see a hand being raised.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I know a man named Mark Johnson,
23	but I don't know if it's the same.
24	THE COURT: You know a man named Mark Johnson?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

```
1
              THE COURT: The Mark Johnson in this case, counsel,
2.
   is --
              MS. CHOI: He is an African-American information
 3
 4
   technology specialist --
 5
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not that Mark Johnson.
 6
              MS. CHOI: Okay.
 7
              THE COURT: Okay, no one knows Mr. Johnson?
 8
              (No response.)
 9
              And then Nikita Mallik? 14 year old minor.
10
              (No response.)
11
              Now, other witnesses who may testify in this case,
12
   John Sheehan?
13
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do know John Sheehan.
14
              MS. KING: And Your Honor, we have stipulated to that
15
   witness. We won't be calling him.
16
              THE COURT: All right. That witness will not be
17
   called. All right. Cpl. Daniel Romeril?
18
              (No response.)
19
              Deputy First Class Gary Mariati (phonetic sp.)?
20
              (No response.)
21
              Detective William Elrod?
22
              (No response.)
              Steve Gibson?
2.3
24
              (No response.)
25
              Detective Jason Snyder?
```

```
1
              (No response.)
 2.
              Michael Dickson, D-I-C-K-S-O-N?
 3
              (No response.)
 4
              Does anyone know anything about this case? The
 5
   charge has to do with possession of child pornography. Anyone
 6
   know anything about this case from any source?
7
              (No response.)
              Is there any member of the panel or your immediate
 8
   family who has been the victim of a crime?
 9
10
              (No response.)
              Any member of the panel or your family ever been
11
12
   involved in a similar legal proceeding either as a party,
13
   witness, or a juror?
14
              MS. KING: Your Honor, with regard to the prior
15
   question --
16
              THE COURT: That was the question, ever been a
17
   victim?
18
              (Bench conference follows:)
19
              THE COURT: All right, your juror number?
20
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11:
                                         11.
21
              THE COURT:
                         11?
22
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: My daughter was a victim
2.3
   of sexual assault when she was a child.
24
              THE COURT: Okay, and how long ago was that?
25
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: She's 25 now. It happened
```

```
when she was 13.
1
 2.
              THE COURT: All right.
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: And he was charged here
 3
 4
   and he had to get on the sex offender's list.
 5
              THE COURT:
                         I'm sorry, what?
 6
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: He was put on the sex
7
   offender's list.
              THE COURT:
 8
                         Okay.
 9
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: He pleaded out.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. Given that, could you be fair and
11
    impartial in this case if you were picked to the jury?
12
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: I'm not sure, because I
13
   don't know what the case is. I know that I'm very -- you know,
14
   having a child that went through that -- I don't know what this
15
   case is, but I'm not sure I could be. That's up to you guys.
   I want to be fair.
16
17
              THE COURT: Okay. Juror No. 11 --
18
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11: Sit back down?
19
              THE COURT: Yes.
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 11:
                                         Okay.
21
              (Bench conference concluded.)
22
              THE COURT: Juror No. 14?
2.3
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14:
                                         14.
24
              THE COURT: 14? Do you want to give your answer up
25
   here?
```

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Yes.	
2	THE COURT: Okay.	
3	(Bench conference follows:)	
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: So your question was	
5	whether I know someone in my family that had been a victim of	
6	sexual crime, right?	
7	THE COURT: Been a victim of crime.	
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Okay. Yes. I mean, my	
9	I believe there was someone in my family that was she didn't	
10	report it to me, but was physically touched inappropriately	
11	when she was younger.	
12	THE COURT: Someone in the family?	
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Uh-huh, that was touched	
14	inappropriately when she was younger.	
15	THE COURT: What's your relationship to this person?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Sister.	
17	THE COURT: Sister? Okay. And how long ago was	
18	this?	
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Oh, 30 years ago.	
20	THE COURT: Do you think	
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: I mean, I heard things and	
22	I was, you know, trying to open the door on things. It was	
23	never reported.	
24	THE COURT: Can you be fair and impartial in this	
25	case?	

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: I'm not sure. 1 2. THE COURT: Okay, thank you. You can take your seat. (Bench conference concluded.) 3 4 THE COURT: If there's anybody else who plans on 5 responding, just stand here between the tables so counsel doesn't have to keep going back and forth. 6 7 (Bench conference follows:) THE COURT: Juror number? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: 4. 10 THE COURT: Okay, what would you like to tell us? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: This is just so 12 embarrassing because there's so many people here. When I was 13 young, I was molested by somebody who subsequently -- because I never told. And I subsequently -- he was caught on subsequent 14 15 occasions and went to prison for a while. 16 THE COURT: Good. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: And so I just wasn't sure 18 if I should say anything. 19 THE COURT: Well, sure. Sure. And that's why we bring you up here, so you can do it in private. Now, ma'am, 20 21 given that, would you be able to hear this case and be fair and 22 impartial? 2.3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: I believe I would. 24 believe I would. I just -- you know, it is something that 25 happened in my life and I think I would be.

1	THE COURT: All right, thank you. You can be seated.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: 58.
3	THE COURT: Juror No. 58. And what would you like to
4	tell us?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: It was the question if
6	I've been a victim of a crime?
7	THE COURT: Yes.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: I was attacked by someone
9	high on PCP. So I had to press assault charges. I don't know
10	if that counted.
11	THE COURT: Yes. Victim of any crime. Now, based on
12	that, would that allow you to be fair and impartial in this
13	case if you're picked for a jury?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: Yes, those are totally
15	different circumstances.
16	THE COURT: Okay, thank you.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: Thank you.
18	THE COURT: This is Juror No. 1?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: Yes. Hello. My husband's
20	daughter, my stepdaughter, was molested. So I don't know if
21	THE COURT: How long ago was that?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: You know, I don't know
23	exactly. It's been a few years.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Would that give you a problem with
25	being fair and impartial if you're picked to the jury in this

case? 2. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: I don't think so. I just didn't know if I should come up. Okay, thanks. 3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 23: Juror No. 23. 5 THE COURT: 23? What would you like to tell us? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 23: I'd like to tell you about 6 7 my wife. She was the victim of sexual abuse and it caused us much pain and suffering and financial stress and emotional 9 stress for many years. 10 THE COURT: And given that history, could you be fair 11 and impartial in this case? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 23: I'm biased. 13 THE COURT: All right, what I'm going to do is I'm 14 going to strike you. Now just have a seat. You don't have to 15 respond to any more questions. Just wait until we excuse 16 everyone. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 23: Thank you, sir. THE COURT: Just stay seated. 18 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 23: Will do. Thank you. 20 THE COURT: Juror number? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: 42. 22 THE COURT: 42? And what would you like to tell us, 2.3 sir? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: Well, I was molested as a 25 child by a neighbor. He was never charged. And my parents --

1

I didn't even know what to say. I didn't tell them until I was 1 2. about 20. So there was no charge. I just knew that the guy's name was Terry and I did see him -- it happened in '77 and I 3 4 saw him in '83. And that's the first thing I thought of. 5 THE COURT: Do you think you could be fair and 6 impartial in this case? You do? Okay. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: Yes, I do. THE COURT: Okay. 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: I kind of just put it out 10 of my mind. I didn't even think about it until I was sitting 11 there and I was like, I should say something. 12 THE COURT: Well, it's natural that your mind tries 13 to forget those things. Thank you, sir. 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: You're welcome. 1.5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Juror No. 30. You did say if you were the victim of a crime, correct? 16 17 THE COURT: Huh? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: You did say if you were 19 the victim of a crime? 20 THE COURT: Yes. Juror No. 30? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Yes. I was robbed at 22 gunpoint. It was a long, long time ago, but --2.3 THE COURT: Where did that happen? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: In Suitland, Maryland.

25

had a business. Yeah.

1		THE COURT: And do you think you could be fair and
2	impartial	in this case?
3		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Yes.
4		THE COURT: All right, thank you.
5		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Okay.
6		THE COURT: Juror number?
7		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 32: 32.
8		THE COURT: 32?
9		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 32: Yes. I have an uncle that
10	was convic	cted of something related to a minor. Convicted of
11	sexual ass	sault on a minor.
12		THE COURT: Do you think you could be fair and
13	impartial	in this case?
14		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 32: Probably not.
15		THE COURT: All right, what I'm going to do is strike
16	you. But	have a seat.
17		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 32: All right.
18		THE COURT: You don't have to answer any more
19	questions.	
20		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 32: All right.
21		THE COURT: But wait to leave until I excuse
22	everyone.	Okay?
23		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 32: All right.
24		THE COURT: Thank you. Anyone else?
25		(Bench conference concluded.)

1	THE COURT: Anyone on our panel who has previously
2	been qualified as an expert in a lawsuit? Juror Number?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: 11. 8. Pardon me.
4	THE COURT: And in what field?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Disaster restoration.
6	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Disaster restoration. I'm
8	currently involved in trial.
9	THE COURT: Do you think you can be fair and
10	impartial in this case?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: No.
12	THE COURT: Because of that or something else?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Because of something else.
14	(Bench conference follows:)
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: My daughter is currently
16	undergoing counseling for being abused sexually, sexually
17	abused by her father.
18	THE COURT: Okay, and you don't think you can be fair
19	and impartial?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Not if there's a minor or a
21	child involved.
22	THE COURT: Well, I should say this to you, just by
23	way of clarification. The defendant is not charged with
24	abusing anyone. But what he is charged with is being in
25	possession of child pornography. So this is not really an

1 abuse case, but somewhat related. 2. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Yes. I think that in a way, that's a gateway. 3 THE COURT: Your number? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Number 8. 5 THE COURT: All right, I'm going to strike you, but 6 7 remain in the courtroom. Just have a seat. Don't leave until 8 I excuse everyone. But you don't have to answer any more 9 questions. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 8: Okay, thank you. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 (Bench conference concluded.) 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: You had asked a question 14 earlier about people with experience in this type of case, and 15 I wasn't sure if --16 THE COURT: Yes, that question was --17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: Because you had asked one 18 and then people started coming up, and then you asked the other 19 one. 20 THE COURT: This has to do with whether any member of 21 the panel or your immediate family has ever been involved in a 22 similar legal proceeding, either as a party witness or juror. 2.3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: Law enforcement not 24 included? 25 THE COURT: Law enforcement is always included.

1	(Bench conference follows:)
2	THE COURT: Number?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: 15.
4	THE COURT: All right, what would you like to tell
5	us, sir?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I'm a retired Fairfax
7	County sergeant. And I have worked on child abuse, sexual
8	crimes, rape all of them.
9	THE COURT: Now, would any of that give you a problem
10	in being fair and impartial in this case?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: It's my least favorite
12	crime, but I can still be impartial.
13	THE COURT: Well, that's not unusual. But the issue
14	is whether or not and some people, when they hear what the
15	charge is, they say no way I can be fair and impartial.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I've had to my whole
17	career, so I can do it.
18	THE COURT: You think you can be fair and impartial?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: Yes, sir.
20	THE COURT: Let me ask you one other question while I
21	have you here. Given that you're a member of law enforcement,
22	would you be inclined to give more or less weight to the
23	testimony of a police officer merely because that officer is a
24	police officer as opposed to other civilian witnesses?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: No.

1	THE COURT: All right. Very good.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I do have one more thing
3	to ask you, though. My son graduates on Friday will we be
4	done by Friday?
5	MS. CHOI: Oh, I hope.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I hope so, too.
7	THE COURT: Where does he go to school?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: St. John.
9	THE COURT: And he's graduating, and what are his
10	plans after graduation?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: Well, he's coming out of
12	8th grade. He's leaving St. John's School and then he's going
13	to Linganore. And so
14	THE COURT: He's going to be a Lancer?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: That's right. He wants to
16	play lacrosse for them.
17	THE COURT: Very good. Very good. If he's really
18	good, tell him to go to Maryland.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: He's good. Thank you,
20	sir.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: Yes, sir, I'm retired
22	Federal Bureau of Investigation. I was director of
23	administration for their Office of Professional Responsibility,
24	their Internal Affairs function. We did have at least one case
25	of allegations of child pornography while I was there.

1	THE COURT: Do you think that would prevent you from
2	being fair and impartial if you're picked to serve on this
3	jury?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: I don't believe it would,
5	no.
6	THE COURT: All right. You know Mr. Cohn?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: I don't. He came in after
8	I retired. I worked under Louie Free and Bob Muller.
9	THE COURT: He's got a great job.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: He does have a great job
11	now. I'd like to be working for him.
12	THE COURT: Yes, I'd like to be a fly on the wall.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: Bob Muller was my boss for
14	about eight months, but he came in a month before 911. So
15	and he handled himself admirably while he was there.
16	THE COURT: He has a great reputation.
17	MS. CHOI: I'm sorry, what was the answer if she
18	could be fair and impartial?
19	THE COURT: She says she can be fair and impartial.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: I believe I can be fair
21	and impartial.
22	MS. CHOI: Okay.
23	THE COURT: I'm sorry, that's No. 34?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: Yes, sir.
) 5 l	TUE COUDT. Thank wou

1	(Bench conference concluded.)
2	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am?
3	(Bench conference follows:)
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 35: Juror No. 35. I have a
5	brother in law who is a cop.
6	THE COURT: A brother in law?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 35: Yes.
8	THE COURT: Do you think that would give you a
9	problem in being fair and impartial in this case if you were
10	picked to the jury?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 35: Yes, I do think so. Yes.
12	THE COURT: All right, ma'am. I'm going to strike
13	you, but I want you to have a seat in the courtroom. You don't
14	have to answer any more questions.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 35: Okay. I didn't know if I
16	was supposed to get up on that or not, but I thought everybody
17	else is getting up when you said relative to law enforcement.
18	I thought I'd better stand.
19	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 35: Thank you.
21	THE COURT: Anyone else?
22	(No response.)
23	(Bench conference concluded.)
24	THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, knowing only what
25	I've told you about the subject matter of this case, is there

any member of the panel who has any particular bias which would 1 2. keep you from being fair and impartial based upon these charges? 3 4 (Bench conference follows:) Juror No. 41? 5 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: 41. I don't know if this 6 7 has anything to do with anything, but I worked with a guy for 8 10 years that was convicted for child pornography. And he's 9 been sentenced to federal prison. So I don't know -- and that 10 was a close worker with me for ten years. I don't know if that 11 has anything to do with anything, but I just thought I'd --12 THE COURT: Well, I guess -- yes, it does. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: And me being in the IT 14 field. THE COURT: What the question really tries to get to 15 is because of this charge, do you still think you can be fair 16 17 and impartial and decide the case solely upon the evidence if 18 you're picked to the jury. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: Yes, probably -- I think 20 so. 21 THE COURT: Okay, good. Thank you. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: Sure. 2.3 MS. CHOI: He was 41? 24 MS. KING: 41. 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 6: No. 6, Your Honor.

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1
              THE COURT: No. 6? And what would you like to tell
2.
   us?
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 6: When I was younger, I had
 3
 4
   an older brother, and he played doctor with me without my
 5
   consent and like -- I was so young and I didn't even know what
   it was and that's about it. I'm just --
 6
7
              THE COURT: I'm not sure I'm following you.
 8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 6: When I was younger --
 9
             MS. KING: She was abused, sexually abused by her
10
   brother.
11
             THE COURT: By your brother?
12
             MS. CHOI: At least molested.
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 6: Yes, I was inappropriately
14
   touched and I was so young.
              THE COURT: Well, given that, do you think you could
1.5
   sit on a jury in this case and be fair and impartial in this
16
17
   case?
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 6: I don't think I can, Your
19
   Honor.
20
              THE COURT: That's Juror No. 6? Okay, what I'm going
   to do is strike you. You don't have to answer any more
21
22
   questions, but just remain seated until I excuse everyone.
23
   Okay?
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 6: Thank you so much, Your
25
   Honor.
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1	THE COURT: You're welcome. Juror number?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: 33.
3	THE COURT: 33? What would you like to tell us?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: Well, whether you pick me
5	or not I don't care, but I do want you to be aware that my
6	fiancé is a cop and we have talked about these situations
7	before that he's dealt with victims. I don't know if I can
8	truthfully be unbiased towards this situation, but I just
9	wanted you to be aware of that.
10	THE COURT: You're not sure?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: And I have a child.
12	THE COURT: Sure.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: I mean, I'm not trying to
14	be mean.
15	THE COURT: No, no, this is designed to get it all
16	out so that we can hopefully pick a jury of people who are able
17	to be unbiased, be fair, be impartial. So we want you to be
18	completely honest.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: Okay, well, that is my
20	honest opinion. I felt like when I heard it, I have a child
21	and it was just like I don't know.
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: I just want you to be
24	aware.
25	MS. CHOI: No. 33?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: 33.
2	THE COURT: 33?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: 33.
4	THE COURT: All right, I'm going to strike you. I
5	want you to just remain seated in the courtroom. You don't
6	have to answer any further questions. But just wait until I
7	excuse everyone before you leave, okay.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 33: Okay, thank you.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 44: No. 44.
10	THE COURT: No. 44? What would you like to tell us?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 44: (Unintelligible) older
12	men, especially when it comes to that type of stuff and
13	especially with like a younger child being involved, I just
14	don't know if I like I get nauseous about it. I just don't
15	know if I can sit through it, really.
16	THE COURT: So you think you'd have a problem being
17	fair and impartial?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 44: Yeah.
19	THE COURT: Okay, I'm going to strike you. I want
20	you to remain seated in the courtroom. You don't have to
21	answer any more questions. Wait until I excuse everyone before
22	you leave. Okay?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 44: Okay, thank you.
24	MS. KING: Thank you.
25	THE COURT: Juror No. 57? What would you like to

1 tell us, sir? 2. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: Am I to understand that a 14 year old is involved with a pornography situation with this 3 4 person? Is that correct? 5 MS. CHOI: No. 6 THE COURT: The charge is simply possession of child 7 pornography. Okay? It doesn't -- there's no charge of abuse, molestation, any -- it's just possession of pornography on 8 9 computer. 10 The 14 year old is the potential MS. CHOI: 11 witness -- the daughter of the defendant. 12 Yes, the 14 year old is the defense THE COURT: 13 witness. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: I understand. 14 15 THE COURT: Okay? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: Yes. 17 THE COURT: You think you can be fair and impartial? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: I think so. 19 THE COURT: Very good. Thank you, sir. Number? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: 42. 21 THE COURT: 42? What would you like to tell us? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: Well, child pornography It's disgusting. It's one of the worst thing I 2.3 makes me ill. 24 could ever even think could happen to a child, especially with 25 what I mentioned before -- but I did have a friend who I feel

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was unjustly charged because it was his house and he was
1
2.
   renting to a young guy that I know who was ordering the stuff.
   And because he signed for it and because it was his house, he
 3
 4
   went away for I don't know how long and that little jerk is
 5
   still out there. I don't -- I believe that everybody is
 6
   innocent until proven quilty. But I don't want to see anybody
7
    innocent go through a situation like that. Does that make
8
   sense?
 9
              THE COURT: It makes sense. The bottom line is, do
   you think you can be fair and impartial?
10
11
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: Yes.
12
              THE COURT: I think what I hear you saying is you see
13
   both sides.
14
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42:
                                         I do.
                                                Whoever is quilty
15
   needs to be nailed, because that is an extreme case of just --
16
   a child is innocent, they don't know anything.
                                                    I'm not a
17
    father, but I love kids. And I just find that disgusting.
18
              THE COURT:
                         Repugnant.
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: Yes, sir.
20
              THE COURT:
                         All right, thank you, sir.
21
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: All right.
22
             MS. CHOI: That was 42?
2.3
              THE COURT:
                         Yes.
                                Number?
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 31:
                                         31.
25
             THE COURT: 31? What would you like to tell us?
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PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 31: So I'm in school working 1 2. on my degree in elementary and middle school education, so I'm in and out of public schools a lot. And I deal with a lot of 3 4 kids who have problems. I'm in Alleghany County student-5 So I just have a lot of opinions towards certain situations that the kids tell me about and things like that. 6 So I have opinions about childhood things. That's all. 7 8 THE COURT: Can you be fair and impartial? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 31: I'd like to think so, but 9 I have a lot of biased opinions. 10 THE COURT: I'm sorry, your number? 11 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 31: 31. 13 THE COURT: Okay, thank you. 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't hear very well, so you 15 have to speak up. 16 THE COURT: Neither do I. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Even with hearing aids. You 18 asked if we could be fair about this type of case. I'm not 19 sure. I mean, I just don't know. 20 THE COURT: Well, let me say a couple of things. 21 That reaction, I think, is pretty normal. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Is it? Okay. 2.3 THE COURT: Nobody likes this kind of charge or the 24 thought of it. The question really though is -- and I want to 25 make sure you understand -- there's not an allegation of any

abuse of a child by the defendant in this case. This is solely about possession of what is alleged to be child pornography on a computer.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: Now you know the issue is -- and your

THE COURT: Now, you know, the issue is -- and your reaction to the charge is a normal one. But would that keep you from sitting in this courtroom, listening to all of the evidence, the testimony, and then deciding the case based upon the evidence or do you think you would be -- because of the nature of the charge, so prejudiced that you couldn't be fair and impartial?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I really don't know if I could or not. I mean, maybe, maybe not. I mean, it depends I guess on what I hear. Does that make sense?

THE COURT: Yes, that makes absolute sense. And ultimately that's what it always should depend on is what you hear, what you see in this courtroom.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: All right, I'm going to put a question mark by your name. I'm not going to strike you.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm sorry, what?

THE COURT: I'm putting a question mark by your name.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay. I'm sorry, I just don't

24 | hear well.

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THE COURT: No, neither do I. But let me tell you,

they do have hearing devices here that if you're picked to 1 2. serve on the jury --PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Really? 3 4 THE COURT: You can hear --5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Better than hearing aids? THE COURT: Well, I think they're -- now I have very 6 7 good hearing aids. But these devices, you can pick up 8 sometimes -- I can hear things that I probably shouldn't hear. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: So that's not good, no. So I don't know what I should do then. 10 THE COURT: Well, just have a seat. And counsel will 11 12 take and I'll take everything that you've said into 13 consideration. 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay. All right. Thank you. 1.5 THE COURT: You're welcome. 16 (Bench conference concluded.) 17 THE COURT: I've had a couple of people address this. 18 I'll ask the question again, but a couple of people have 19 addressed this at the bench. Any member of the panel have 20 friends or family in law enforcement? Now, those of you who 21 have already told me about your connection to law enforcement 22 don't need to respond again. All right, I'm going to let people just give this from -- just stand and I'll go around and 2.3 24 call on you. Just state your juror number and give your 25 response. And tell me whether or not the fact that your

father, your brother, your cousin is a police officer would 1 2. keep you from being fair and impartial. All right, we'll start with this young lady and then 3 4 the gentleman beside and then we'll work our way back and then 5 we'll come over to this side. What would you like to say? 6 give us your juror number. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 22: Juror No. 22. Now, you said friends or family in law enforcement or just family? 8 9 THE COURT: Yes, if you've got close friends. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 22: Okay, well, I actually 10 11 used to work with the sheriff's office, civil process unit. 12 It's been a handful of years ago. And I do see them from time 13 to time, but it would not affect my ability to be impartial. 14 THE COURT: I'm sorry, your number again? 1.5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 22: 16 THE COURT: 22? Thank you. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 22: Absolutely. 18 THE COURT: Yes, sir? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Juror No. 30. 19 20 THE COURT: Yes? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: My father and three uncles 22 were all police officers. But that would not keep me from 2.3 being fair and impartial. THE COURT: Thank you, sir. Yes, sir? 24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: One friend is a Frederick

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1
   police officers, two in the Sheriff's Department for Frederick
2.
   County, and my brother-in-law is a police officer as well.
                                                                And
   it wouldn't affect me.
 3
 4
              THE COURT: And your number?
 5
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: Oh, sorry.
                                                     41.
 6
              THE COURT:
                           Thank you. Yes, sir?
 7
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 42: I'm No. 42. My neighbor
   down from me, I'm pretty tight with him. He got a job with the
 9
   State Police in Frederick County. My niece's boyfriend,
   fiancé, he's also a deputy sheriff and I had a friend who
10
11
   retired from the Frederick City Police. But it would not make
12
   me impartial.
13
              THE COURT:
                           Thank you.
14
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 28: Juror No. 28.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Yes?
16
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 28: My cousin is chief of
17
   police and it would not affect my partiality.
18
              THE COURT:
                         Thank you.
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 47: Juror 47.
19
20
              THE COURT:
                         Yes?
21
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 47: My father and grandfather
22
   are both federal law enforcement and my boyfriend is a police
2.3
   officer. But I don't think it would affect me.
24
              THE COURT: Thank you. Yes?
25
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 49: Juror 49. I have two
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friends that are state troopers and one cousin that is an out 1 2. of state police officer. And I don't believe it would affect my judgment. 3 4 THE COURT: Thank you. Yes? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 40: Juror No. 40. My sister is a State's Attorney, Kristin Brown, and our cousin is a 6 7 retired police officer. But I don't think it would affect me. 8 THE COURT: Thank you. Juror number? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: Juror No. 1. 10 THE COURT: No, no, the last one? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 40: Oh, I'm sorry, 40. 12 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: Juror No. 1. My husband is 14 a former deputy sheriff and retired federal law enforcement 15 officer and my father-in-law was a sheriff. 16 THE COURT: Can you be fair? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 1: I believe so, yes. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. Yes, sir? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 43: Juror 43. 19 20 THE COURT: Yes? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 43: My brother-in-law is a 22 deputy sheriff in Frederick County and it wouldn't affect my 23 judgment. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. All right, we'll start with 25 this young lady.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 26: Juror No. 26.
2	THE COURT: Yes?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 26: Brother-in-law, law
4	enforcement. And I know a bunch of Frederick County cops, but
5	I don't think it would affect my ability to be impartial.
6	THE COURT: Thank you. Gentleman in the back there?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: Juror No. 10. I work for
8	the sheriff's department and I have a cousin that works for the
9	sheriff's department.
10	THE COURT: Can you be fair and impartial?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: Yes, sir.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 50: I'm Juror No. 50. I have
14	a friend that's a PG County police officer, but it wouldn't
15	affect me.
16	THE COURT: Thank you.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 39: I'm Juror No. 39. I have
18	a friend who was in the Junior Explorers for the Frederick
19	County Police Department. And I also have another friend who
20	just became some sort of police officer in Baltimore County,
21	but I don't think it would affect me.
22	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 38: Juror No. 38. I have a
24	friend who is the police department. It would not affect my
25	judgment.

1	THE COURT: Thank you. Yes, sir?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 21: Juror No. 21. I have a
3	friend in the Montgomery County Police Department and a friend
4	in the police academy right now, but it would not affect me in
5	any way.
6	THE COURT: Thank you. Yes, sir?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: Juror 56. I have a friend
8	that's in the Montgomery County Police Department. It's a
9	specific department that entraps people trying to solicit young
10	ladies online. I'm sure it would not affect my ability to
11	judge fairly.
12	THE COURT: All right. Good. Thank you. Is there
13	any member of the prospective panel who has work experience or
14	specialized training in computers or internet service
15	providers?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: Juror No. 41.
17	THE COURT: 41?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: Yes.
19	THE COURT: And what would you like to tell us?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: I'm a network engineer.
21	I've been one for 22 years.
22	THE COURT: Do you think that would affect your
23	judgment in this case?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 41: I don't think so.
25	THE COURT: Thank you.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Juror No. 24. I'm in 1 2 technology. (Unintelligible). 3 THE COURT: Thank you. Yes, ma'am? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 36: No. 36. I worked in IT 4 5 for 29 years. 6 THE COURT: DO you think you can be fair and 7 impartial? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 36: Yes. 8 9 THE COURT: Okay, thank you. Yes, sir? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 49: Juror 49. I work in 10 11 corporate IT projects and I have a family member who 12 specializes in IT. 13 THE COURT: Can you be --14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 49: I don't believe it would 15 affect my judgment. 16 THE COURT: All right, thank you. Is there any 17 member of the panel who has been the subject of a criminal 18 investigation or a defendant in a criminal or serious traffic 19 case in Maryland or any other state? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Define serious case. 21 THE COURT: Serious traffic offense? Generally 22 jailable traffic offenses like driving under the influence or 2.3 driving while suspended or revoked, hit and run, fleeing and 24 eluding. 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Reckless driving?

1	THE COURT: Reckless driving? No.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Juror No. 24. Driving
3	while impaired.
4	THE COURT: Come on up.
5	(Bench conference follows:)
6	THE COURT: Driving while revoked?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: No, no, driving while
8	impaired.
9	THE COURT: What is it?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Not a DUI, but the lesser
11	one, DWI.
12	THE COURT: Driving while impaired?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Was that in Frederick County?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Yes.
16	THE COURT: And how did that work out?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Nothing major. Alcohol
18	education classes, which I'm almost done with.
19	THE COURT: Probation?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: 18 months.
21	THE COURT: Probation before judgment?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: Maybe, I don't remember.
23	Possibly. But I'm not in jail, so hopefully that's
24	THE COURT: Well, that's a good thing. All right.
25	Wouldn't affect your ability to be impartial in this case?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: No, I don't see how it
2	relates to this.
3	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: I'm Juror No. 30.
5	THE COURT: Yes?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: I have been arrested four
7	times for DWI. But I have been sober since June 6, 1988.
8	THE COURT: '88?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Uh-huh.
10	THE COURT: Very good. Impressive.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Felt like I had to tell
12	you. I don't know if you cross-reference that stuff or not.
13	THE COURT: And was that in Frederick County?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Which one?
15	THE COURT: Any of them?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: Actually, no. I never did
17	it here. Anne Arundel, Baltimore.
18	THE COURT: Okay. But that wouldn't keep you from
19	being impartial in this case?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: No, sir. No. Not at all.
21	THE COURT: Thank you.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 30: All right.
23	THE COURT: Juror No. 10?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: Yes, sir. I got a DUI
25	back in 2014.

1	THE COURT: 2014?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: Yes, sir.
3	THE COURT: Was that in Frederick County?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: No.
5	THE COURT: And do you think that would keep you from
6	being impartial in this case?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: No, sir.
8	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 10: You're welcome.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Was the question just a
11	conviction?
12	THE COURT: Well, I think the way the question was
13	MS. CHOI: Subject of investigation.
14	THE COURT: framed was have you ever been a
15	defendant or your family?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, so more than 20 years ago I
17	have a PBJ.
18	THE COURT: For?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: DUI.
20	THE COURT: You think that would keep you from being
21	fair and impartial?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
23	THE COURT: Was that in Frederick County?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was.
25	THE COURT: Okay. This lady didn't prosecute you,

1	huh?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: 58. I had two driving on
5	suspended and a DUI about nine years ago.
6	THE COURT: Frederick County?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: Two in Frederick County.
8	One suspended was Baltimore County.
9	THE COURT: Would that affect your ability to be
10	fair and impartial?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: No, it wouldn't.
12	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 58: Thank you.
14	THE COURT: No. 34?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: Two and a half years ago,
16	driving while intoxicated, probation before judgment, no
17	points, no fines.
18	THE COURT: In Frederick County or elsewhere?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: Uh-huh.
20	THE COURT: And you think you can be impartial?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: Sure.
22	(Bench conference concluded.)
23	THE COURT: Anyone who has testified as a witness in
24	a criminal case?
25	(No response.)

1 Anyone ever served on a jury? All right, I'll start 2. with that gentleman in the back. You can give your answer back 3 there. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 46: Juror No. 46. 4 5 THE COURT: Yes? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 46: I did it here. I don't 6 7 know if it was this courtroom or that one. It's about six 8 years ago. 9 THE COURT: Do you remember what kind of case it was? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 46: Yes, sir. A lady went to 11 a bar for her 30th birthday and pushed a cop. And that's what 12 it was. We were actually in the jury room deliberating, came 13 back the next day and it actually settled out of court. 14 So you don't think that would keep you THE COURT: 15 from being impartial in this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 46: No, sir. 16 17 THE COURT: All right, thank you. Yes, ma'am? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: I was on a jury in federal 19 court. It was a contract case. I was an alternate, so I never 20 go to share my opinion. 21 THE COURT: Your juror number? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: 34. 2.3 THE COURT: Thank you. Yes, ma'am? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: Juror No. 4. It was the 25 same sort of thing, failure to fulfill a contract and they

1 ended up settling, so we never had to give a verdict. 2. THE COURT: Juror number? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 4: 4. 3 4 THE COURT: Thank you. Yes? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 27: Juror No. 27. I can 6 barely remember what the case was, but it was in Frederick 7 County and I don't think it would impair my judgment on this 8 case. 9 THE COURT: Thank you. Yes? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 50: When I was 18, I served on 11 a jury panel in Howard County. It was a vehicle accident where 12 one person was saying that the other person caused the accident 13 and was looking for a monetary reward from it. Ultimately we 14 voted against them. And it wouldn't affect my judgment. 1.5 THE COURT: Thank you very much. Juror number? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 50: 17 THE COURT: 50? Anyone on the panel have any 18 political, religious, or philosophical beliefs about our system 19 of criminal justice which would make you hesitate to sit as a 20 juror? And I'll give you an example of this. There are some 21 people who don't believe they should sit on a jury because they 22 don't believe that they should sit in judgment. It may be 2.3 partially a religious belief. But some people may be -- well,

that's the best example I can probably give you. Anyone have

any kind of belief about the system of justice which you don't

24

25

1 think would qualify you to be a juror? 2. (No response.) Anyone have any physical or emotional impairment 3 4 which could affect your ability to listen to and consider all 5 the evidence, including but not limited to hearing issues, 6 vision, speech, physical impairment which could affect your 7 ability to sit for a long period of time? Yes, ma'am? Juror number? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 20: 20. 10 THE COURT: Yes? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 20: I wear hearing aids, but 11 12 sometimes, unless people speak loud enough, I won't hear what 13 they say. THE COURT: Well, I told you about those hearing 14 15 devices. We have hearing devices where you can hear a cricket 16 in the back of the courtroom rubbing its legs together. So I 17 think we can accommodate you on that. 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 20: All right, great. 19 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I'm Juror No. 15. I have 21 a hearing issue. She's been telling me what you've been saying. 22 THE COURT: Well, we also have a hearing device which 2.3

you could have. I have a hearing issue, too. And my problem

is I can hear everything that people say to me, except I can

24

25

1 never hear what my wife says. Yes? 2. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Hearing issues as well. THE COURT: And your number? 3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: 14. And I lost my hearing 5 aid years ago. 6 THE COURT: You what? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: I lost my hearing aid 8 years ago. 9 THE COURT: I lost hearing aids, too, and I'm not 10 going to do it again, because they're very expensive. Anybody 11 else? 12 (No response.) 13 This case is about possession of child pornography. 14 And part of the evidence would include images, pictures. 15 Anyone think that you could not decide this case fairly and 16 impartially after viewing the illicit images? Yes? Juror number? 17 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 27: 19 THE COURT: Yes? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 27: I think it would be hard 21 for me. I'm a school teacher -- having been a school teacher 22 for 25 years. To see things like that. It might -- I might not 2.3 feel impartial about that, having protected children all those 24 years. 25 THE COURT: Juror number?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 27: 27.
2	THE COURT: 27? Thank you, ma'am. Yes?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I talked to you about this
4	earlier, but as the mother of three grown boys and three
5	grandchildren, I'm not sure. That's the best answer I can give
6	you.
7	THE COURT: Well, that's good enough. Yes?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: For the reasons I mentioned
9	earlier.
10	THE COURT: Thank you. That's juror number
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: 14.
12	THE COURT: Thank you. Questions, testimony and
13	oh, I'm sorry. Sir? Number?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: 57.
15	THE COURT: Yes, sir?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: Three children, nine
17	grandchildren, and two great grandchildren.
18	THE COURT: Congratulations.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 57: I would be I would
20	mentally be in conflict with that.
21	THE COURT: Number 57? Yes?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 18: Juror No. 18. I'm a
23	clinical social worker and have worked with children and
24	adolescents for a number of years, as well as young adults.
25	THE COURT: Can you be fair and impartial?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 18: I think so, yes. 2. THE COURT: Thank you. The questions, testimony, instructions, exhibits, statements made in this courtroom will 3 4 be in the English language. Is there any prospective juror who 5 believes that their understanding and/or use of the English 6 language is so deficient that they would be unable to effectively listen to things that are said in the courtroom and 7 then deliberate with the other jurors? 8 9 (No response.) 10 Is there anyone on the panel who if you hear 11 testimony from a police officer or other member of law 12 enforcement who would give more or less credibility to the 13 testimony of a police officer than you would as to other civilian witnesses? 14 15 (No response.) 16 Is there any member of the panel who would allow the 17 thought of any possible punishment of the defendant if 18 convicted to influence your verdict in this case? 19 (No response.) 20 Is there any member of the panel who would be unable 21 to base his or her verdict fairly upon the evidence presented 22 without regard to pity, sympathy, passion or any other 2.3 emotions? 24 (No response.) 25 Is there any other reason that I have not covered why

any juror would not be able to decide this case fairly based 1 2. upon the evidence and the law? 3 (No response.) 4 The defendant is a South Asian male. Is there any 5 member of the panel who has any prejudices against a South Asian male defendant? 6 7 (No response.) Everybody know what a whistle blower is? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 25: I have a question. 10 THE COURT: Number? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 25: 25. 12 THE COURT: Yes, sir? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 25: A South Asian male -- is 14 he a legal citizen? 1.5 THE COURT: I don't know the answer to that. I do 16 not know the answer. 17 MR. MALLIK: U.S. citizen, judge. 18 THE COURT: I'm advised that he is a United States 19 Everybody knows what a whistle blower is. Anybody 20 ever been involved in a whistle blower case? Yes? Number? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: No. 34. 22 THE COURT: And would that in any way affect your 2.3 ability to be fair and impartial? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 34: I don't think so, no. 25 THE COURT: Thank you. Any member of the panel ever

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been accused of wrongdoing at your place of employment?
1
 2.
              (No response.)
              THE COURT: All right, counsel, would you approach?
 3
 4
              (Bench conference follows:)
 5
              THE COURT: Any exceptions to voir dire?
              MS. KING: Your Honor, I don't believe No. 17 off of
 6
7
   the State's voir dire was read.
 8
              THE COURT:
                         You have any, Ms. Choi?
 9
              MS. CHOI:
                         I'm just checking, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT:
                         16? I'm not sure about that question. I
11
   mean, if I start down that road, should I ask how many people
12
    in here have ever watched pornography?
13
              MS. KING: No, no, no. The actual question is strong
14
    feelings.
1.5
             MS. CHOI: I believe it was covered in the question
16
   about child pornography.
17
              THE COURT: I think the child pornography part of it
18
   is the important part, not just any pornography. I mean, then
19
   we get into as the -- I forget who it was, which Supreme Court
20
   Justice -- said I don't know what the definition of pornography
21
   is but I know it when I see it. And I think I'm going to pass
22
   on that one.
2.3
              MS. KING: Okay.
24
              THE COURT: Number 17 --
25
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, may I just note that for the
```

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1
   record because of the wording -- and I put in there specific
2.
   wording about strong feelings because I do believe that people
   would think that's a gateway if they have strong feelings about
 3
 4
   general pornography. So I do want to kind of preserve the
 5
   record in that sense.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay.
 7
             MS. CHOI: Thank you.
              THE COURT: Noted.
 8
 9
             MS. CHOI: Thank you.
10
              (Bench conference concluded.)
11
              THE COURT: Number -- hold on one second, I'll be
12
   right with you. The burden of proof as I mentioned before is
13
   beyond a reasonable doubt. The State has the burden of proof.
14
   They have to prove the defendant's quilt beyond a reasonable
15
   doubt and to a moral certainty. Now, that is not -- that
16
   doesn't mean proof beyond all possible doubt, and it doesn't
17
   mean proof to a mathematical certainty. Is there anyone on the
18
   panel who feels that the State should have to prove the
19
   defendant's quilt beyond all doubt or to a mathematical
20
   certainty?
21
              (No response.)
22
              Thank you. Gentleman in the back?
2.3
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: May I approach?
24
              THE COURT: Yes.
25
              (Bench conference follows:)
```

1	THE COURT: Number?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: Number 56.
3	THE COURT: Yes, sir?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: I only bring this up
5	because Kim downstairs said that I should before you selected a
6	jury. If I were to be selected to serve on this jury, it would
7	be an extreme hardship on me and my family. I am a self-
8	employed sole employee of the corporation and I have been happy
9	to give up one day of my time to serve on a jury. If it were a
10	three day trial, however, figuring tomorrow being the first of
11	three
12	MS. KING: Today is the first of three.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: Today is the first of
14	three well, whichever the case may be, it will be very
15	difficult and a financial burden on me and my family. And Kim
16	said that I should mention that to you.
17	THE COURT: Anyone want to respond?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: And so that's why I'm
19	bringing it up.
20	THE COURT: All right, I'm going to excuse you, but
21	just have a seat until
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: No worries. I'll just lay
23	low.
24	THE COURT: Okay, very good.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 56: Thank you.

(Bench conference concluded.) 1 2. THE COURT: This case is anticipated to last for three days, including today. Is there anyone who feels you 3 4 could not serve for that length of time based upon some 5 hardship or other difficulty? Yes? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 39: 39. Tomorrow is my brother's high school graduation. 7 THE COURT: Your brother? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 39: Yes. 10 THE COURT: Are you sure he's going to graduate? 11 what time is that? It's in the evening, isn't it? 12 JUROR NO 39: 4:00, I think. 4:00 or 5:00. 13 THE COURT: 5:00? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 39: It sometime in the late 14 15 afternoon or early evening. So I don't know. 16 THE COURT: Well now if it was your husband's 17 graduation, I might feel -- no, I'm -- I'll take that under 18 advisement. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 39: 20 THE COURT: Yes? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I'm a caregiver of my two 22 little great-grandsons, and it's really -- my granddaughter 2.3 doesn't have anybody that she can fall back on to babysit. So 24 it would really be a hardship for me. 25 THE COURT: Thank you.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: And I'm No. 15.				
2	THE COURT: 15? Lady by the wall?				
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 13: No. 13. My nine year old				
4	daughter has an appointment that we've been waiting six weeks				
5	for.				
6	THE COURT: A medical appointment, or				
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 13: Yes.				
8	THE COURT: 13?				
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 31: 31. I have a work				
10	commitment at 3:30.				
11	THE COURT: Say that again?				
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 31: I have a work commitment				
13	for the next two or three days starting at 3:30.				
14	THE COURT: Thank you. Yes?				
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Juror 14. I have to be				
16	out by 5:15 to pick up my daughter from daycare.				
17	THE COURT: 5:30?				
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: 5:15.				
19	THE COURT: Thank you. All right, counsel would you				
20	approach?				
21	(Bench conference follows:)				
22	THE COURT: Everybody decided on their peremptory				
23	challenges?				
24	MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor.				
25	MS. CHOI: How many do we have, Your Honor? Is it				

```
1
   four? Four each? Okay.
 2.
              MS. KING: State goes first? Are we going to just do
   it up here?
 3
 4
              THE COURT: No, no, we'll call them up, and then one
 5
   by one, you can say who you want us to excuse. I'll just ask
 6
   each side whether the juror is acceptable --
7
              MS. KING:
                        Thank you, Your Honor.
 8
              THE COURT: All right.
 9
              (Bench conference concluded.)
10
                           All right, when your number is called,
              THE COURT:
11
   please come forward, stand facing the defendant, and you'll be
12
   told by the attorneys, the State and the defense, whether or
13
   not you're acceptable. If they exercise a peremptory
14
    challenge, then what you should do is just go back to your seat
15
   and remain seated. All right?
16
              THE CLERK: Juror No. 1?
17
             MS. KING: State goes first?
18
              THE CLERK:
                         Yes.
19
              MS. KING: Please seat the juror.
20
              THE COURT: Defense?
21
             MS. CHOI: Please excuse the juror.
22
              THE COURT:
                         Acceptable to the State and the defense
2.3
   wants to excuse this juror?
24
              MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: All right, thank you, ma'am.
```

1		THE	CLERK:	Juror No. 2?
2		MS.	CHOI:	Please excuse the juror.
3		THE	CLERK:	Juror No. 3?
4		MS.	KING:	Please excuse the juror.
5		MS.	CHOI:	Please seat the juror.
6		THE	COURT:	Well, wait until he gets up here.
7		MS.	KING:	I was saving them the walk.
8		THE	CLERK:	State?
9		MS.	KING:	Please excuse the juror.
10		THE	COURT:	All right, thank you, sir.
11		THE	CLERK:	Juror No. 4? Defense?
12		MS.	CHOI:	Please excuse the juror.
13		THE	CLERK:	Juror No. 5?
14		MS.	KING:	Please seat the juror.
15		THE	CLERK:	Defense?
16		MS.	CHOI:	Please seat the juror.
17		THE	COURT:	Wait a minute acceptable to the State?
18		MS.	KING:	Yes.
19		THE	COURT:	Bring your belongings with you when you
20	come.			
21		THE	CLERK:	Juror No. 7? State?
22		MS.	KING:	Please seat the juror.
23		THE	CLERK:	Defense?
24		MS.	CHOI:	Please seat the juror.
25		THE	COURT:	Let me make something clear here.

```
1
   Counsel, don't say anything until they get up here. You're
2
   going to be seated. Bring your belongings with you.
              THE CLERK: Juror No. 9?
 3
 4
              THE COURT: Now, come on up, sir, turn, face the
 5
   defense table -- up here. Up here. This side. There you go.
 6
   Now.
7
              THE CLERK: Defense?
 8
             MS. CHOI: Please seat the juror.
 9
             MS. KING: Please thank and excuse the juror.
10
             THE COURT:
                        Thank you, sir.
              THE CLERK: Juror No. 10? State?
11
12
             MS. KING: Please seat the juror.
13
              THE CLERK: Defense?
14
             MS. CHOI: Please excuse the juror.
15
             THE CLERK: Juror No. 11? Defense?
16
             MS. CHOI: Please excuse the juror.
17
             THE COURT: Excuse?
18
             MS. CHOI: Yes, please.
19
             MS. KING: And Madam Clerk, that's four strikes for
20
   the defense and I have one more strike?
21
              THE CLERK: Yes.
22
             MS. KING:
                        Thank you.
2.3
              THE CLERK: Juror No. 12?
24
             MS. KING: Please seat the juror.
25
             MS. CHOI: Please seat the juror.
```

1	THE CLERK: Juror No. 13? Defense?
2	MS. CHOI: Please seat the juror.
3	THE CLERK: State?
4	MS. KING: Please seat the juror.
5	THE CLERK: Juror No. 14? State?
6	MS. KING: Please seat the juror.
7	THE CLERK: Defense?
8	MS. CHOI: I would like to excuse the juror for
9	cause.
10	THE COURT: You've used your challenges.
11	MS. CHOI: I've used my challenges, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Yes, okay, so the State gets the call on
13	the rest of these. You have one left, I believe?
14	MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. Please seat the juror.
15	THE COURT: Ma'am, have a seat in the box, please.
16	Bring your stuff with you.
17	THE CLERK: Juror No. 15? State?
18	MS. KING: And Your Honor, if I may inquire? I know
19	that Juror No. 15 indicated a hardship. I didn't know if Your
20	Honor was going to rule on that at this time or
21	THE COURT: We'll excuse Juror No. 15. You can have
22	a seat, ma'am, in the gallery.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 15: I'm sorry?
24	THE COURT: You can have a seat back there.
25	THE CLERK: Juror No. 16? State?

1	MS. KING: Please seat the juror.
2	THE COURT: You can have a seat in the box, ma'am.
3	THE CLERK: Juror No. 17?
4	MS. KING: Please excuse the juror.
5	THE COURT: Thank you, sir.
6	THE CLERK: Juror No. 18?
7	THE COURT: I believe all peremptories have now been
8	exhausted. Have a seat in the box, please.
9	THE CLERK: Juror No. 19?
10	THE COURT: You can have a seat in the box, ma'am.
11	THE CLERK: Juror No. 20?
12	THE COURT: You can have a seat in the box, ma'am.
13	THE CLERK: Juror No. 21?
14	THE COURT: You can have a seat in the box, sir.
15	THE CLERK: Juror No. 22?
16	THE COURT: You can have a seat in the box.
17	THE CLERK: Juror No. 24?
18	THE COURT: Have a seat in the box, sir. All right,
19	now, we're going to pick two alternates.
20	THE CLERK: Juror No. 25?
21	THE COURT: Have a seat in the box, sir.
22	THE CLERK: Juror No. 26?
23	THE COURT: Have a seat in the box. Now, counsel, if
24	you'd approach?
25	(Bench conference follows:)

```
1
              THE COURT: Challenges for cause as to anyone seated
2.
   in the box?
              MS. CHOI: I think it's -- I don't remember the
 3
 4
   number.
 5
              (Unintelligible)
 6
              MS. CHOI: Yes, could we deal with that first?
7
   think some of them had hardships.
              THE COURT: Which ones?
 8
 9
             MS. CHOI: 13 and 14.
10
              THE COURT: The last two? Are you talking about
11
   The --
12
             MS. CHOI: Juror Nos. 13 and 14.
13
              THE COURT: 13 is in which seat?
14
              MS. CHOI: 5 and 6. Is that right?
15
              THE COURT:
                           I'm sorry, seat No. 5? Juror No. 14,
   come up to the bench, please. You indicated you had a
16
17
   hardship?
18
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14:
19
              THE COURT: Which is?
20
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: I believe someone in my
21
   family has been sexually assaulted and it would be very hard
22
   for me.
              MS. CHOI: A scheduling hardship?
2.3
24
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: I'm sorry?
25
             MS. CHOI: The scheduling hardship?
```

	INOSIECTIVE OUNOR NO. 14. On, chac's arcer 5.50.
2	THE COURT: 5:30?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: And my husband is in War
4	College in New Hampshire, so I cannot my husband is in New
5	Hampshire until the end of June
6	THE COURT: You need to leave here by 5:30?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: Yes.
8	THE COURT: Well, we can accommodate that. But are
9	you saying that because of some prior experience that you have
10	a problem?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: That's what I was trying
12	to say earlier. Was I not clear? My family member was I
13	believe assaulted. But there was no
14	THE COURT: I have a question mark beside Juror No.
15	14's name based upon her response here at the bench.
16	MS. CHOI: Right. I have question marks because it
17	was her sister. It was her sister and it was unreported, and
18	so she seemed a bit upset about it.
19	THE COURT: All right. We can accommodate your
20	scheduling.
21	MS. CHOI: Was she asked whether she could be fair
22	and impartial?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 14: And I don't know if I
24	could be.
25	MS. CHOI: Because I didn't put my answer on there.

1	MS. KING: She said, no, she couldn't be.
2	THE COURT: All right, I'll excuse Juror No. 14. You
3	can have a seat.
4	(Bench conference concluded.)
5	THE CLERK: Juror No. 27?
6	(Discussion off the record.)
7	THE COURT: Juror No. 13?
8	(Bench conference follows:)
9	THE COURT: You have an appointment?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 13: My daughter has an
11	appointment. We've waited six weeks for it.
12	THE COURT: And that's scheduled for tomorrow?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 13: Uh-huh.
14	THE COURT: At what time?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 13: At 2:00.
16	THE COURT: 2:00? All right, I'm going to excuse
17	this juror. Just have a seat in the aisle.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 13: Okay, thank you.
19	MS. KING: I think those are all the hardships.
20	(Bench conference concluded.)
21	THE COURT: All right, call the next juror.
22	THE CLERK: Juror No. 28?
23	THE COURT: All right. Now, can you call the numbers
24	of the jurors that are seated in the box?
25	THE CLERK: Yes. Juror No. 5.

1	THE COURT: One.
2	THE CLERK: Juror No. 7.
3	THE COURT: Two.
4	THE CLERK: Juror No. 12.
5	THE COURT: Three.
6	THE CLERK: Juror No. 27.
7	THE COURT: Four.
8	THE CLERK: Juror No. 16.
9	THE COURT: Wait a minute, who is No. 28? All right,
10	28 is four. This is Juror No. 5? I can't read it.
11	THE CLERK: 16.
12	THE COURT: 6?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 16: 16.
14	THE COURT: You're now Juror No. 6. Number 7?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 19: 19.
16	THE COURT: Eight.
17	THE CLERK: 20.
18	THE COURT: Nine.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 21: 21.
20	THE COURT: Ten.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 22: 22.
22	THE COURT: 11.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 24: 24.
24	THE COURT: 12.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 25: 25.

THE COURT: 13.

2.

2.3

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 26: 26.

THE COURT: 14. All right, ladies and gentlemen, remember, there are three reasons why you were not picked — peremptory challenge — you heard the attorneys exercise those peremptory challenges. We had some challenges for cause and then some people we just didn't get to. So we have our jury. Those of you who were not selected, I want to thank you for participating today. And you are excused with the Court's gratitude. Thank you.

(Discussion off the record.)

THE COURT: Members of the jury, what I'm about to say is a brief general introduction to this trial so that you will be better able to perform your important duty of deciding the facts diligently and conscientiously. The prosecutor and the defense attorney may choose to make opening statements.

Opening statements are not evidence. They are only statements of what the lawyers expect the evidence will be.

At times during the trial, the lawyers may make objections, and I will rule on them. Do not concern yourself with these objections or my rulings on them. You as jurors must decide this case based solely on the evidence presented in this courtroom.

It's the duty of lawyers to make objections which they feel are proper. These objections are usually argued at

the bench out of the hearing of the jury. Your function is to decide the facts. The judge, in this case me, is the person who decides the law.

2.

2.3

Don't conduct any research or investigation about the case or the individuals involved in it. You may not consult any dictionaries or reference materials or search the internet, websites, blogs, or any other source for information about the case or the persons involved in the case.

You must not visit any place related to the case.

You also must not seek any information about the place or
location on the internet through websites such as MapQuest or
Google Maps.

Until you retire to deliberate and decide this case, you may not discuss this case with anyone, even your fellow jurors. You should not express any opinion about the case or discuss the case with anyone, including courtroom personnel, spectators, or anyone participating in the trial.

Many of you use cell phones, smart phones, or other electronic devices to communicate with family, friends or coworkers. During this trial, you must not communicate any information or opinions about this case or the individuals involved in it by any method to anyone, including by sending electronic messages.

You may also be involved in social media or networking sites such as Facebook, MySpace, LinkedIn, YouTube,

or Twitter. And you may be accustomed to communicating on these sites. During this trial, you must not communicate anything or receive any information about this case. You should not allow anyone to talk to you or communicate with you about the case. Outside the courtroom, avoid parties in the case, the lawyers, and the witnesses. Do not read, watch, or listen to any media reports about the case such as newspaper, television, radio, or internet reports. Do not visit any internet sites where there may be reports or discussion of the case.

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Relying on information from any other source outside the courtroom, including social media sources, is unfair because the parties do not have the opportunity to refute, explain, or correct it. And the information may be inaccurate or misleading.

You must base your decision only on the evidence presented in this courtroom. If anyone tries to communicate with you about the case or if you learn of any information during the trial that is not part of the evidence presented in this courtroom, or that violates the rules I have just explained, please write me a note and give it to the bailiff as soon as possible and do not discuss it with anyone else.

Each of you has been given a note pad to be used if you wish to take notes during the trial. Please write your name and nothing else -- I'm going to change that -- please

write your juror number, the new number that you have now -- 1, 2, 3, et. cetera -- on the first page and nothing else. At the end of the day, the bailiff will collect the notepads and no one will be permitted to read them. Any notes you take are only to help you remember and are not evidence. Please do not let note taking interfere with watching and listening to the witnesses.

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Do not discuss this case with anyone or let anyone discuss this case with you or in your presence. This includes other jurors, courtroom personnel, friends, relatives, or anyone else. In addition, you should avoid any contact with the parties, witnesses and lawyers involved in this case.

Do not express any views, comments or opinions about the case to anyone. If anyone tries to discuss this case with you, or if you learn that my instructions are not being followed, please write me a note and give it to the bailiff as soon as possible and do not discuss it with anyone else.

Now, question, anyone need a break?
(No response.)

Everyone good to go? All right. Now, ladies and gentlemen, your role is to decide the facts in the case. There are certain factors which I will explain to you later which you can consider in evaluating the testimony and credibility of witnesses. However, you are the sole fact finders in this case. All right? I will instruct you at the end of the case

as to the law in the case. And you are required in evaluating the evidence to apply the law as I explain it to you to the facts in this case. But you are the sole fact finders.

Anything that I say in this case should not in any way influence you as you deliberate on the facts. You shouldn't judge from my rulings in the case that I favor one side or another or that I believe or disbelieve any witness in the case. You are the sole fact finders. It's a very important function and when the case is over, after you have heard opening statements, all the testimony and evidence, and closing arguments and my instructions, then and only then are you to discuss this case with your fellow jurors.

THE COURT: Madam State?

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MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Oh -- Madam Clerk, sorry -- we need to swear you in.

THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, please stand and raise your right hand.

Do each of you solemnly promise and declare you shall well and truly try and true deliverance make between the State of Maryland and Abe Mallik, now defendant at the bar, whom you shall have in charge and a true verdict give according to the evidence? Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, are you sworn? If so, please respond I am.

THE JURY: I am.

THE CLERK: Thank you. You may be seated.

2 MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.

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OPENING STATEMENT BY JOYCE KING, ESQ.

ON BEHALF OF THE STATE

Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, this is a case about the possession of child pornography. Throughout this case, you will hear the State's witnesses refer to child pornography as CP or images of child exploitation out of respect for the children in these images. These are images of children in sex acts, being sexually abused. That is why it's illegal. It's illegal to possess these images.

You will see these photographs, and they will be disturbing. You will hear testimony that will make you uncomfortable. The testimony may sometimes also be technical. But the facts of this case are simple. The facts of this case is that the defendant, Abe Mallik, possessed 11 images of child pornography. The State will call Detective Jason Snyder from the Frederick County Sheriff's Office. He'll explain to you that on March 3, 2016, the defendant e-mailed himself eight images of child pornography. That e-mail generated what's called a cyber tip or notification to the National Center of Missing and Exploited Children, who then contacted local authorities to further investigate, which they did.

What did they find? They found business record from Comcast, Google, Yahoo, that certified that the accounts that

e-mail was generated from and went to did in fact belong to the defendant, Abe Mallik. They also verify another fact, an IP address. And for those of you that are not technical, an IP address is a location from where an account is accessed. And these accounts were accessed on March 3rd at the defendant's residence, here in Frederick County.

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On April 21, 2016, a search warrant was conducted at that residence here in Frederick County and several devices and electronic storage devices, laptops, were seized. Detective Snyder will first tell you that in addition to those records that he located, that the defendant had a program, a virtual private network called HideMyAss. And that e-mail was sent using HideMyAss. And that program, HideMyAss was registered to the defendant and that IP address, although attempted to be hidden, was actually the defendant's residence.

The State will call forensic examiner Steven Gibson. He is a forensic examiner with Homeland Security. He conducted a search of the equipment that was taken from the defendant's home. And he'll tell you that he found three additional images of child pornography on the defendant's laptop. He will explain to you where these images were saved, how these folders were manually created, how he could tell that these images were viewed by the operator, and that these folders were actually part of a most recently used set of files.

Mr. Gibson will also tell you that in addition to

these images of child pornography, contained in those folders were dozens and dozens of images of children in various stages of clothing, which he will explain to you is customary when searching for child pornography.

Ladies and gentlemen, after you hear the testimony and see the evidence, there will be no question, there will be no excuse, no explanation. There will be only the simple truth. The simple fact that the defendant, Abe Mallik, possessed child pornography. And at the conclusion of this trial, I'm going to come back up here and ask you to find him guilty of all 11 counts.

THE COURT: Ms. Choi?

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OPENING STATEMENT BY SUN E. CHOI, ESQ.

ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT

Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, thank you very much for your time. I understand that it's valuable and precious and I really appreciate that you're here. It's not as simple as the State wants you to believe it is, because you will hear from various witnesses from the defense that beginning in 2014, Mr. Mallik was actually a victim of racial discrimination from his employment, his workplace. He had to sue the federal government. And pursuant to that lawsuit, he actually received \$51,000 in a settlement in which he was a whistle blower, essentially.

And since that date, 2014, he still continues to work

at the same place, but a different division. And immediately after that settlement of a lawsuit labeling him a whistle blower, he continued to get problems and issues. Fast forward a little bit into 2016. For the two years between the settlement of his lawsuit in which they admitted there was racial discrimination, and he's still working for that same location, in 2016, on February 11, 2016, he couldn't take it anymore. He decided that he had to say something again with regard to the demeaning and abusive nature in which his immediate supervisor was treating him.

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So again, he had to file a complaint. And when he did that, the very next day, on February 12, 2016, he noticed that his internet connection was incredibly sluggish and very, very slow. It's that time when you're trying to upload something or even connect to the internet and it's just not working and you're doing everything in your power. And you'll hear from Mr. Mallik, who will testify, and look you in the eye and say he's never been charged, never been convicted, never been arrested, but yet he's charged here today.

That internet connection just did not connect on February 12th. And therefore, he called Comcast to find out what's going on. And you'll see the verified records from Comcast's account notes saying that he actually called and complained about the internet speed.

And at that time, the State would have you believe

that on March 3rd, which is a very critical date -- and throughout this entire case, the dates are very critical.

Because the February 11th date is when Mr. Mallik actually complained about his immediate supervisor. February 12th is when he started noticing the slow internet connection. Then we have March 3rd that the State says were when the uploads of these alleged child pornography took place. And their theory is that he was able to connect to a software, a virtual private network in which he used their location IP address and uploaded those images, trying to hide and mask himself.

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What you will hear from the State's own expert, Steven Gibson in his report, that software wasn't installed until March 23rd, because Mr. Mallik didn't have the computer, the Acer laptop, until March 21st. So the State cannot tell you where these eight images came from. They cannot tell you the source. They didn't tell the defense where the source of these images came from. All of a sudden, it appears as an attachment to Mr. Mallik's e-mail.

Mr. Mallik, from day one, provided a voluntary interview to the detectives, willingly provided information — even brought to the interview after the raid of his home on April 21st, where they took 27 devices. Every single electronic thing you can possibly think of — camcorders, cameras, thumb drives, back up disks, computers, iPhones, tablets — every single thing that was electronic was seized

from his home, 27 of them.

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And out of the 27 devices, not a single one had the alleged child pornography except for the brand new Acer laptop that he purchased on March 21st. That program that Mr. Mallik installed on March 23rd, according to the State's forensic expert, and not any earlier. You're going to hear from the defense's expert, who is going to testify that he's familiar with that software. Because when you have an internet connection that is sluggish -- an as a lay person who is not very technical -- I know I'm not -- you'd switch it on and off, you'd call Comcast, you'd try and figure out what's going on with the internet connection. That's the logical thing to do.

He did all of that before any images were uploaded. And he thought to himself, wait, I'm banking online, I've got a 14 year old -- I need to figure out how to hide my network because in early February, right before he filed a complaint about his employer, he found a foreign device on his home Wi-Fi network. It was called Living Room. So he talked to everybody in his family -- do we have a new device I don't know about? None of them had a new device. And that foreign device would not be kicked off. He did everything in his power. Nothing happened.

Therefore, he went on Google and searched what can I do to hide my home Wi-Fi network? The first thing that popped up was the virtual private network that he purchased. He

purchased it on February 9th. That didn't get installed until March 23rd. The uploads of the alleged child porn happened on March 3rd.

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Ladies and gentlemen, this case is not about knowingly possessing child pornography. This case is actually about whether or not Mr. Mallik was the victim of a hack, and whether there was a security breach. Was there somebody that had the motive, that had the opportunity — because Mr. Mallik works from home. He telecommutes. His employers know exactly where he is. They are actually the ones who give him the devices and basically categorizes all of the devices, and they'll testify to all of that. They know every single thing that he owns, exactly where he works, and that timeline is really what's critical.

Because the State wants you to believe that it's so cut and dry. Mr. Mallik is not going to sit here and tell you that's not my e-mail address. That's my e-mail address. He's going to look at you in the eye, every single one of you, and tell you I've never been arrested, never been charged, I did not knowingly possess or possess not knowingly any of those images. Because he'll testify he has a 14 year old daughter who is precious to him, and he will testify and tell you how repulsed he is.

So despite the risks involved in going to trial, we're here today. This man is fighting for his life, and

that's what he's going to tell you.

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Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, it would sound a little bit inconceivable that somebody might hack into your system and get you in trouble. But in this particular situation, in this set of facts, all of the evidence will point to that. Mr. Mallik didn't own his Acer laptop which has the virtual private network software installed in it. None of the other devices have it. So in order for him to actually upload these images on March 3rd, he must have had that software, because the IP address, the location of the upload, is in Ashburn, Virginia. That's where the software company has its IP address. And you will see it from Google's logs, certified logs. You'll see it from the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children. And you will see exactly where these uploads took place, and it wasn't his home. It wasn't on his computer. It wasn't on a computer that he owned that had the virtual private network software.

The expert that the defense has is a neighbor. He happens to be someone in the IT field with over 20 years of experience doing exactly this. He's not a forensic computer analyst. But he is an expert in hacking, in vulnerabilities of routers, and he will tell you how cybersecurity is so easily breached.

And during the course of this investigation -- because this is what the defendant feels like he has to do is

to prove his innocence -- not that he is innocent until proven guilty, but he felt as if, based on the evidence, and the allegations made against him, that he was already guilty and had to prove his innocence. And during that time, the defense expert will testify and the State will stipulate that the router that allows Mr. Mallik to connect to the internet was involved in a lawsuit for two years, starting in 2014, an ultimately from FTC where they charged the Asus router company that there is a major known vulnerability with all of their routers.

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And in fact on February 23, 2016, Asus admitted that in fact there were known vulnerabilities in that Asus router and they settled for \$206 million and a contractual promise to be independently audited for the next 20 years because of that breach.

These dates are critical because all of a sudden, you cannot have child pornography originate out of nowhere.

There's got to be a source. There is no source here. Those eight images that were attached to a Gmail account, please ask yourself, where did they come from? Where?

Our expert is going to be able to tell you and explain to you what it means to be hacked, what phases of hacking occurs. And what the State did in terms of trying to analyze these computers. Now, one crucial fact that you are going to hear from Mr. Mallik is his 14 year old daughter has

access to this exact same computer, the Acer laptop where the alleged three images of child pornography was found. And she is 14 years old. She visits fanfiction.com and wattpad.net and these are essentially like an anime, storytelling kind of internet site. And the facts will be that she accidentally clicked on various inappropriate ads and she actually told that to the officer at the day of the raid. And I saw these pop ups, and I knew they were inappropriate and I just closed them out right away.

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Within three days, when Mr. Mallik ran a scan of all of the malware and unwanted programs on this brand new computer, he came up with over 200 of them. 200 plus. He then decided to run it on his mother-in-law's computer. She had 915. So he didn't think he was that bad. So he bought a Malwarebytes software, which cleans out the entire computer, and takes out all the unwanted programs, whatever it is. Some are just actually loaded as you buy it.

So he ran this program on March 26th. Now, the State, their theory is that three of those images had to fall specifically on the dates after that period of time when that computer was cleaned and scrubbed from all the malware, because they're saying that he locally opened up his computer, saw these images, left traces of that evidence.

However, that's not so. He cleaned and scrubbed and wiped that computer through that premium Malwarebytes software

on March 26th. They seized that computer on April 21st. So they are trying to locate the dates that would fit very nicely into a package.

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And as you hear from Mr. Mallik himself, and he tells you these are all the steps that I took because one, my employer, my immediate supervisor who ironically the day after the raid suspends him from his employment -- he has not been back to work since April 22, 2016. This man is the sole breadwinner, fighting for his life, taking a big risk -- and he'll tell you that -- every single one of you, that this is not who he is. He wants to be heard. And the evidence is very clear, not just from the defense side, but also from the State It's their certified records where we can point to and say February 12th, Mr. Mallik calls Comcast and says there's a big problem. May 17th, he comes to Detective Elrod, the lead detective at the time, and gives him the dead router. Here's my Asus router. I had internet problems. Can you please help me investigate? Not a single thing happened until the eve of trial, where they started following up on whether or not maybe Mr. Mallik had a point.

That's where we are. This is an incredibly complex case. It's not as simple and clear cut, because there is motive, there is opportunity, and Mr. Mallik will testify under oath and let you all know exactly why he's where he is. So at the end of all of the evidence, I hope that you ask yourself is

1 there some doubt here? Is there really some doubt here? 2. Because if there is, you can't convict. 3 Thank you. 4 THE COURT: Ms. King? 5 MS. KING: Your Honor, if we could approach? believe that we have some stipulations that we can address 6 7 preliminarily. (Bench conference follows:) 8 9 MS. KING: At the pretrial conference we informed assignment that we wouldn't start calling witnesses until 10 11 tomorrow morning. So for the balance -- the remainder of this 12 day, we can do the stipulations and then probably we can let 13 the jury go, because we have to go through that packet and come 14 up with --15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 MS. KING: These are the stipulations --17 MS. CHOI: Do you have an extra copy by chance? 18 THE KING: No, I don't. But if Your Honor wants 19 to -- we can have this marked as State's Exhibit -- actually 20 I'll just mark it right now. We can mark this as State's 21 Exhibit 1. 22 (Bench conference concluded.) 2.3 MS. KING: And just for the record, these are 24 stipulations by both parties to State's Exhibit 1, 2, 3. 25 is a chain of custody inventory sheet, photographs, as well as

the cyber tip.

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MS. CHOI: With regard to one of the items, there was a typo.

MS. KING: Okay. I don't know if you wanted to read the stipulations to the jury.

THE COURT: All right, ladies and gentlemen, the parties have stipulated to certain exhibits, that is, they have agreed that these exhibits are admissible and stipulations — and I don't know, there may be other stipulations during the course of the trial. Sometimes counsel may stipulate as to what a certain witness may testify without the necessity of calling the witness. Or they may stipulate to certain facts. In this case, they have stipulated as to the chain of custody and inventory sheet. That would — excuse me — and those items have been marked State's Exhibit 1, cyber tip line report, 8588030, priority level E, report submitted by registered electronic service provider.

This exhibit has been admitted into evidence by stipulation of the parties, or by agreement of the parties. And you'll get a copy of this exhibit when you go back to deliberate, as with all exhibits.

Exhibit 2 is chain of custody as to certain items that were seized by law enforcement and the chain of custody is essentially the way of showing that an item of evidence that was taken by the police has remained in police custody. That

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is, that it has been kept somewhere where it could not be
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2.
   altered or changed or tampered with. That is Exhibit 2.
              Exhibit 3 consists of photographs of certain items
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   that were taken into police custody pursuant to a search and
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   seizure warrant.
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              Counsel, I have here a number of photographs.
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   they marked collectively?
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              MS. KING:
                         Just collectively as a packet, Your Honor.
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              MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: As what? Exhibit 4?
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              MS. KING: That should be Exhibit -- I believe that's
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    3.
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              THE COURT: 3 is the photographs -- but these -- have
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   they been marked?
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             MS. KING: Those are all photographs, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: But have they been marked collectively or
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    individually or --
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              MS. KING:
                         Collectively as Exhibit 3.
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              MS. CHOI:
                         They should be marked.
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              THE COURT: But that applies to --
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              THE CLERK: All of them, yes.
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              THE COURT: So Exhibit 3 actually consists of a
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   number of photographs. All right, so all these items have been
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   admitted into evidence by stipulation. And what that means is
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   you don't have to have someone testifying from the witness
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1	stand what these items represent.
2	All right, ladies and gentlemen, I'm going to excuse
3	you for the day. Tomorrow we will begin with testimony. We'll
4	begin with the State's case. We're going to start at 9:30. I
5	would ask that you be here perhaps by quarter after, and we'll
6	try to get started promptly. Yes?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Do we come directly up here?
8	THE COURT: I assume they report to a room on the
9	where you were this morning. Okay?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay, thank you.
11	THE COURT: I'm not real familiar with it.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: And you said by 9:15?
13	THE COURT: Yes, 9:15. We'll try to start at 9:30.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Do we leave the books or do we
15	take them with us?
16	THE CLERK: You can leave them on your chair.
17	THE COURT: I guess you should put that with
18	THE CLERK: The stipulations?
19	THE COURT: Here's the second page. All right, we
20	are adjourned.
21	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
22	MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
23	(The proceedings were concluded.)
24	

 $\sqrt{}$ Digitally signed by Patricia H. Musso

DIGITALLY SIGNED CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. hereby certifies that the attached pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the Circuit Court for Frederick County in the matter of:

Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

STATE OF MARYLAND

V.

ABE ARJUN MALLIK

By:

Patricia H. Musso

Patrice & Musho

Transcriber

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v. : Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

Defendant.

JURY TRIAL

Frederick, Maryland

June 2, 2017

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. 12321 Middlebrook Road, Suite 210 Germantown, Maryland 20874 (301) 881-3344

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v.

: Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

:

Defendant.

:

: -----X

Frederick, Maryland

June 2, 2017

WHEREUPON, the proceedings in the above-entitled matter commenced

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE SCOTT L. ROLLE, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE:

JOYCE KING, Esq. Assistant State's Attorney 100 West Patrick Street Frederick, Maryland 21701

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

SUN CHOI, Esq.
DC Metro Law, LLC
7820 B. Wormans Mill Road
Frederick, Maryland 21701

I N D E X

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Verdict	16

PROCEEDINGS 2 THE BAILIFF: All rise. The Circuit Court for Frederick County is now in session. The Honorable Scott 3 4 Lawrence Rolle presiding. 5 THE COURT: Good morning, everyone. Please be seated. 6 7 MS. KING: Good morning, Your Honor, Joyce King on behalf of the State. 8 THE COURT: Ms. King, good morning. 9 10 MS. KING: If I may call State of Maryland v. Abe 11 Mallik? 12 MS. CHOI: Good morning, Your Honor, for the record, 13 Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, who is standing to my 14 left. 15 THE COURT: Ms. Choi, good morning, and good morning, sir. Tell me your name please. 16 17 MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik. 18 THE COURT: All right, sir. 19 MS. KING: And, Your Honor, I believe --20 THE COURT: I'm just going to bring the jury in --21 MS. KING: -- do you just want to bring --22 THE COURT: -- call the roll and then send them back 23 out. 24 MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Okay. That will work.

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1	MS. KING: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Just wanted to explain why I'm sitting
3	here instead of the other guy.
4	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	MS. CHOI: Thank you.
6	(The jury entered the courtroom.)
7	THE COURT: Okay, Madam Clerk, would you please call
8	the roll?
9	THE CLERK: Juror No. 1.
10	JUROR NO. 1: (No audible response.)
11	THE CLERK: Juror No 2.
12	JUROR NO. 2: (No audible response.)
13	THE CLERK: Juror No. 3.
14	JUROR NO. 3: (No audible response.)
15	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4.
16	JUROR NO. 4: (No audible response.)
17	THE CLERK: Juror No. 5.
18	JUROR NO. 5: (No audible response.)
19	THE CLERK: Juror No. 6.
20	JUROR NO. 6: (No audible response.)
21	THE CLERK: Juror No. 7.
22	JUROR NO. 7: (No audible response.)
23	THE CLERK: Juror No. 8.
24	JUROR NO. 8: (No audible response.)
25	THE CLERK: Juror No. 9.

1 JUROR NO. 9: (No audible response.) 2. THE CLERK: Juror No. 10. JUROR NO. 10: (No audible response.) 3 4 THE CLERK: Juror No. 11. 5 JUROR NO. 11: (No audible response.) THE CLERK: Juror No. 12. 6 7 JUROR NO. 12: (No audible response. 8 THE COURT: Okay, thanks. Good morning, ladies and 9 gentlemen. My name is Judge Scott Rolle. You're probably 10 wondering why Judge Galloway is not here this morning. He's a 11 retired senior judge and so he was only here for the two days. 12 So I'll be taking the verdict from you in this case. Nothing 13 else has changed at all, but I did want to reconvene you to let 14 you know why you'll be seeing me when you come back in the 15 courtroom with any questions or when you reach your verdict. 16 Now that we've called the roll, you can reconvene to 17 the jury deliberation room to resume your deliberations. 18 you have a question, write it down, knock on the door, hand it 19 to the deputy and once you reach a verdict, knock on the door 20 and let the deputy know and we'll reconvene everybody. 21 you very much. Hope you had a good weekend and we'll see you 22 shortly. Actually it's Friday. It feels like Monday to me. 2.3 (The jury retired to deliberate.) 24 THE COURT: All right, counsel, thank you very much 25 and we'll see you --

1	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: when the time comes.
3	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. King.
5	MS. KING: If I may defer to Mr. Weddle?.
6	THE COURT: You may. Thank you, Mr. Weddle, good
7	morning, sir.
8	MR. WETTLE: Good morning, Your Honor.
9	MS. KING: And if we could just have one moment? We
10	need to switch out?
11	THE COURT: Sure.
12	(Recess)
13	THE BAILIFF: All rise.
14	THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone. Please be
15	seated. Ms. King.
16	MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Joyce King on
17	behalf of State, the State of Maryland v. Abe Mallik.
18	MS. CHOI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. For the
19	record, Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, standing to my
20	left.
21	THE COURT: Sir, tell me your name please.
22	MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Do you have the note?
24	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The note?
25	THE COURT: Yeah, so they're on my, they're on my

desk. 1 2. Okay. We have two notes from the jury. You've gotten a copy, Ms. King? 3 4 MS. KING: Yes, Honor. 5 THE COURT: Ms. Choi, you've gotten a copy? MS. CHOI: I do. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MS. KING: As to count, as to the first question, is 9 this correct, all our, all counts are possession, I think, a 10 simple yes, this is -- all counts are possession of child 11 pornography. 12 MS. CHOI: I agree, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. So count, on the first question, 14 you just want me to answer yes? Is the State satisfied with 15 that --16 MS. KING: Yes. THE COURT: -- defense satisfied? 17 18 MS. KING: All counts are child pornography. 19 THE COURT: A simple yes? 20 MS. CHOI: Yes. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, all counts --22 MS. KING: Are child pornography, possession of --2.3 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MS. KING: -- child pornography. 25 THE COURT: Okay. Now with regard to the second

question, they wanted a definition of possession. 1 2. MS. KING: Yeah, I don't think it's appropriate to give them a legal definition at this point. I think that if 3 4 they need to hear the re-reading of what child pornography is, 5 and the definitions that are contained within that instruction, 6 that might be appropriate, but I --7 THE COURT: Let me, let me ask you this. Did Judge 8 Galloway give them a copy of the instructions when they went 9 back? 10 MS. KING: No, and we can give them a -- I don't, I 11 have no problem with them getting a copy. 12 MS. CHOI: That's fine, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. I usually do that. That's why I 14 was curious whether --15 MS. KING: Yeah, I think it's appropriate. 16 THE COURT: -- he did. 17 MS. CHOI: I think that would be helpful, yes. 18 THE COURT: In fact, it keeps a lot of questions 19 down --20 MS. KING: Yes. 21 THE COURT: -- frankly. So with, if there's no 22 objection, I will allow the jury to take a copy of the --2.3 MS. CHOI: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Here's what I would say on question two. 25 You have to refer to the jury instructions that Judge Galloway

1	gave you.
2	MS. CHOI: Uh-huh.
3	THE COURT: And I'm going to give you a copy of them
4	so you can refer back to them.
5	MS. CHOI: Yes.
6	MS. KING: That's fine.
7	THE COURT: Work?
8	MS. CHOI: Perfect.
9	MS. KING: Yeah.
10	THE COURT: Works for State, works for defense.
11	MS. CHOI: Yes.
12	THE COURT: All right. If, counsel, if you don't
13	mind coming forward and both signing these with your date and
14	the time please?
15	(Discussion off the record.)
16	THE COURT: Oh, they have copies of the jury
17	instructions?
18	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, they
19	THE COURT: I thought you meant these?
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, the jury
21	THE COURT: Judge Galloway gave it to them? Then
22	I'll just tell them to refer to the ones
23	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah.
24	THE COURT: that the Judge gave them.
25	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, I gave them the copies.

1 THE COURT: Excellent. 2. MS. KING: Oh, okay. I thought that most judges did that now, 3 THE COURT: 4 so I was surprised. Okay. All right. Counsel, you can step 5 I want to make sure the record is clear just to make 6 sure. 7 We've received two notes from the jury. The first one, I'll just read it into the record even though it will be, 9 become a copy of the Court's, part of the Court's file. Can 10 the Court clarify the charges associated with each count? Our 11 current understanding based on the evidence is that Counts 1 12 through 8, the e-mail change, is distribution and that Counts 9 13 through 11 are for possession. Is this correct or are all, all capitalized, counts possession? 14 1.5 Both counsel are present with the defendant in this 16 case and they have indicated to me they simply wish me to 17 answer that question by saying, yes, all counts are for 18 possession. 19 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I would like to add something 20 to that. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. CHOI: All counts should be knowingly possess --I would --2.3 MS. KING: 24 MS. CHOI: -- because that is the actual charge of 25 each and every single count. So just for the record, to

1 preserve the record, the defense would request that the jury be 2. provided with the answer that all counts, 1 through 11, is knowingly possessed child pornography. 3 4 MS. KING: And the State would object. The charge is 5 possession of child pornography and they have the instruction 6 that defines knowingly. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Your objection is noted for the record. So we'll proceed as we discussed before. 9 Now the second question says, "Can the Court define possession as it pertains to e-mail exchange? In Counts 1 10 11 through 8, we know these photos were sent from one e-mail 12 account to another, but none were found on any of his devices. 13 What does the law define as possession?" 14 Both counsel have asked the Court to simply tell them 15 that they need to refer back to the instructions given to them by Judge Galloway and they were given copies of those and they 16 17 should refer back to those and that's the end of the answer. 18 Is that correct --19 MS. KING: Yes. 20 THE COURT: -- State? Is that correct, defense? 21 MS. CHOI: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Okay. You can bring the jury in. 2.3 (The jury entered the courtroom.)

that all 12 jurors are present. Ladies and gentlemen, thank

THE COURT: Okay. The Court will note for the record

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you. You've given two notes to the Court which I have discussed with counsel and we're going to answer them in the following way.

The first note you gave asked can the Court clarify the charges associated with each count. Our current understanding, based on the evidence, is that Counts 1 through 8, the e-mail exchange, is distribution, and that Counts 9 through 11 are for possession. Is this correct or are all counts possession?" All counts are possession.

On the second question you asked, "Can the Court define possession as it pertains to e-mail exchanges? In Counts 1 through 8 we know those photos were sent from one e-mail account to another, but none were found on any of his devices. What does the law define as possession?"

The answer to that question is I, I assume that you were allowed to take back a copy of Judge Galloway's instructions with you, is that correct? You have those?

THE JURY: It is.

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THE COURT: The answer that I have to give you is you have to refer to the Judge's instructions. Look there for your answer, okay?

All right. Thank you very much. If you have any other questions, please knock on the door, or notes, and let my bailiff know and when you've reached a verdict, please knock on the door and let my bailiff know.

1		MS. CHOI: Thank you. Thank you, Your Honor.
2		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, thank you. Did you
3	guys, you	got lunch and everything, correct?
4		THE JURY: Yes. Thank you.
5		JUROR: That was very good.
6		THE COURT: All right, excellent. You're welcome.
7	This will	become part of the record.)
8		(The jury retired to deliberate.)
9		THE COURT: Anything else, State?
10		MS. KING: Nothing further, Your Honor.
11		THE COURT: Anything else, defense?
12		MS. CHOI: No.
13		THE COURT: All right, counsel, thank you very much.
14		MS. CHOI: Thank you.
15		THE BAILIFF: All rise.
16		THE COURT: We're in recess.
17		(Recess)
18		THE COURT: Shortly. Ms. King, you can come on up.
19		UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, Your Honor.
20		THE COURT: Ms. Choi, you can come on up.
21		MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Joyce King on
22	behalf of	the State.
23		THE COURT: If you don't mind calling the case?
24		MS. KING: State of Maryland v
25		THE COURT: Yeah, thanks.

1 MS. KING: State of Maryland v. Abe Mallik. 2. THE COURT: Okay. May it please the Court, Your Honor, Sun 3 MS. CHOI: 4 Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik. 5 THE COURT: Sir, tell me your name please. 6 MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay. The jury has indicated they have 8 reached a verdict. Are you ready to receive that, Madam State? 9 MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Defense? 11 MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: I assume that they received a verdict 13 sheet? 14 MS. KING: Yes --15 MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. MS. KING: -- Your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Do you know? Okay. Good. You can bring 18 the jury in. 19 (The jury entered the courtroom.) 20 THE COURT: Okay. The Court will note for the record 21 all -- you may be seated, ladies and gentlemen -- that the, all 22 the 12 jurors are present. Judge Galloway probably told you this, ladies and gentlemen, but let me just explain to you how 2.3 24 this works. In a minute, you're going to be asked by the clerk 25 a couple questions. The first one is, ladies and gentlemen of

the jury, have you reached a verdict? If you have, as you've 1 2. indicated, you will all say in unison, we have. The next question she'll say is, who shall say for you? You will say in 3 4 unison, our foreperson, forewoman, foreman, what -- are you the 5 foreman, sir? 6 (No audible response.) 7 THE COURT: Okay. Who, you'll say our foreman together in unison. Sir, then you will then stand up and she 9 will ask you the questions on the verdict sheet and you will give the answers to them. Then there will be a harkening and 10 11 perhaps some polling, things of that nature, okay? So that's 12 how that's going to work. Madam Clerk. Oh, go ahead. 13 VERDICT 14 THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, have 15 you agreed upon your verdict? 16 THE JURY: We have.

THE CLERK: Who shall speak for you?

THE CLERK: Our foreman.

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THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Foreman, please stand.

THE CLERK: How do you found the defendant, Abe Mallik, guilty or not guilty, as to the charges of Count 1, possession of child pornography?

THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.

THE CLERK: As to Count 2, how do you find the defendant as to the charge of possession of child pornography?

1		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
2		THE CLERK: As to Count 3, how do you find the
3	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
4		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
5		THE CLERK: As to Count 4, how do you find the
6	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
7		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
8		THE CLERK: As to Count 5, how do you find the
9	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
10		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
11		THE CLERK: As to Count 6, how do you find the
12	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
13		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
14		THE CLERK: As to Count 7, how do you find the
15	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
16		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
17		THE CLERK: As to Count 8, how do you find the
18	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
19		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
20		THE CLERK: As to Count 9, how do you find the
21	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
22		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
23		THE CLERK: As to Count 10, how do you find the
24	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
25		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.

1	THE CLERK: As to Count 11, how do you find the
2	defendant as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
3	THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
4	THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, harken
5	to your verdict for the Court as recorded it. Your foreperson
6	states that the defendant, Abe Mallik, is guilty and so you
7	all, if so, please respond, I do.
8	THE JURY: I do.
9	THE COURT: Would anybody like the jury polled?
10	MS. CHOI: No, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: No? Okay.
12	MS. CHOI: Oh, actually, yes.
13	THE COURT: Yes? All right. If you don't mind,
14	Madam Clerk?
15	THE CLERK: No. 12, do you find, is the verdict
16	guilty?
17	JUROR NO. 12: Yes.
18	THE CLERK: Juror 11, do you find the verdict as
19	guilty?
20	JUROR NO. 11: Yes.
21	THE CLERK: Juror 10, do you find the verdict as
22	guilty?
23	JUROR NO. 10: Yes.
24	THE CLERK: Juror No. 9, do you find the verdict as
25	guilty?

1		JUROR NO. 9: Yes.
2		THE CLERK: Juror No. 8, do you find the verdict as
3	guilty?	
4		JUROR NO. 8: Yes.
5		THE CLERK: Juror No. 7, do you find the verdict as
6	guilty?	
7		JUROR NO. 7: Yes.
8		THE CLERK: Juror No. 6, do you find the verdict as
9	guilty?	
10		JUROR NO. 6: Yes.
11		THE CLERK: Juror No. 5, do you find the verdict as
12	guilty?	
13		
10		
14		JUROR NO. 5: Yes.
		JUROR NO. 5: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as
14	guilty?	
14 15	guilty?	
14 15 16	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as
14 15 16 17	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
14 15 16 17	-	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18	-	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	-	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 2, do you find the verdict as

JUROR NO. 1: Yes.

2.

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THE COURT: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, on behalf of the citizens of Frederick County and all of the parties and the court system here, we appreciate your service. We understand we've taken you out of your lives for, I think, three days, four days, something of that nature, and we do very much appreciate it. This is a civic duty that you've done and we do appreciate the time that you've given us.

You are now free to discuss the case with anybody you wish. If the lawyers want to talk to you and you're willing to do that, you can. You do not have to. If you want to just leave and not speak of it again, you're welcome to do that, but you are free to, to speak about it if you wish.

Again, thank you, you're free to go. If there's any belongings you have back in the jury room, you can go pick them up and that's where you'll leave from. And you'll get your cell phones back as well. And, again, thank you very much. Please have a great weekend and we appreciate your service.

(The jury was discharged.)

THE COURT: State as to sentencing.

MS. KING: Your Honor, I believe that Judge Galloway indicated to us that he would want a presentence investigation as well as a full psychosexual evaluation prior to sentencing.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. KING: If the Court could order that? The State

would also make a motion. There are images of child 1 2. pornography that were entered into evidence. If we could have that placed under seal? 3 4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 MS. CHOI: That is correct, Your Honor. The Judge was going to order the presentencing. 6 THE COURT: All right. This Court will order a PSI, 7 8 presentence investigation, and a psychosexual evaluation to be 9 The child pornography images that were introduced in included. 10 evidence are hereby sealed. How long do you want for 11 sentencing? 12 MS. KING: I'll defer to counsel. 13 THE COURT: Ms. Choi? 14 MS. CHOI: I would say at least an hour. 15 THE COURT: Okay, an hour? And how much time do you want between now and sentencing? 16 17 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, for the PSI, I would ask for 18 approximately 30 days. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to go eight weeks out. 20 MS. CHOI: Okay. 21 THE COURT: Will that work? Okay. 22 MS. CHOI: That's --2.3 THE COURT: All right. This sentencing will be set 24 in for Thursday, August 3, 2017, at 9:00 a.m. State as to 2.5 bond?

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MS. KING: The State would make a motion to revoke
1
2.
   bond at this time.
              THE COURT: Defendant's bond is revoked.
 3
 4
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, what was the date of that?
 5
             THE COURT: August --
             MS. KING: 3rd.
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Third.
 8
              THE COURT: -- 3rd, correct. That's a Thursday at 9
 9
   o'clock.
10
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, at this point could I request
11
   for -- can we approach?
12
              THE COURT: Sure can.
13
              (Bench conference follows:)
14
              THE COURT: Yes?
15
             MS. CHOI: I'm just asking the State, is there a
16
   reason --
17
             MS. KING: The State would move to revoke the bond
18
   based on the evidence of him communicating with minor children
19
   and the nature of the charges, I think it's appropriate to
20
   revoke his bond.
             MS. CHOI: Could we, well, I don't think --
21
22
             MS. KING: You could, you could request a bond --
2.3
             MS. CHOI: -- Your Honor --
24
             MS. KING: -- review.
25
             MS. CHOI: Yeah. I mean as soon as possible because
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he has not done anything for the last year in terms of any kind
1
2.
   of safety communication or any of that. So at this point I
   don't think that's appropriate, Your Honor --
 3
 4
              THE COURT: Okay.
 5
              MS. CHOI: -- and it's a first-time offender and the
 6
   guidelines were literally probation to six months.
7
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MS. CHOI: I would ask that Your Honor consider the
 8
 9
   bond.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. I'm, I'm going to revoke it now,
11
   but I will consider a bond hearing if you'd like.
12
              MS. CHOI:
                        Okay.
13
              THE COURT: Just file the motion and I'll set it in.
14
              MS. CHOI:
                         Okav.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Okay? Because I, I want more information
   because right now the sentence that he's facing is substantial.
16
17
              MS. CHOI:
                        Okay.
              THE COURT: Okay?
18
19
              MS. CHOI:
                         I'll file it right away.
20
             MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
22
              MS. KING:
                         Thank you.
2.3
              (Bench conference concluded.)
24
              THE COURT: Thank you.
25
              MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
```

	THE COURT: Yes.
2	MS. CHOI: For the record, I will go ahead and file
3	for the defendant the motion for
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. CHOI: a bond review.
6	THE COURT: And I'll, I'll hear that, okay?
7	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. If I may be
8	excused?
9	THE COURT: You may. Thank you. Ms. Choi, you're
10	excused as well.
11	MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	(The proceedings were concluded.)
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
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 $\underline{\sqrt{}}$ Digitally signed by Tracy Hahn

DIGITALLY SIGNED CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. hereby certifies that the attached pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the Circuit Court for Frederick County in the matter of:

Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

STATE OF MARYLAND

V.

ABE MALLIK

By:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v. : Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

Defendant.

JURY TRIAL

Frederick, Maryland

June 2, 2017

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. 12321 Middlebrook Road, Suite 210 Germantown, Maryland 20874 (301) 881-3344

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v.

: Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

:

Defendant.

----X

nt.

Frederick, Maryland

June 2, 2017

WHEREUPON, the proceedings in the above-entitled matter commenced

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE SCOTT L. ROLLE, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE:

JOYCE KING, Esq. Assistant State's Attorney 100 West Patrick Street Frederick, Maryland 21701

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

SUN CHOI, Esq.
DC Metro Law, LLC
7820 B. Wormans Mill Road
Frederick, Maryland 21701

I N D E X

	Page
Verdict	16

PROCEEDINGS 1 2 THE BAILIFF: All rise. The Circuit Court for Frederick County is now in session. The Honorable Scott 3 4 Lawrence Rolle presiding. 5 THE COURT: Good morning, everyone. Please be seated. 6 7 MS. KING: Good morning, Your Honor, Joyce King on behalf of the State. 8 THE COURT: Ms. King, good morning. 9 10 MS. KING: If I may call State of Maryland v. Abe 11 Mallik? 12 MS. CHOI: Good morning, Your Honor, for the record, 13 Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, who is standing to my 14 left. 15 THE COURT: Ms. Choi, good morning, and good morning, sir. Tell me your name please. 16 17 MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik. 18 THE COURT: All right, sir. 19 MS. KING: And, Your Honor, I believe --20 THE COURT: I'm just going to bring the jury in --21 MS. KING: -- do you just want to bring --22 THE COURT: -- call the roll and then send them back 23 out. 24 MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Okay. That will work.

1	MS. KING: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Just wanted to explain why I'm sitting
3	here instead of the other guy.
4	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	MS. CHOI: Thank you.
6	(The jury entered the courtroom.)
7	THE COURT: Okay, Madam Clerk, would you please call
8	the roll?
9	THE CLERK: Juror No. 1.
10	JUROR NO. 1: (No audible response.)
11	THE CLERK: Juror No 2.
12	JUROR NO. 2: (No audible response.)
13	THE CLERK: Juror No. 3.
14	JUROR NO. 3: (No audible response.)
15	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4.
16	JUROR NO. 4: (No audible response.)
17	THE CLERK: Juror No. 5.
18	JUROR NO. 5: (No audible response.)
19	THE CLERK: Juror No. 6.
20	JUROR NO. 6: (No audible response.)
21	THE CLERK: Juror No. 7.
22	JUROR NO. 7: (No audible response.)
23	THE CLERK: Juror No. 8.
24	JUROR NO. 8: (No audible response.)
25	THE CLERK: Juror No. 9.

JUROR NO. 9: (No audible response.) 1 2. THE CLERK: Juror No. 10. JUROR NO. 10: (No audible response.) 3 4 THE CLERK: Juror No. 11. 5 JUROR NO. 11: (No audible response.) THE CLERK: Juror No. 12. 6 7 JUROR NO. 12: (No audible response. 8 THE COURT: Okay, thanks. Good morning, ladies and 9 gentlemen. My name is Judge Scott Rolle. You're probably 10 wondering why Judge Galloway is not here this morning. He's a 11 retired senior judge and so he was only here for the two days. 12 So I'll be taking the verdict from you in this case. Nothing 13 else has changed at all, but I did want to reconvene you to let 14 you know why you'll be seeing me when you come back in the 15 courtroom with any questions or when you reach your verdict. 16 Now that we've called the roll, you can reconvene to 17 the jury deliberation room to resume your deliberations. 18 you have a question, write it down, knock on the door, hand it 19 to the deputy and once you reach a verdict, knock on the door 20 and let the deputy know and we'll reconvene everybody. 21 you very much. Hope you had a good weekend and we'll see you 22 shortly. Actually it's Friday. It feels like Monday to me. 2.3 (The jury retired to deliberate.) 24 THE COURT: All right, counsel, thank you very much 25 and we'll see you --

1	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: when the time comes.
3	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. King.
5	MS. KING: If I may defer to Mr. Weddle?.
6	THE COURT: You may. Thank you, Mr. Weddle, good
7	morning, sir.
8	MR. WETTLE: Good morning, Your Honor.
9	MS. KING: And if we could just have one moment? We
10	need to switch out?
11	THE COURT: Sure.
12	(Recess)
13	THE BAILIFF: All rise.
14	THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone. Please be
15	seated. Ms. King.
16	MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Joyce King on
17	behalf of State, the State of Maryland v. Abe Mallik.
18	MS. CHOI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. For the
19	record, Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, standing to my
20	left.
21	THE COURT: Sir, tell me your name please.
22	MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Do you have the note?
24	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The note?
25	THE COURT: Yeah, so they're on my, they're on my

desk. 1 2. Okay. We have two notes from the jury. You've gotten a copy, Ms. King? 3 4 MS. KING: Yes, Honor. 5 THE COURT: Ms. Choi, you've gotten a copy? MS. CHOI: I do. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. MS. KING: As to count, as to the first question, is 8 9 this correct, all our, all counts are possession, I think, a 10 simple yes, this is -- all counts are possession of child 11 pornography. 12 MS. CHOI: I agree, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. So count, on the first question, 14 you just want me to answer yes? Is the State satisfied with 15 that --16 MS. KING: Yes. THE COURT: -- defense satisfied? 17 18 MS. KING: All counts are child pornography. 19 THE COURT: A simple yes? 20 MS. CHOI: Yes. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, all counts --22 MS. KING: Are child pornography, possession of --2.3 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MS. KING: -- child pornography. 25 THE COURT: Okay. Now with regard to the second

question, they wanted a definition of possession. 1 2. MS. KING: Yeah, I don't think it's appropriate to give them a legal definition at this point. I think that if 3 4 they need to hear the re-reading of what child pornography is, and the definitions that are contained within that instruction, 5 6 that might be appropriate, but I --7 THE COURT: Let me, let me ask you this. Did Judge 8 Galloway give them a copy of the instructions when they went 9 back? 10 MS. KING: No, and we can give them a -- I don't, I 11 have no problem with them getting a copy. 12 MS. CHOI: That's fine, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. I usually do that. That's why I 14 was curious whether --15 MS. KING: Yeah, I think it's appropriate. 16 THE COURT: -- he did. 17 MS. CHOI: I think that would be helpful, yes. 18 THE COURT: In fact, it keeps a lot of questions 19 down --20 MS. KING: Yes. 21 THE COURT: -- frankly. So with, if there's no 22 objection, I will allow the jury to take a copy of the --2.3 MS. CHOI: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Here's what I would say on question two. 25 You have to refer to the jury instructions that Judge Galloway

1	gave you.
2	MS. CHOI: Uh-huh.
3	THE COURT: And I'm going to give you a copy of them
4	so you can refer back to them.
5	MS. CHOI: Yes.
6	MS. KING: That's fine.
7	THE COURT: Work?
8	MS. CHOI: Perfect.
9	MS. KING: Yeah.
10	THE COURT: Works for State, works for defense.
11	MS. CHOI: Yes.
12	THE COURT: All right. If, counsel, if you don't
13	mind coming forward and both signing these with your date and
14	the time please?
15	(Discussion off the record.)
16	THE COURT: Oh, they have copies of the jury
17	instructions?
18	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, they
19	THE COURT: I thought you meant these?
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, the jury
21	THE COURT: Judge Galloway gave it to them? Then
22	I'll just tell them to refer to the ones
23	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah.
24	THE COURT: that the Judge gave them.
25	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, I gave them the copies.

1 THE COURT: Excellent. 2. MS. KING: Oh, okay. I thought that most judges did that now, 3 THE COURT: 4 so I was surprised. Okay. All right. Counsel, you can step 5 I want to make sure the record is clear just to make 6 sure. 7 We've received two notes from the jury. The first one, I'll just read it into the record even though it will be, 9 become a copy of the Court's, part of the Court's file. Can 10 the Court clarify the charges associated with each count? Our 11 current understanding based on the evidence is that Counts 1 12 through 8, the e-mail change, is distribution and that Counts 9 13 through 11 are for possession. Is this correct or are all, all capitalized, counts possession? 14 1.5 Both counsel are present with the defendant in this 16 case and they have indicated to me they simply wish me to 17 answer that question by saying, yes, all counts are for 18 possession. 19 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I would like to add something 20 to that. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. CHOI: All counts should be knowingly possess --I would --2.3 MS. KING: 24 MS. CHOI: -- because that is the actual charge of 25 each and every single count. So just for the record, to

1 preserve the record, the defense would request that the jury be 2. provided with the answer that all counts, 1 through 11, is knowingly possessed child pornography. 3 4 MS. KING: And the State would object. The charge is 5 possession of child pornography and they have the instruction 6 that defines knowingly. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Your objection is noted for the record. So we'll proceed as we discussed before. 9 Now the second question says, "Can the Court define possession as it pertains to e-mail exchange? In Counts 1 10 11 through 8, we know these photos were sent from one e-mail 12 account to another, but none were found on any of his devices. 13 What does the law define as possession?" 14

Both counsel have asked the Court to simply tell them that they need to refer back to the instructions given to them by Judge Galloway and they were given copies of those and they should refer back to those and that's the end of the answer.

Is that correct --

MS. KING: Yes.

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THE COURT: -- State? Is that correct, defense?

MS. CHOI: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. You can bring the jury in.

(The jury entered the courtroom.)

THE COURT: Okay. The Court will note for the record that all 12 jurors are present. Ladies and gentlemen, thank

you. You've given two notes to the Court which I have discussed with counsel and we're going to answer them in the following way.

The first note you gave asked can the Court clarify the charges associated with each count. Our current understanding, based on the evidence, is that Counts 1 through 8, the e-mail exchange, is distribution, and that Counts 9 through 11 are for possession. Is this correct or are all counts possession?" All counts are possession.

On the second question you asked, "Can the Court define possession as it pertains to e-mail exchanges? In Counts 1 through 8 we know those photos were sent from one e-mail account to another, but none were found on any of his devices. What does the law define as possession?"

The answer to that question is I, I assume that you were allowed to take back a copy of Judge Galloway's instructions with you, is that correct? You have those?

THE JURY: It is.

2.

1.5

2.3

THE COURT: The answer that I have to give you is you have to refer to the Judge's instructions. Look there for your answer, okay?

All right. Thank you very much. If you have any other questions, please knock on the door, or notes, and let my bailiff know and when you've reached a verdict, please knock on the door and let my bailiff know.

1		MS. CHOI: Thank you. Thank you, Your Honor.
2		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, thank you. Did you
3	guys, you	got lunch and everything, correct?
4		THE JURY: Yes. Thank you.
5		JUROR: That was very good.
6		THE COURT: All right, excellent. You're welcome.
7	This will	become part of the record.)
8		(The jury retired to deliberate.)
9		THE COURT: Anything else, State?
10		MS. KING: Nothing further, Your Honor.
11		THE COURT: Anything else, defense?
12		MS. CHOI: No.
13		THE COURT: All right, counsel, thank you very much.
14		MS. CHOI: Thank you.
15		THE BAILIFF: All rise.
16		THE COURT: We're in recess.
17		(Recess)
18		THE COURT: Shortly. Ms. King, you can come on up.
19		UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, Your Honor.
20		THE COURT: Ms. Choi, you can come on up.
21		MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Joyce King on
22	behalf of	the State.
23		THE COURT: If you don't mind calling the case?
24		MS. KING: State of Maryland v
25		THE COURT: Yeah, thanks.

1 MS. KING: State of Maryland v. Abe Mallik. 2. THE COURT: Okay. May it please the Court, Your Honor, Sun 3 MS. CHOI: 4 Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik. 5 THE COURT: Sir, tell me your name please. 6 MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay. The jury has indicated they have 8 reached a verdict. Are you ready to receive that, Madam State? 9 MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Defense? 11 MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: I assume that they received a verdict 13 sheet? 14 MS. KING: Yes --15 MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. MS. KING: -- Your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Do you know? Okay. Good. You can bring 18 the jury in. 19 (The jury entered the courtroom.) 20 THE COURT: Okay. The Court will note for the record 21 all -- you may be seated, ladies and gentlemen -- that the, all 22 the 12 jurors are present. Judge Galloway probably told you this, ladies and gentlemen, but let me just explain to you how 2.3 24 this works. In a minute, you're going to be asked by the clerk 25 a couple questions. The first one is, ladies and gentlemen of

the jury, have you reached a verdict? If you have, as you've 1 2. indicated, you will all say in unison, we have. The next question she'll say is, who shall say for you? You will say in 3 4 unison, our foreperson, forewoman, foreman, what -- are you the 5 foreman, sir? 6 (No audible response.) 7 THE COURT: Okay. Who, you'll say our foreman together in unison. Sir, then you will then stand up and she 9 will ask you the questions on the verdict sheet and you will 10 give the answers to them. Then there will be a harkening and 11 perhaps some polling, things of that nature, okay? So that's 12 how that's going to work. Madam Clerk. Oh, go ahead. 13 VERDICT 14 THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, have 15 you agreed upon your verdict? 16 THE JURY: We have. 17 THE CLERK: Who shall speak for you? 18 THE CLERK: Our foreman. 19 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Foreman, please stand. 20 THE CLERK: How do you found the defendant, Abe 21 Mallik, guilty or not guilty, as to the charges of Count 1, 22 possession of child pornography?

defendant as to the charge of possession of child pornography?

THE CLERK: As to Count 2, how do you find the

THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.

2.3

24

1		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
2		THE CLERK: As to Count 3, how do you find the
3	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
4		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
5		THE CLERK: As to Count 4, how do you find the
6	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
7		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
8		THE CLERK: As to Count 5, how do you find the
9	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
10		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
11		THE CLERK: As to Count 6, how do you find the
12	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
13		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
14		THE CLERK: As to Count 7, how do you find the
15	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
16		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
17		THE CLERK: As to Count 8, how do you find the
18	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
19		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
20		THE CLERK: As to Count 9, how do you find the
21	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
22		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
23		THE CLERK: As to Count 10, how do you find the
24	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
25		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.

1	THE CLERK: As to Count 11, how do you find the	
2	defendant as to the charge of possession of child pornography?	
3	THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.	
4	THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, harken	
5	to your verdict for the Court as recorded it. Your foreperson	
6	states that the defendant, Abe Mallik, is guilty and so you	
7	all, if so, please respond, I do.	
8	THE JURY: I do.	
9	THE COURT: Would anybody like the jury polled?	
10	MS. CHOI: No, Your Honor.	
11	THE COURT: No? Okay.	
12	MS. CHOI: Oh, actually, yes.	
13	THE COURT: Yes? All right. If you don't mind,	
14	Madam Clerk?	
15	THE CLERK: No. 12, do you find, is the verdict	
16	guilty?	
17	JUROR NO. 12: Yes.	
18	THE CLERK: Juror 11, do you find the verdict as	
19	guilty?	
20	JUROR NO. 11: Yes.	
21	THE CLERK: Juror 10, do you find the verdict as	
22	guilty?	
23	JUROR NO. 10: Yes.	
24	THE CLERK: Juror No. 9, do you find the verdict as	
25	guilty?	

1		JUROR NO. 9: Yes.
2		THE CLERK: Juror No. 8, do you find the verdict as
3	guilty?	
4		JUROR NO. 8: Yes.
5		THE CLERK: Juror No. 7, do you find the verdict as
6	guilty?	
7		JUROR NO. 7: Yes.
8		THE CLERK: Juror No. 6, do you find the verdict as
9	guilty?	
10		JUROR NO. 6: Yes.
11		THE CLERK: Juror No. 5, do you find the verdict as
12	guilty?	
13		
14		JUROR NO. 5: Yes.
		JUROR NO. 5: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as
14	guilty?	
14 15	guilty?	
14 15 16	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as
14 15 16 17	guilty? guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
14 15 16 17		THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18		THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 2, do you find the verdict as

JUROR NO. 1: Yes.

2.

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THE COURT: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, on behalf of the citizens of Frederick County and all of the parties and the court system here, we appreciate your service. We understand we've taken you out of your lives for, I think, three days, four days, something of that nature, and we do very much appreciate it. This is a civic duty that you've done and we do appreciate the time that you've given us.

You are now free to discuss the case with anybody you wish. If the lawyers want to talk to you and you're willing to do that, you can. You do not have to. If you want to just leave and not speak of it again, you're welcome to do that, but you are free to, to speak about it if you wish.

Again, thank you, you're free to go. If there's any belongings you have back in the jury room, you can go pick them up and that's where you'll leave from. And you'll get your cell phones back as well. And, again, thank you very much. Please have a great weekend and we appreciate your service.

(The jury was discharged.)

THE COURT: State as to sentencing.

MS. KING: Your Honor, I believe that Judge Galloway indicated to us that he would want a presentence investigation as well as a full psychosexual evaluation prior to sentencing.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. KING: If the Court could order that? The State

would also make a motion. There are images of child 1 2. pornography that were entered into evidence. If we could have that placed under seal? 3 4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 MS. CHOI: That is correct, Your Honor. The Judge was going to order the presentencing. 6 THE COURT: All right. This Court will order a PSI, 7 8 presentence investigation, and a psychosexual evaluation to be 9 The child pornography images that were introduced in 10 evidence are hereby sealed. How long do you want for 11 sentencing? 12 MS. KING: I'll defer to counsel. 13 THE COURT: Ms. Choi? 14 MS. CHOI: I would say at least an hour. 15 THE COURT: Okay, an hour? And how much time do you want between now and sentencing? 16 17 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, for the PSI, I would ask for 18 approximately 30 days. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to go eight weeks out. 20 MS. CHOI: Okay. 21 THE COURT: Will that work? Okay. 22 MS. CHOI: That's --2.3 THE COURT: All right. This sentencing will be set 24 in for Thursday, August 3, 2017, at 9:00 a.m. State as to 2.5 bond?

```
MS. KING: The State would make a motion to revoke
1
2.
   bond at this time.
              THE COURT: Defendant's bond is revoked.
 3
 4
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, what was the date of that?
 5
             THE COURT: August --
             MS. KING: 3rd.
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Third.
 8
              THE COURT: -- 3rd, correct. That's a Thursday at 9
 9
   o'clock.
10
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, at this point could I request
11
   for -- can we approach?
12
              THE COURT: Sure can.
13
              (Bench conference follows:)
14
              THE COURT: Yes?
15
             MS. CHOI: I'm just asking the State, is there a
16
   reason --
17
             MS. KING: The State would move to revoke the bond
18
   based on the evidence of him communicating with minor children
19
   and the nature of the charges, I think it's appropriate to
20
   revoke his bond.
             MS. CHOI: Could we, well, I don't think --
21
22
             MS. KING: You could, you could request a bond --
2.3
             MS. CHOI: -- Your Honor --
24
             MS. KING: -- review.
25
             MS. CHOI: Yeah. I mean as soon as possible because
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he has not done anything for the last year in terms of any kind
1
2.
   of safety communication or any of that. So at this point I
   don't think that's appropriate, Your Honor --
 3
 4
              THE COURT: Okay.
 5
              MS. CHOI: -- and it's a first-time offender and the
 6
   guidelines were literally probation to six months.
7
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MS. CHOI: I would ask that Your Honor consider the
 8
 9
   bond.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. I'm, I'm going to revoke it now,
11
   but I will consider a bond hearing if you'd like.
12
              MS. CHOI:
                        Okay.
13
              THE COURT: Just file the motion and I'll set it in.
14
              MS. CHOI:
                         Okav.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Okay? Because I, I want more information
   because right now the sentence that he's facing is substantial.
16
17
              MS. CHOI:
                        Okay.
              THE COURT: Okay?
18
19
              MS. CHOI:
                         I'll file it right away.
20
             MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
22
              MS. KING:
                         Thank you.
2.3
              (Bench conference concluded.)
24
              THE COURT: Thank you.
25
              MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
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	THE COURT: Yes.
2	MS. CHOI: For the record, I will go ahead and file
3	for the defendant the motion for
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. CHOI: a bond review.
6	THE COURT: And I'll, I'll hear that, okay?
7	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. If I may be
8	excused?
9	THE COURT: You may. Thank you. Ms. Choi, you're
10	excused as well.
11	MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	(The proceedings were concluded.)
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

 $\underline{\sqrt{}}$ Digitally signed by Tracy Hahn

DIGITALLY SIGNED CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. hereby certifies that the attached pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the Circuit Court for Frederick County in the matter of:

Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

STATE OF MARYLAND

V.

ABE MALLIK

By:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v. : Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

Defendant.

JURY TRIAL

Frederick, Maryland

June 2, 2017

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. 12321 Middlebrook Road, Suite 210 Germantown, Maryland 20874 (301) 881-3344

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IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v. : Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

:

ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

Defendant.

: -----X

Frederick, Maryland

June 2, 2017

WHEREUPON, the proceedings in the above-entitled matter commenced

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE SCOTT L. ROLLE, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE:

JOYCE KING, Esq. Assistant State's Attorney 100 West Patrick Street Frederick, Maryland 21701

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

SUN CHOI, Esq.
DC Metro Law, LLC
7820 B. Wormans Mill Road
Frederick, Maryland 21701

I N D E X

	Page
Verdict	16

2	THE BAILIFF: All rise. The Circuit Court for
3	Frederick County is now in session. The Honorable Scott
4	Lawrence Rolle presiding.
5	THE COURT: Good morning, everyone. Please be
6	seated.
7	MS. KING: Good morning, Your Honor, Joyce King on
8	behalf of the State.
9	THE COURT: Ms. King, good morning.
10	MS. KING: If I may call State of Maryland v. Abe
11	Mallik?
12	MS. CHOI: Good morning, Your Honor, for the record,
13	Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, who is standing to my
14	left.
15	THE COURT: Ms. Choi, good morning, and good morning,
16	sir. Tell me your name please.
17	MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik.
18	THE COURT: All right, sir.
19	MS. KING: And, Your Honor, I believe
20	THE COURT: I'm just going to bring the jury in
21	MS. KING: do you just want to bring
22	THE COURT: call the roll and then send them back
23	out.
24	MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Okay. That will work.

PROCEEDINGS

1

1	MS. KING: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Just wanted to explain why I'm sitting
3	here instead of the other guy.
4	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	MS. CHOI: Thank you.
6	(The jury entered the courtroom.)
7	THE COURT: Okay, Madam Clerk, would you please call
8	the roll?
9	THE CLERK: Juror No. 1.
10	JUROR NO. 1: (No audible response.)
11	THE CLERK: Juror No 2.
12	JUROR NO. 2: (No audible response.)
13	THE CLERK: Juror No. 3.
14	JUROR NO. 3: (No audible response.)
15	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4.
16	JUROR NO. 4: (No audible response.)
17	THE CLERK: Juror No. 5.
18	JUROR NO. 5: (No audible response.)
19	THE CLERK: Juror No. 6.
20	JUROR NO. 6: (No audible response.)
21	THE CLERK: Juror No. 7.
22	JUROR NO. 7: (No audible response.)
23	THE CLERK: Juror No. 8.
24	JUROR NO. 8: (No audible response.)
25	THE CLERK: Juror No. 9.

1 JUROR NO. 9: (No audible response.) 2. THE CLERK: Juror No. 10. JUROR NO. 10: (No audible response.) 3 4 THE CLERK: Juror No. 11. 5 JUROR NO. 11: (No audible response.) THE CLERK: Juror No. 12. 6 7 JUROR NO. 12: (No audible response. 8 THE COURT: Okay, thanks. Good morning, ladies and 9 gentlemen. My name is Judge Scott Rolle. You're probably 10 wondering why Judge Galloway is not here this morning. He's a 11 retired senior judge and so he was only here for the two days. 12 So I'll be taking the verdict from you in this case. Nothing 13 else has changed at all, but I did want to reconvene you to let 14 you know why you'll be seeing me when you come back in the 15 courtroom with any questions or when you reach your verdict. 16 Now that we've called the roll, you can reconvene to 17 the jury deliberation room to resume your deliberations. 18 you have a question, write it down, knock on the door, hand it 19 to the deputy and once you reach a verdict, knock on the door 20 and let the deputy know and we'll reconvene everybody. 21 you very much. Hope you had a good weekend and we'll see you 22 shortly. Actually it's Friday. It feels like Monday to me. 2.3 (The jury retired to deliberate.) 24 THE COURT: All right, counsel, thank you very much 25 and we'll see you --

1	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: when the time comes.
3	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. King.
5	MS. KING: If I may defer to Mr. Weddle?.
6	THE COURT: You may. Thank you, Mr. Weddle, good
7	morning, sir.
8	MR. WETTLE: Good morning, Your Honor.
9	MS. KING: And if we could just have one moment? We
10	need to switch out?
11	THE COURT: Sure.
12	(Recess)
13	THE BAILIFF: All rise.
14	THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone. Please be
15	seated. Ms. King.
16	MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Joyce King on
17	behalf of State, the State of Maryland v. Abe Mallik.
18	MS. CHOI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. For the
19	record, Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, standing to my
20	left.
21	THE COURT: Sir, tell me your name please.
22	MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Do you have the note?
	II
24	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The note?

desk. 2. Okay. We have two notes from the jury. You've gotten a copy, Ms. King? 3 4 MS. KING: Yes, Honor. 5 THE COURT: Ms. Choi, you've gotten a copy? MS. CHOI: I do. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MS. KING: As to count, as to the first question, is 9 this correct, all our, all counts are possession, I think, a 10 simple yes, this is -- all counts are possession of child 11 pornography. 12 MS. CHOI: I agree, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. So count, on the first question, 14 you just want me to answer yes? Is the State satisfied with 15 that --16 MS. KING: Yes. THE COURT: -- defense satisfied? 17 18 MS. KING: All counts are child pornography. 19 THE COURT: A simple yes? 20 MS. CHOI: Yes. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, all counts --22 MS. KING: Are child pornography, possession of --2.3 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MS. KING: -- child pornography. 25 THE COURT: Okay. Now with regard to the second

1

question, they wanted a definition of possession. 1 2. MS. KING: Yeah, I don't think it's appropriate to give them a legal definition at this point. I think that if 3 4 they need to hear the re-reading of what child pornography is, 5 and the definitions that are contained within that instruction, 6 that might be appropriate, but I --7 THE COURT: Let me, let me ask you this. Did Judge 8 Galloway give them a copy of the instructions when they went 9 back? 10 MS. KING: No, and we can give them a -- I don't, I 11 have no problem with them getting a copy. 12 MS. CHOI: That's fine, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. I usually do that. That's why I 14 was curious whether --15 MS. KING: Yeah, I think it's appropriate. 16 THE COURT: -- he did. 17 MS. CHOI: I think that would be helpful, yes. 18 THE COURT: In fact, it keeps a lot of questions 19 down --20 MS. KING: Yes. 21 THE COURT: -- frankly. So with, if there's no 22 objection, I will allow the jury to take a copy of the --2.3 MS. CHOI: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Here's what I would say on question two. 25 You have to refer to the jury instructions that Judge Galloway

1	gave you.
2	MS. CHOI: Uh-huh.
3	THE COURT: And I'm going to give you a copy of them
4	so you can refer back to them.
5	MS. CHOI: Yes.
6	MS. KING: That's fine.
7	THE COURT: Work?
8	MS. CHOI: Perfect.
9	MS. KING: Yeah.
10	THE COURT: Works for State, works for defense.
11	MS. CHOI: Yes.
12	THE COURT: All right. If, counsel, if you don't
13	mind coming forward and both signing these with your date and
14	the time please?
15	(Discussion off the record.)
16	THE COURT: Oh, they have copies of the jury
17	instructions?
18	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, they
19	THE COURT: I thought you meant these?
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, the jury
21	THE COURT: Judge Galloway gave it to them? Then
22	I'll just tell them to refer to the ones
23	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah.
24	THE COURT: that the Judge gave them.
25	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, I gave them the copies.

1 THE COURT: Excellent. 2. MS. KING: Oh, okay. I thought that most judges did that now, 3 THE COURT: 4 so I was surprised. Okay. All right. Counsel, you can step 5 I want to make sure the record is clear just to make 6 sure. 7 We've received two notes from the jury. The first one, I'll just read it into the record even though it will be, 9 become a copy of the Court's, part of the Court's file. Can 10 the Court clarify the charges associated with each count? Our 11 current understanding based on the evidence is that Counts 1 12 through 8, the e-mail change, is distribution and that Counts 9 13 through 11 are for possession. Is this correct or are all, all capitalized, counts possession? 14 1.5 Both counsel are present with the defendant in this 16 case and they have indicated to me they simply wish me to 17 answer that question by saying, yes, all counts are for 18 possession. 19 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I would like to add something 20 to that. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. CHOI: All counts should be knowingly possess --I would --2.3 MS. KING: 24 MS. CHOI: -- because that is the actual charge of

each and every single count. So just for the record, to

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1 preserve the record, the defense would request that the jury be 2. provided with the answer that all counts, 1 through 11, is knowingly possessed child pornography. 3 4 MS. KING: And the State would object. The charge is 5 possession of child pornography and they have the instruction 6 that defines knowingly. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Your objection is noted for the record. So we'll proceed as we discussed before. 9 Now the second question says, "Can the Court define possession as it pertains to e-mail exchange? In Counts 1 10 11 through 8, we know these photos were sent from one e-mail 12 account to another, but none were found on any of his devices. 13 What does the law define as possession?" 14 Both counsel have asked the Court to simply tell them 15 that they need to refer back to the instructions given to them by Judge Galloway and they were given copies of those and they 16 17 should refer back to those and that's the end of the answer. 18 Is that correct --19 MS. KING: Yes. 20 THE COURT: -- State? Is that correct, defense? 21 MS. CHOI: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Okay. You can bring the jury in.

(The jury entered the courtroom.)

that all 12 jurors are present. Ladies and gentlemen, thank

THE COURT: Okay. The Court will note for the record

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you. You've given two notes to the Court which I have discussed with counsel and we're going to answer them in the following way.

The first note you gave asked can the Court clarify the charges associated with each count. Our current understanding, based on the evidence, is that Counts 1 through 8, the e-mail exchange, is distribution, and that Counts 9 through 11 are for possession. Is this correct or are all counts possession?" All counts are possession.

On the second question you asked, "Can the Court define possession as it pertains to e-mail exchanges? In Counts 1 through 8 we know those photos were sent from one e-mail account to another, but none were found on any of his devices. What does the law define as possession?"

The answer to that question is I, I assume that you were allowed to take back a copy of Judge Galloway's instructions with you, is that correct? You have those?

THE JURY: It is.

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THE COURT: The answer that I have to give you is you have to refer to the Judge's instructions. Look there for your answer, okay?

All right. Thank you very much. If you have any other questions, please knock on the door, or notes, and let my bailiff know and when you've reached a verdict, please knock on the door and let my bailiff know.

1		MS. CHOI: Thank you. Thank you, Your Honor.
2		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, thank you. Did you
3	guys, you	got lunch and everything, correct?
4		THE JURY: Yes. Thank you.
5		JUROR: That was very good.
6		THE COURT: All right, excellent. You're welcome.
7	This will	become part of the record.)
8		(The jury retired to deliberate.)
9		THE COURT: Anything else, State?
10		MS. KING: Nothing further, Your Honor.
11		THE COURT: Anything else, defense?
12		MS. CHOI: No.
13		THE COURT: All right, counsel, thank you very much.
14		MS. CHOI: Thank you.
15		THE BAILIFF: All rise.
16		THE COURT: We're in recess.
17		(Recess)
18		THE COURT: Shortly. Ms. King, you can come on up.
19		UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, Your Honor.
20		THE COURT: Ms. Choi, you can come on up.
21		MS. KING: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Joyce King on
22	behalf of	the State.
23		THE COURT: If you don't mind calling the case?
24		MS. KING: State of Maryland v
25		THE COURT: Yeah, thanks.

1 MS. KING: State of Maryland v. Abe Mallik. 2. THE COURT: Okay. May it please the Court, Your Honor, Sun 3 MS. CHOI: 4 Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik. 5 THE COURT: Sir, tell me your name please. 6 MR. MALLIK: Abe Arjun Mallik, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay. The jury has indicated they have 8 reached a verdict. Are you ready to receive that, Madam State? 9 MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Defense? 11 MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: I assume that they received a verdict 13 sheet? 14 MS. KING: Yes --15 MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. 16 MS. KING: -- Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Do you know? Okay. Good. You can bring 18 the jury in. 19 (The jury entered the courtroom.) 20 THE COURT: Okay. The Court will note for the record 21 all -- you may be seated, ladies and gentlemen -- that the, all 22 the 12 jurors are present. Judge Galloway probably told you this, ladies and gentlemen, but let me just explain to you how 2.3 24 this works. In a minute, you're going to be asked by the clerk 25 a couple questions. The first one is, ladies and gentlemen of

the jury, have you reached a verdict? If you have, as you've 1 2. indicated, you will all say in unison, we have. The next question she'll say is, who shall say for you? You will say in 3 4 unison, our foreperson, forewoman, foreman, what -- are you the 5 foreman, sir? 6 (No audible response.) 7 THE COURT: Okay. Who, you'll say our foreman together in unison. Sir, then you will then stand up and she 9 will ask you the questions on the verdict sheet and you will 10 give the answers to them. Then there will be a harkening and 11 perhaps some polling, things of that nature, okay? So that's 12 how that's going to work. Madam Clerk. Oh, go ahead. 13 VERDICT 14 THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, have 15 you agreed upon your verdict? 16 THE JURY: We have. 17 THE CLERK: Who shall speak for you? 18 THE CLERK: Our foreman. 19 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Foreman, please stand.

THE CLERK: How do you found the defendant, Abe Mallik, guilty or not guilty, as to the charges of Count 1, possession of child pornography?

THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.

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THE CLERK: As to Count 2, how do you find the defendant as to the charge of possession of child pornography?

1		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
2		THE CLERK: As to Count 3, how do you find the
3	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
4		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
5		THE CLERK: As to Count 4, how do you find the
6	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
7		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
8		THE CLERK: As to Count 5, how do you find the
9	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
10		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
11		THE CLERK: As to Count 6, how do you find the
12	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
13		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
14		THE CLERK: As to Count 7, how do you find the
15	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
16		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
17		THE CLERK: As to Count 8, how do you find the
18	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
19		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
20		THE CLERK: As to Count 9, how do you find the
21	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
22		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
23		THE CLERK: As to Count 10, how do you find the
24	defendant	as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
25		THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.

1	THE CLERK: As to Count 11, how do you find the
2	defendant as to the charge of possession of child pornography?
3	THE FOREPERSON: Guilty.
4	THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, harken
5	to your verdict for the Court as recorded it. Your foreperson
6	states that the defendant, Abe Mallik, is guilty and so you
7	all, if so, please respond, I do.
8	THE JURY: I do.
9	THE COURT: Would anybody like the jury polled?
10	MS. CHOI: No, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: No? Okay.
12	MS. CHOI: Oh, actually, yes.
13	THE COURT: Yes? All right. If you don't mind,
14	Madam Clerk?
15	THE CLERK: No. 12, do you find, is the verdict
16	guilty?
17	JUROR NO. 12: Yes.
18	THE CLERK: Juror 11, do you find the verdict as
19	guilty?
20	JUROR NO. 11: Yes.
21	THE CLERK: Juror 10, do you find the verdict as
22	guilty?
23	JUROR NO. 10: Yes.
24	THE CLERK: Juror No. 9, do you find the verdict as
25	guilty?

1		JUROR NO. 9: Yes.
2		THE CLERK: Juror No. 8, do you find the verdict as
3	guilty?	
4		JUROR NO. 8: Yes.
5		THE CLERK: Juror No. 7, do you find the verdict as
6	guilty?	
7		JUROR NO. 7: Yes.
8		THE CLERK: Juror No. 6, do you find the verdict as
9	guilty?	
10		JUROR NO. 6: Yes.
11		THE CLERK: Juror No. 5, do you find the verdict as
12	guilty?	
13		
13		
14		JUROR NO. 5: Yes.
		JUROR NO. 5: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as
14	guilty?	
14 15	guilty?	
14 15 16	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as
14 15 16 17	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
14 15 16 17	-	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18	-	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as
14 15 16 17 18 19	-	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	guilty?	THE CLERK: Juror No. 4, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 4: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 3, do you find the verdict as JUROR NO. 3: Yes. THE CLERK: Juror No. 2, do you find the verdict as

JUROR NO. 1: Yes.

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THE COURT: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, on behalf of the citizens of Frederick County and all of the parties and the court system here, we appreciate your service. We understand we've taken you out of your lives for, I think, three days, four days, something of that nature, and we do very much appreciate it. This is a civic duty that you've done and we do appreciate the time that you've given us.

You are now free to discuss the case with anybody you wish. If the lawyers want to talk to you and you're willing to do that, you can. You do not have to. If you want to just leave and not speak of it again, you're welcome to do that, but you are free to, to speak about it if you wish.

Again, thank you, you're free to go. If there's any belongings you have back in the jury room, you can go pick them up and that's where you'll leave from. And you'll get your cell phones back as well. And, again, thank you very much. Please have a great weekend and we appreciate your service.

(The jury was discharged.)

THE COURT: State as to sentencing.

MS. KING: Your Honor, I believe that Judge Galloway indicated to us that he would want a presentence investigation as well as a full psychosexual evaluation prior to sentencing.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. KING: If the Court could order that? The State

would also make a motion. There are images of child 1 2. pornography that were entered into evidence. If we could have that placed under seal? 3 4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 MS. CHOI: That is correct, Your Honor. The Judge was going to order the presentencing. 6 THE COURT: All right. This Court will order a PSI, 7 presentence investigation, and a psychosexual evaluation to be 8 9 included. The child pornography images that were introduced in 10 evidence are hereby sealed. How long do you want for 11 sentencing? 12 MS. KING: I'll defer to counsel. 13 THE COURT: Ms. Choi? 14 MS. CHOI: I would say at least an hour. 15 THE COURT: Okay, an hour? And how much time do you 16 want between now and sentencing? 17 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, for the PSI, I would ask for 18 approximately 30 days. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to go eight weeks out. 20 MS. CHOI: Okay. 21 THE COURT: Will that work? Okay. 22 MS. CHOI: That's --THE COURT: All right. This sentencing will be set 2.3 24 in for Thursday, August 3, 2017, at 9:00 a.m. State as to 2.5 bond?

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MS. KING: The State would make a motion to revoke
1
2.
   bond at this time.
              THE COURT: Defendant's bond is revoked.
 3
 4
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, what was the date of that?
 5
             THE COURT: August --
             MS. KING: 3rd.
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Third.
 8
              THE COURT: -- 3rd, correct. That's a Thursday at 9
 9
   o'clock.
10
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, at this point could I request
11
   for -- can we approach?
12
              THE COURT: Sure can.
13
              (Bench conference follows:)
              THE COURT: Yes?
14
15
             MS. CHOI: I'm just asking the State, is there a
16
   reason --
17
             MS. KING: The State would move to revoke the bond
18
   based on the evidence of him communicating with minor children
19
   and the nature of the charges, I think it's appropriate to
20
   revoke his bond.
21
             MS. CHOI: Could we, well, I don't think --
22
             MS. KING: You could, you could request a bond --
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             MS. CHOI: -- Your Honor --
24
             MS. KING: -- review.
25
             MS. CHOI: Yeah. I mean as soon as possible because
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he has not done anything for the last year in terms of any kind
1
2.
   of safety communication or any of that. So at this point I
   don't think that's appropriate, Your Honor --
 3
 4
              THE COURT: Okay.
 5
              MS. CHOI: -- and it's a first-time offender and the
 6
   guidelines were literally probation to six months.
7
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MS. CHOI: I would ask that Your Honor consider the
 8
 9
   bond.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. I'm, I'm going to revoke it now,
11
   but I will consider a bond hearing if you'd like.
12
              MS. CHOI:
                        Okay.
13
              THE COURT: Just file the motion and I'll set it in.
14
              MS. CHOI:
                         Okav.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Okay? Because I, I want more information
   because right now the sentence that he's facing is substantial.
16
17
              MS. CHOI:
                        Okay.
              THE COURT: Okay?
18
19
              MS. CHOI:
                         I'll file it right away.
20
             MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
22
              MS. KING:
                         Thank you.
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              (Bench conference concluded.)
24
              THE COURT: Thank you.
25
              MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
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	INE COURT: Tes.
2	MS. CHOI: For the record, I will go ahead and file
3	for the defendant the motion for
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. CHOI: a bond review.
6	THE COURT: And I'll, I'll hear that, okay?
7	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. If I may be
8	excused?
9	THE COURT: You may. Thank you. Ms. Choi, you're
10	excused as well.
11	MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	(The proceedings were concluded.)
14	
15	
16	
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 $\underline{\sqrt{}}$ Digitally signed by Tracy Hahn

DIGITALLY SIGNED CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. hereby certifies that the attached pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the Circuit Court for Frederick County in the matter of:

Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

STATE OF MARYLAND

V.

ABE MALLIK

By:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

----X

STATE OF MARYLAND

v. : Case No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE MALLIK,

Defendant.

-----X

SENTENCING

Frederick, Maryland

October 3, 2017

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. 12321 Middlebrook Road, Suite 210 Germantown, Maryland 20874 (301) 881-3344

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATE OF MARYLAND

V.

: Case No. 10-K-16-059271

ABE MALLIK,

Defendant.

----X

Frederick, Maryland

October 3, 2017

WHEREUPON, the proceedings in the above-entitled matter commenced

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE MICHAEL M. GALLOWAY, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE:

JOYCE R. KING, Esq. Assistant State's Attorney Frederick County State's Attorney's Office 100 West Patrick Street, P.O. Box 210 Frederick, Maryland 21705

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

SUN E. CHOI, Esq. 7820 B Wormans Mill Road, Suite 132 Frederick, Maryland 21701

PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Ready to proceed?

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MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor. The State of Maryland calls, calling State of Maryland versus Abe Mallik, 16-059271.

MS. CHOI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. May it please the Court, Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik, standing to my right.

THE COURT: Good afternoon. We are here today for disposition. This matter was tried before a jury who found defendant guilty, I believe, on 11 counts.

Let me start with Madam State. What's the State's position on sentencing?

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, as you stated, after a four-day trial, the jury found the defendant guilty of 11 counts. Because four months has passed, the State would like to take an opportunity just to review some of the facts before Your Honor.

The State is asking for the top of the guidelines.

The State is asking for 20 years, suspend all but two years of active incarceration.

On March 2016, as Your Honor recalls, a cyber tip was forwarded to the Frederick County Sheriff's Department by the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children. Detective Snyder confirmed that child pornography was identified, being uploaded to the defendant's e-mail address.

Your Honor recalls, during the trial, it was confirmed this was the defendant's e-mail address, the defendant's IP address, and the defendant's HideMyAss account, that that e-mail was accessed over 100 times after that e-mail was sent.

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On April 21st, 2016, a search warrant was conducted on the defendant's home, and over 200 images of child erotica were located by the forensic analyst, Mr. Gibson, on the defendant's laptop.

Mr. Gibson testified, during trial, that the defendant logged onto that laptop over 110 times; that these images were manually saved; that these folders were manually created; and that these folders and images were most frequently viewed and used.

The State also called Agent Dixon (phonetic sp.), who confirmed that there was no intrusion to the defendant's laptop.

Your Honor, in addition to the child pornography, the 200 images of child erotica, the detectives also located communications in the defendant's e-mail with minor females. Those females purported themselves to be the ages of 13, 16, and Georgia detectives located the third individual as being 12 years old.

The other thing that was noteworthy about those communications is that those images of the females that he was

communicating with were not just on his e-mail; they were also located on his laptop.

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Also, as a point of clarification, I did note, in Ms. Choi's sentencing memorandum, or actually in the evaluation, that defendant said that Ms. Choi contacted and confirmed that these were not minors. That's actually a misstatement. Ms. Choi contacted other individuals that were in communication with the defendant, but not these three individuals. No contact were made other than the Georgia Police Department.

The defendant has submitted, Your Honor, has received two evaluations: one from Parole and Probation, the presentence investigation; and the other, Dr. Holt's evaluation.

Ms. Choi did reference two other evaluations: the one by Dr. Marshall (phonetic sp.) that was conducted pretrial — and I'd just like to state for the record that Ms. Marshall did not reevaluate the defendant once he was convicted, and we did confirm that new tests, other tests would have been conducted for a reevaluation after a conviction. That became moot because Dr. Holt's evaluation took place.

Dr. Wu, who's referenced in the defendant's sentencing memorandum, was noted, and admitted, during his evaluation, to Dr. Holt that the defendant saw the psychiatrist three times for the purposes of anxiety; that was, did not see this individual regarding any type of sexual evaluation. So

the State would put little to no weight on that short letter from Dr. Wu.

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Now, focusing, Your Honor, on Dr. Holt's evaluation.

The State would like, wants to point out a very important line, and I did call Dr. Holt, and to speak with her to confirm this. And the quote is, quote, it should be noted that the accuracy of this opinion is limited by the defendant's tendency to answer questions to place himself in the favorable light. The defendant adamantly denies the charges.

And Your Honor is very familiar with evaluations, having done drug court and — if an individual is unwilling to admit they have a problem, it's difficult to assess what type of treatment that individual needs. And the reports, the State would argue, in inconclusive for that reason.

In Dr. Holt's diagnostic discussion, there is another quote that says that there is a poverty of additional information to offer diagnosis at this time. And again, in the assessment of the defendant's future sex violence, that she was not able to use any instruments in this assessment.

She speaks about a risk assessment that was developed to predict sexual recidivism among individuals with convictions of child pornography specifically, but that it was newly developed so that she was not able to implement that.

Regarding diagnosis of pedophilic disorder, the individual would need to admit that he was having recurrent

sexual arousing fantasies of prepubescent children which, of course, the defendant did not.

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This evaluation by Dr. Holt does not conclude he has no interest; it concludes that the defendant maintains he has no interest. So the State would like to take issue with that because these are the same self-serving statements that the defendant said while on the stand; that he did not see these images; that he has no interest in children.

And the jury has found that not credible. The State has found that not credible. And he's before you, having been found guilty of possessing, knowingly possessed 11 counts of child pornography.

I think one of the most telling parts of the evaluation, Your Honor, is that the defendant continues to show no remorse or accountability. Several times in Dr. Holt's evaluation, the defendant refers to himself as the victim.

Dr. Holt also notes the defendant's changing story: that first, it was his neighbor with the IT background; then it was his supervisors at work that were setting it up; now, at the time of the evaluation, he says that it was a random hack. He also states it was the overzealous prosecutor, or perhaps, the tampering of the sheriff's department who placed the child pornography on his computer.

Your Honor, that lack of accountability, the lack of remorse, I believe, shows that he is, it is going to be

difficult for any type of treatment that is necessary for these types of convictions.

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The other thing the State wants to address that was,

Ms. Choi brought up in the sentencing memorandum, is the

State's initial plea agreement. And the State takes issue with

this for several reasons.

One, we believe that it's bad form to discuss plea negotiations at this state. The plea offer was rejected. The defendant went to trial, was convicted of not one count, but 11 counts. And we are in an entirely different disposition today.

Furthermore, it takes it out of context because the original plea offer was actually three counts, State to recommend 15 years, suspend all but 18 months, and the defense is free to argue. And that was relayed on December 7th, 2016, and documented on Case Management System. That's when Ms. Choi and I first reviewed the facts of this case.

I returned from maternity leave, everybody was aware of that, with one month to prepare for this trial. We had witness availability issues. We had evidentiary issues we had to overcome. The State actually filed a motion for continuance May 2nd, requesting that we postpone the trial to give the State adequate time to find and secure a rebuttal expert, because the State was given notification of the defense expert. That postponement was objected to and denied. And it was at that time, the State made a plea offer that did not require

jail time.

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Now, the State feels in an awkward position having to defend my argument here for why I needed to make a position, but in no way, did that represent that the State does not take these charges seriously; that the State does not believe that people, defendants convicted of possession of child pornography should not be punished and sanctioned in this way. The State takes these charges very seriously.

Furthermore, more was revealed during trial: the communication with the minors; the 200 images of child erotica that we were able to review; the expert testimony regarding those images.

We were able to notify that these were real victims during -- Your Honor saw at the presentence evaluation. We included the victim impact statement from the, some of the children included in these photos. One of these victims lived here in Maryland.

And that these, those are the victims. The defendant is not the victim. The children in these photos, the children who have to know that the documentation of their being raped and molested is out there on the Internet, those are the victims in this case.

So there is another section in the sentencing memorandum where Ms. Choi cites a paragraph from Detective Snyder's testimony about real live victims. Yes, this is not a

case of child molestation. We're aware of that. This is a case of possession of child pornography, and the images of those children are real people. And they're confirmed, and it was attached in the presentence evaluation from the detectives and FBI agents that spoke with those victims. The ongoing effect and harm is life-long.

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And those were three series, Your Honor, and Your Honor has those documents: the little Melissa series, where the little girl in those, that series was 12 and 13 years old in those images; the YNKD series, that was the abuse that occurred here in Anne Arundel County, Maryland, the victim in that case was ages 3 and 4; and the blue pillow series, the victim in that was 7 through 12 in those images.

And in that, the blue pillow series is the one where you actually see the letter from that victim, saying that, how she has to live with this. She says, quote, it makes me really mad when I know that I'll be on the Internet for like ever, but it somehow makes me more mad when I know it could happen to a lot of other girls. And that is straight from the mouth of one of the victims.

Your Honor, considering the factors of punishment, rehabilitation, deterrence, the State does believe that a top of the guidelines sentence is appropriate.

This type of denial, lack of remorse, we do believe is dangerous. Dr. Holt stated, in her evaluation, quote, Mr.

Mallik's denial in the instant offense may pose a barrier toward treatment efficacy. How can we protect the community? How can someone like this be amenable to treatment and get the help that he needs?

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Your Honor, the State does believe that 20 years, suspend all but two years in an appropriate sentence. We recommend, and join the recommendation of the presentence investigation, and Dr. Holt that the defendant be on five years of supervised probation; that he be a registered sex offender, I believe this is Tier 1 offense; that he comply with the specialized sex offender supervision per Dr. Holt — and again, Dr. Holt would not be recommending sex offender treatment if she believed that there was, it wasn't necessary — offense specific treatment; medication; polygraph testing; computer monitoring; electronic tracking; curfew geographic restrictions; and no unsupervised contact with minors.

And Your Honor, again, child pornography, I cannot emphasize it enough, I believe that there was a lot of downplaying of what child pornography is. And the State takes this very seriously. We believe it's important to protect our community because the possession of child pornography results in the perpetual harm of these victims, and it endorses and normalizes and validates this industry that exploits children.

So with that, Your Honor, the State is asking for 20 years, suspend all but two.

THE COURT: Ms. Choi?

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MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor. Again, may it please the Court, Sun Choi on behalf of Mr. Abe Mallik.

THE COURT: You can be seated, Mr. Mallik.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I want to start off by saying that members of Mr. Mallik's family is here today. They drove from far away to be here to support Mr. Mallik. We have two older sisters, a brother-in-law, as well as esteemed leaders in the Indian community who are sitting in the back seat in support of Mr. Mallik. One of them is a chaplain, Your Honor.

Your Honor, we're here before this Court to ask for leniency with regard to the sentencing that will be imposed. Your Honor has abundant information with regard to Mr. Mallik's background, his personal history, and whether or not he would be a risk for future sexual recidivism.

Your Honor, the PSI that was provided, during the time that we were waiting for sentencing, stated very clearly that Mr. Mallik is a citizen, he's very proud of it, he's had family support, as Your Honor can see. His wife is now the only breadwinner of the family, and she has had to go to work, and she was trying very much to come and may actually make it.

Your Honor, Mr. Mallik has an adult daughter who lives in New York, and she wrote a letter to Your Honor with regard to the support that she conveys. Her father is decent and honest, and has always been a role model for her. She has

absolutely no hesitation whatsoever that he will continue to raise the 14-year-old sister that is still a minor, Your Honor.

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Throughout this ordeal, family members have stepped up, Your Honor, not only financially, but emotionally. They have helped him through a lot, and they continue to help him. He has a support network.

With regard to treatment, Your Honor, Mr. Mallik voluntarily, on his own volition, not by counsel's recommendation, sought to get treatment for his anxiety, for his stress, for the astronomical anxiety that this case has caused him.

He has been in treatment with Dr. Ling Wu, who has provided the therapeutic services that Mr. Mallik believes that he needs. She gave him a hug at the very last appointment, letting him know that she supports him, she believes in him, that he is a very low risk, and that she will continue to work with him because he wants that, Your Honor.

With regard to education and employment history, as Your Honor can see, he is very well-educated. He put himself through school, financially working very hard, not asking for any assistance. And with this employment history, Your Honor, he has had stellar evaluations. He's had no problems with coworkers. He recently had the employer who had some issues with him, but in terms of his work ethic and work history, he's had no problems whatsoever.

With regard to criminal history, Your Honor, it is absolutely clear that Mr. Mallik has never been arrested, charged, convicted of any kind of felony, misdemeanor, or any jurisdiction.

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Throughout his life, Your Honor, he's always been law-abiding, he's always followed the rules. He has done everything in his power to make sure other people do the same thing.

With regard to Dr. Holt's evaluation, it was the State's court evaluator, Your Honor, that provided the psychological evaluation, and it is very clear that her conclusion is low concern for sexual recidivism. The reason why that is, is because she is a professional; she is in this occupation; she does this day in and day out; she obviously doesn't have the concerns that the State is raising.

The State is raising certain issues with her report. It's the State's court-ordered evaluator, Your Honor. She does this, not only after the conviction, but she took into consideration the mountains of information that was conveyed to her, all the police reports that don't get to come into evidence. She had, at her disposal, all kinds of hearsay, all kinds of misinformation, every single thing, on top of a two-hour, 20-minute interview with Mr. Mallik. And based on that abundant information, the conclusion was exactly what Dr. Lethay (phonetic sp.) Marshall concluded -- pretrial, pre-

charge, the same low concern.

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Your Honor, it's clear, there are certain issues with regard to Dr. Holt's evaluation where she didn't have much information.

When Ms. King quotes that there is no, there's no poverty of information that would offer a diagnosis at this time with regard to the diagnostic discussion that's on page 12, it's because, based on her professional history and experience, he didn't display that, those factors. And as a result, she couldn't conclude that he had those issues.

So we don't take issue, Your Honor, with this report because this is her profession. This is what she does.

With regard to Dr. Lethay Marshall, this was done proactively, Your Honor. He decided, before he was even charged, that if there's concern by the State, he is going to get evaluated as much as possible, and that's exactly what happened.

So here we have pretrial, after trial, two professional psychologists who say he's a low concern. He is now under treatment with Dr. Wu, and will continue to be so, Your Honor. She will monitor him and help him through all of this.

Now, with regard to the State's plea offer, that's the very first time I actually heard that plea offer, because when I met with Ms. King, I got glimpses of the photographs; I

didn't actually have a chance to look through all of it because there were so many of the child erotica, as she talked about, but the plea offer, whether it was in writing, I don't have that. The plea offer that I do have is exactly what's in the State's defense memorandum -- I'm sorry -- the defense sentencing memorandum. That's the plea offer I have.

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And regardless of whether or not there was a plea offer, I certainly didn't get one in writing, the end result is, before the eve of trial, the State's plea offer, based on whatever excuses the State has provided to Your Honor, the inference is there.

The Defense never stated that the State believes that he's not a danger to the community. There's an inference there, Your Honor, like all plea offers. There's an inference that if it's a no jail, no registration of a sex offender plea offer, then clearly, there is no danger to the community.

That's an argument that an advocate, such as myself, would have to make to Your Honor. That's my job. And that's what I'm going to do, because that's the inference we can take from that plea offer. It was made with sincerity. It is made without conditions. It is made.

Your Honor, with regard to the minor children, there is no way in hell that the Defense is ever going to minimize the fact that there are victims involved in a case like this. They may be a lot older now, but there is no way we would ever

minimize that, or make it frivolous.

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What I did want to emphasize, and what the State's witness, the State's star witness, Detective Jason Snyder testified to, under oath, was that there was no real life children in contact with Mr. Mallik. That was what his testimony was, under oath, and that's what I needed to emphasize because it was so important to me, to Mr. Mallik, that no live children were actually contacted during the alleged incident.

Now, Your Honor, the State's computer analyst, forensic analyst, even concluded this was the very first of its kind. In all of his experience, he has never had a situation where a virtual private network was used in a child pornography case.

Because of the unique set of circumstances, I actually believe that that was the reason why the State's plea offer was what it was, because it is unusual. It is very unusual that this set of circumstances for this particular case existed, and that's what the State's expert testified to.

Because Mr. Mallik knows, in his heart, that he was innocent, he just couldn't take a plea offer that obviously was something that was very favorable if he was guilty. He would have been crazy to actually give up that plea offer, Your Honor. But because he felt, in his heart, that he was innocent, he just had to reject it.

Now, the victim information provides that there are no injuries. That is from the State's documentation of the victims that were alleged to have been involved in this case, Your Honor, so I want to emphasize that to Your Honor as well. Because it's in the sentencing guidelines where there are factors, and it says, are there any injuries to the victims, and it's stated clearly, from the State, that there was not.

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Your Honor, with regard to the minor children and the allegations that I didn't speak to the three minors that are involved in this particular case, the only way I can contact potential victims is from the police reports that the State has provided to me. I didn't pick these people out of thin air. Whatever was listed, I contacted them to make sure that they were not minors.

The one minor that Mr., that Detective Snyder had testified to, said she has no idea who Mr. Mallik is. She has absolutely no clue, no information. That was the gist of it, Your Honor.

So whatever contacts I made with whoever it was that was involved in this case, all came from the State's information, and I concluded, based on my conversations, as an officer of this Court, proffering to Your Honor that they were adults, and that's exactly what they were. So if they had other minors, Your Honor, that information was not revealed to us. We were not able to investigate that.

And in fact, Your Honor, even asked Detective Snyder, at one point, did you actually talk to that girl, the minor? How can you determine if she was minor? So Your Honor actually probed that issue. And Detective Snyder then admitted, I didn't personally speak to her. It was through law enforcement in Georgia that confirmed that she was a minor.

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Now, Your Honor, Mr. Mallik has served five days and four nights in jail. After his conviction, the State immediately asked for the revocation of his bond. Judge Scott Rolle then granted that and sent him to jail.

When I took objection to it, Your Honor, Judge Rolle said, go ahead and file a bond review, which I did that day.

That bond review was then heard on June 6th, 2016, by Judge Richard Sandy.

At that point, Your Honor, we were able to show that, in jail, he overheard threats against his life. He was then placed in solitary confinement 23 hours a day for the time that he was in jail. He lost six pounds. It's not just about him, Your Honor. It was that he was very fearful. He did feel that he was innocent, and he was in jail and served that time.

But before he was released, Your Honor, on June 6th, it was very clear that Mr. Mallik was going to do everything that he humanly could to make sure to comply with all of the requirements that the bond condition imposed on him.

And as such, we listed 10 different factors in which

he canceled his Internet service, he bought a foot phone, he actually sent his 14-year-old daughter to an aunt in Hawaii so that she can start school there, so that there's absolutely no concern whatsoever from this Court, from the community, that he would have any contact with minors.

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He was calling in. He made sure that he spoke to the person, that would register him as sex offender, immediately. He did that all, Your Honor, because he wanted to follow all of the rules. He didn't skip out on any of those rules. And he did that, Your Honor, from day one.

Not only was he compliant after he was released on the bond review, he was compliant also after he was charged. He, in essence, has been on probation for almost 21 months, Your Honor. Since the time that he was charged, up until the time he was convicted, there have been no pending cases, there have been no problems whatsoever.

Mr. Mallik went about his business, kept to himself, made sure that he didn't cause any issues in the community or with the Court. That's who Mr. Mallik is. He follows the rules.

Now, the PSI recommendation states that incarceration may be appropriate, is appropriate, but merely due to the nature of the offenses and the age of the victims involved.

Now, there's nothing else that indicates that he should be incarcerated, other than the fact that there are,

there was a conviction. Nothing, in essence, changed from the time that he was on pretrial supervision, where he was allowed out-of-state visits, Your Honor, for religious purposes, on his own, unsupervised, three times. He called in every time. Home visits were successfully concluded.

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There were no other concerns by the PSI, the probation agent. The State didn't bring that up, but I'm telling Your Honor, the PSI states very clearly, Mr. Mallik would be a good candidate for probation.

Now, Your Honor, with regard to the time that he did serve, if Your Honor feels compelled that there is incarceration that has to be imposed, we're asking Your Honor to consider time served, for what he has already provided.

In addition, the other option is, obviously, home detention, and the information that I provided to Your Honor is attached at the end. In essence, home detention would be as if he's incarcerated because of the monitoring involved. And so we ask that Your Honor consider that option if there is no others available.

Your Honor, Mr. Mallik has been, I guess, an ideal candidate for probation. He has sought treatment, not the way the State wants him to treat, get treatment for. He will do whatever Your Honor requires him to do because his life depends on it. For somebody who has followed the rules, as Your Honor can see from the PSI, and has done everything in his power that

he's supposed to do, if Your Honor says jump, he will ask how high. That's the kind of person he is.

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The community is not in danger, Your Honor. There's no evidence of that. There's no reason, there is no good beneficial reason to put him in jail.

The State then, after the day that he was released, on that day, filed a second emergency bond review. And during that second bond review, it was very clear that the State wanted their pound of flesh, and the judge was not going to give it, because the judge didn't really want to hear from me. The judge questioned the State, why, what has changed from the time that he was released until the time the second bond review was held? Nothing. That bond, that emergency bond review was denied.

Your Honor, there is really no factor, other than the conviction, in and of itself, that would change what Mr. Mallik would do on probation or in jail. Nothing has changed other than that conviction. And that is a huge factor, I understand that; however, all of the evidence, all of the facts, as alleged by the State, none of that has actually changed.

And so we don't have any concern -- we, meaning Dr. Holt, Dr. Marshall, Dr. Wu -- do not have concerns that he would be a danger to the community, Your Honor.

The guidelines in this case is zero to two. I'm asking Your Honor, based on the unique set of circumstances

that exist in this case, that Your Honor impose no jail; that Your Honor impose the conditions that you want him to fulfill and satisfy; but that this case, this particular set of circumstances, with this person, doesn't warrant jail time.

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The one last point, Your Honor, that I wanted to touch upon is that the facts are highlighted from the State's position because it is inflammatory. And of course, the State would want Your Honor to remember how inflammatory it is.

But we're at sentencing now. We're at sentencing, and we are trying to prove to Your Honor that Mr. Mallik would do very well on probation; that he has the support and the network that will help him if there is any problems; that he's under treatment, voluntarily; and would do well if he was in the community. His career is lost. The sooner he can look for a job to help support his struggling family, the better the community would be.

Your Honor, based on those reasons, the Defense is asking Your Honor to not incarcerate this man; to remember all of the little factors that came out at trial that caused pause for concern: the State's witness saying that he has never seen this kind of situation before; the detective saying that he hasn't spoken to that minor. Those are important factors, Your Honor, and so I would ask, respectfully, that Your Honor not impose any jail sentence at this time.

THE COURT: Does Mr. Mallik wish to say anything?

MS. CHOI: Mr. Mallik?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. The last few months have been very, very arduous, Your Honor. My daughter's been, my young daughter's been separated from, from me. My wife and I have been going through a very difficult time. I don't have a job. And I'm going to be losing the house that we live in soon as well.

So this, I, I think, in terms of a penalty, I think I've paid a very, very huge penalty, Your Honor, so far, including the biggest penalty is not having my daughter, 14-year-old daughter close by. The other penalty is losing my job. The other penalty is losing my house.

In terms of being penalized, I think, from the big picture, I never, a year or two years ago, never foresaw any of this coming at all. And in terms of being penalized, I think I've been penalized to a point that I think there's, I've, I've paid a lot, in fact, for, for these things. But, but I, I will follow whatever the Court decides, Your Honor. If you, you've heard the case, so --

THE COURT: Let me ask Ms. King, what would you suggest be the conditions of probation?

MS. KING: As stated, Your Honor, by the PSI, as well as Dr. Holt, the typical supervision for possession of child pornography is five years of supervised probation, register as a Tier 1 sex offender. And they have specialized sex offender

supervision specifications that I think need --

THE COURT: Polygraph for --

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MS. KING: Correct. Polygraph, medication, computer monitoring, electronic tracking, and curfew geographic restrictions, as well as the no unsupervised contact with minors.

THE COURT: Well, I think both Ms. King and Ms. Choi make some very valid points.

During my tenure on the bench, it's been my sad duty to preside over a number of cases involving sexual abuse of minors, in some instances, relatively small children.

I suppose the question is, in this type of case, how is defendant, who has he victimized, I suppose would be the way of putting it. And child pornography, like many crimes, illicit, illegal crimes, depends on having a viewership. It depends on having people who are interested in looking at child pornography.

Without those people, then there would be no profit associated with it, and the problem would not exist in any real sense because -- and it's kind of like, and people make this argument regarding drugs, without people who want to use drugs, then no one, if you don't have a customer, there is no one to sell to.

But with children, in these kinds of cases, and of course, there's, there are all types of pornography that are

available -- some on the Internet, others, other types of pornography on the printed page, photographs, all kinds of things -- but with children, I think the difference is, we are so repulsed by the notion that someone would abuse a child in this way.

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And I think society looks at it, and I've had jury trials where people will come in -- not knowing anything about the individual, other than he or she is charged with a sex crime involving a child -- and they just say, I will not listen to it, I don't want to hear it. Some people will come in and say, I can tell by looking at that individual, that he's guilty.

So society has laid down some pretty tough penalties for this kind of case. 20 years for essentially looking at pictures.

Now, the other question that begs to be asked is, whether or not someone who views child pornography will then act upon that obsession, perversion, and actually follow through and commit acts of sexual abuse against the child. And I'm sure there are people who view child pornography who do, in fact, act upon it, and there are probably those who do not.

Now, we have no indication that Mr. Mallik has ever crossed that line. But I have to say, I've had a number of cases where a defendant -- I had one client I represented as private counsel who had abused grandchildren for years, was 80

years old when it was finally discovered. So just because no one has ever been convicted, these types of crimes go unreported, undetected, hidden, and many times, because victims do not come forward. The shame of the victim prevents the victim from coming forward.

But at this time, it's correct to say there's no indication that Mr. Mallik has ever engaged in that kind of behavior. Is someone who views child pornography more likely to engage in that behavior than someone who does not? I would think probably so, simply because by viewing it, the individual demonstrates that he's interested.

So I don't know that there's ever any surefire way that any evaluator, any, whether it's Dr. Holt or anyone else, no one can ever predict with absolute certainty whether someone will offend or reoffend. So to a degree, the Court is kind of quessing.

Now, Mr. Mallik has a clean record. Not only has he not engaged in any type of sexual misconduct that's resulted in a criminal charge, neither has he any other kind of criminal conviction.

I respect the fact that Mr. Mallik came to this country, worked hard, got an education, and apparently, was a highly-regarded employee. And he's right, he's lost a lot as a result of this.

I'm going to -- well, let me say one other thing.

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There's been a suggestion as to home detention, and I note the home detention provider, I believe it's ASAP.

MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Just in the interest of full disclosure, my son works there. So I always tell people when they come in with a request to have ASAP provide home detention services, I always think it's wise to let everyone know.

Mr. Mallik is somebody who I'm going to take a chance on in this case with some pretty stringent requirements.

Now, one point that Ms. King makes -- and it is similar to a drug addiction -- people usually don't get help until they acknowledge that they have a problem.

Now, I know Mr. Mallik has steadfastly denied that he committed these offenses; however, I don't believe that, as a result of the trial that took place — the jury, as I recall, was not out very long — and there are times when juries render verdicts and I don't necessarily agree with the verdict, but I agreed with the verdict in this case, because all Mr. Mallik really offered was some speculation as to how he may have been set up by someone, and there really was no evidence of that, not credible evidence.

SENTENCING

The judgment and sentence of this Court: defendant be committed to the Division of Correction, be confined under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Correction, for a

1 period of 10 years. I'll suspend that. 2. Place defendant on five years' supervised probation on general conditions. 3 4 Special condition that defendant register as a sex 5 offender; that defendant participate in sex offender treatment. 6 Defendant is to have no unsupervised contact with 7 minor children. Defendant will be supervised by the unit of the 8 9 Division of Parole and Probation who specializes in supervising 10 sex offenders. 11 Upon request, he'll submit to a polygraph. 12 He will not possess or view any pornography of any 13 kind. 14 The defendant will remain totally abstinent from 15 alcohol and all illicit substances, and be tested to confirm 16 abstinence. 17 I will waive supervision fees. 18 I'll assess court costs. 19 Ms. King, do you think I've overlooked anything? 20 MS. KING: Your Honor, only the two conditions PSI 21 was requesting was the electronic tracking and curfew 22 geographic restrictions, and that --2.3 THE COURT: So ordered. 24 MS. KING: And then I believe you already stated the 25 no unsupervised contact with -- you already stated the no

unsupervised contact with minors?

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THE COURT: Yes. Yes.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes?

MS. CHOI: With regard to the geographic restriction, does that mean that he cannot go out of state, or is that something that Parole and Probation would have to decide on a case-by-case situation with regard to some of his religious --

THE COURT: Well, I'm not specifically saying that defendant, although that is a standard condition that you not leave the state without permission, but yes, I think Parole and Probation can deal with that upon a -- if they have any doubts, they can ask the Court.

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Mallik, you have 30 days within which to file an appeal. You have 90 days within which to ask this Court to modify your sentence. You may be entitled to a review by a three-judge panel. If you exercise that right, before doing that, I would consult with counsel, because a three-judge panel could reduce the sentence, leave the sentence the same, but it could also increase the sentence.

All of these rights have to be exercised in writing with the Clerk of this Court.

THE CLERK: I have a question. As to which counts?

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   I know you're giving 10 years to Count 1.
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              THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry.
              THE CLERK:
                         That's okay.
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              THE COURT: All 11 counts are the same, is that
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   right?
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              MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE CLERK:
                         Yes.
              THE COURT: All right. What I'm going to do is
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   impose the same sentence on each count, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
   10, and 11, all sentences to run concurrently.
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              Mr. Mallik, I wish you the best of luck.
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              THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, sir.
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              THE COURT: And hopefully, you can begin to put your
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   life back together. I would urge you, however, to strictly
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   comply with all conditions of probation.
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              THE DEFENDANT: I will. Thank you, Judge.
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              THE COURT: Madam Clerk, here's the file.
              THE CLERK: Thank you.
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              THE COURT: You want me to sign this?
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              THE CLERK: Yes. Filling in on each count.
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             MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Oh, credit defendant with five days' time
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   served.
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              MS. KING: Your Honor --
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             MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
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	MS. KING: just a question about since, you said
2	10, you imposed 10 years, suspend them on each count, but each
3	count only carries five years.
4	THE COURT: Five years. Okay. So
5	MS. KING: So you would need to do
6	THE COURT: why don't we say let's do it this
7	way five years on Count 1; five years on Count 2,
8	consecutive; suspend on Count 1 all but five days' time served;
9	suspend the sentence on Count 2; and with regard to Counts 3
10	through 11, simply enter the conviction.
11	THE CLERK: Okay.
12	THE COURT: All right. This Court stands in recess.
13	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	THE BAILIFF: All rise.
16	(The proceedings were concluded.)
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 $\sqrt{}$ Digitally signed by Kimberly L. Chwirut

DIGITALLY SIGNED CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC. hereby certifies that the attached pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the Circuit Court for Frederick County in the matter of:

Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

STATE OF MARYLAND

V.

ABE MALLIK

By:

Simberly of Chewrit

KIMBERLY L. CHWIRUT Transcriber

STATE OF MARYLAND

v.

In the Circuit Court for

Frederick County Maryland

ABE-ARJUN MALLIK

Criminal No. 10-K-16-059271

Defendant

LINE FILING OFFICIAL COURT TRANSCRIPTS Pursuant to Md. Rule 8-411

Please file the attached official transcripts dated 5/30/17, 5/31/17, 6/1/17, 6/2/17, and 10/3/17 in the aforegoing matter.

Jean M. Dower

Wean M. Dower
Official Transcriber
Circuit Court for Frederick County
Maryland
100 West Patrick Street
Frederick, Maryland 21701
301-600-1919

DATE: December 20, 2017

Total Costs of Transcript(s): \$3,472.50

ΑV

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL PURSUANT TO MD. R. 4-331

COMES NOW, Defendant, ABE-ARJUN MALLIK, by and through his attorneys, SUN E. CHOI, ESQUIRE and DC METRO LAW, LLC, and hereby files this Motion for a New Trial pursuant to Maryland Rule 4-331(b)(1), and represents to this Honorable Court as follows:

- 1. Pursuant to Maryland Rule 4-331(b)(1)(B), this Honorable Court has revisory power and control over the judgment to set aside an unjust or improper verdict and grant a new trial, on motion filed within 90 days after its imposition of sentence. Thereafter, the Court has revisory power and control over the judgment in case of fraud, mistake, or irregularity. Md. R. 4-331(b)(1).
 - 2. That a jury trial was held on this matter from May 30, 2017 to June 2, 2017.
- 3. That the jury found the defendant guilty of eleven (11) counts, and sentencing proceeded on October 3, 2017 before the Honorable Michael Galloway.
- 4. That the jury's verdict is unjust and/or improper because it is based on inaccurate and misleading information provided by the State, as well as irregularity caused by a jury pool taint. As such, the defendant should be granted a new trial.

Background Case Information

- 5. That the State filed its criminal information on December 12, 2016, charging the defendant with eleven (11) counts in violation of CR 11-208, which involves knowingly possessing an image of child pornography. *See* Crim. Info., Case No. 10-K-16-059271, DC Case No. 2U00088412.
- 6. That the first time the defendant was made aware of the nature of the allegations was April 21, 2016, when a search and seizure warrant was executed at his residence. *See* Appl. for Statement of Charges, DC Case No. 2U00088412.
- 7. That nearly seven (7) months after the raid of the defendant's home on April 21, 2016, a newly assigned Detective Jayson Snyder filed an application for a statement of charges on November 2, 2016, seeking eleven (11) counts against the defendant in alleged violation of CR 11-208. *Id*.
- 8. That in the application for the statement of charges, the dates that the alleged offenses occurred was and has always been March 3, 2016. *Id*.
- 9. That on or about May 17, 2017, just 12 days prior to the jury trial of this matter, the State filed a Motion to Amend the Criminal Information concerning Counts 9, 10, and 11, requesting a change of date of the offenses from March 3, 2016 in all three (3) counts to:
 - a) Count 9: April 14, 2016;
 - b) Count 10: April 12, 2016; and
 - c) Count 11: March 30, 2016.

See State's Motion to Amend Criminal Information ¶¶ 1-3.

10. That the allegations concerned in Counts 9, 10, and 11 involve images of child pornography that the defendant is accused of having *knowingly possessed* and were originally

established as having been located in the defendant's ACER PC laptop on or about March 3, 2016. See Crim. Info.

<u>State's Amendment of Date of Offenses -</u> <u>Not Clerical Error, But Fraud and/or Irregularity</u>

- 11. That at the beginning of the jury trial on May 30, 2017, during the presentation of pretrial motions, the State ("Ms. King") presented its argument for amending the date of the alleged offenses, and the defense ("Ms. Choi") presented its opposing argument. *See* May 30, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶¶ 5-19, attached hereto as Exhibit A. The following exchange took place between the State and the Court concerning the State's alleged clerical error regarding the date of the alleged offenses involved:
 - a) THE COURT: Let me ask Ms. King a question. When did the State discover the discrepancy in the date?
 - b) MS. KING: As soon as we filed the motion, Your Honor.
 - c) THE COURT: No, no, you discovered it --
 - d) MS. KING: On the date that I filed that motion was when we discovered it.
 - e) THE COURT: And how was it that it was discovered?
 - f) MS. KING: I came back from maternity leave and I began reviewing this case, preparing for trial, because the State's postponement was denied. That's how I discovered it, Your Honor. . . .

May 30, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶¶ 16-17.

- 12. That after the State's and defense's arguments, the presiding judge, Judge Galloway, ruled to reserve on the issue of the defense's opposition motion to the State's motion to amend the dates for counts 9-11. Specifically:
 - a) MS. CHOI: Because Your Honor stated that it was just based on proffer. So after evidence has been provided maybe to the detectives that are involved in the case, and when they would have found the date, I think that that would change the character --

b) THE COURT: Well, I will reserve on your request to renew the motion. Make your motion when you think it's appropriate and I'll rule on it at that time.

May 30, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶¶ 18-19.

- 13. That on May 31, 2017 at trial, the following exchange took place during the defense's cross examination of the State's witness Detective Snyder concerning the alleged clerical error:
 - a) MS. CHOI: And when the State filed its criminal information, outlining the 11 counts, on December 2nd, 2016, you didn't notify her that the dates were incorrect, correct?
 - b) DET. SNYDER: Ma'am, I didn't pick up on that date.
 - c) MS. CHOI: Okay. And at what point did you pick up on that date that that date was wrong?
 - d) DET. SNYDER: I can't tell you -- I can't give you a definitive time. I mean, that was clearly my fault, and I can't tell you when I picked up on that, but --
 - e) MS. CHOI: Was it months ago, weeks ago, days ago?
 - f) DET. SNYDER: No, it very well could have been a month ago.
 - g) MS. CHOI: A month ago?
 - h) DET. SNYDER: Very well could have been, ma'am. I, I can't give you a specific time frame of when I became aware of it, but nevertheless --
 - i) MS. CHOI: Okay. So as soon as you became aware of the fact that the three counts 9, 10, and 11, the date of the offense cannot possibly be March 3rd, 2016, when did you find out and when did you tell Ms. King?
 - i) DET. SNYDER: Ma'am, I don't recall.
 - k) MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if I may approach?

. . .

(Bench conference follows:)

1) MS. CHOI: Your Honor, as you know, when we did the pretrial motions and we did the motion to amend, Ms. King did proffer that after *she* came back from

maternity leave, that *she* identified that the dates were incorrect and that it was a clerical error, that in her good-faith effort, she changed that, and I absolutely believe that to be true. However, based on this testimony, what's actually true is that *he* is the one who found out the date, doesn't know when *he* did it, doesn't know when *he* told her but that it had to be fixed.

I believe that having amended the dates unduly violates Mr. Mallik's right to notice. It is unfair surprise, and I would renew my objection with regard to that and ask that Your Honor reconsider that decision based on the testimony provided by this officer. *He* has no idea when he did any of this stuff.

- m) THE COURT: Did what?
- n) MS. CHOI: He has no idea what he did and when he did it and that I don't think that there's good cause in any way or a good-faith effort on his part to correct a clerical mistake that had an incredible bearing on Mr. Mallik's life. I would ask that those three counts be reconsidered and we would just pursue on the other eight.

. . .

- o) MS. CHOI: But I also asked Your Honor to please reserve on the fact, and we did that, that you would reconsider that once you heard some testimony from the witnesses, the State's witnesses, and that's why I'm renewing, because you said you can renew your objection at that time again and we can revisit it. That's what we did yesterday, Your Honor, and that's why I'm doing this.
- p) THE COURT: Or the Court could grant a motion for judgment of acquittal -- May 31, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶¶ 113-116 (emphasis added).
- 14. That based on the cross-examination and testimony of Detective Snyder, it is clear that the defendant's right to notice was violated. The State represented that she discovered the wrong date, and filed a motion immediately thereafter. However, Detective Snyder directly contradicts the State's explanation by testifying *under oath* that he discovered the wrong date and notified the State, but he does not know when he discovered the wrong date nor does he know when he notified the State. The two are inconsistent positions.

15. That this demonstrates clearly that it was not a clerical error, but the State's manipulation of the dates of the alleged offenses in order to wrongfully implicate the defendant of the offenses for counts 9, 10, and 11. Only after it was proven that the defendant's ACER PC laptop was not even purchased by the defendant until March 21, 2016, the State belatedly changed the date of the offenses from March 3, 2016 to dates after the purchase, which is highly material to this action and cannot be considered as a mere procedural correction. As such, the State's amendment of the dates of the charges was not only unfair surprise to the defendant, but based on bad faith resulting in fraud and/or irregularity, which gives the Court revisory power and control over the judgment to set aside the unjust or improper verdict and grant a new trial, pursuant to Md. R. 4-331(b)(1).

<u>Assignment Judge's Misleading Communication to the Jury Pool</u> Jury Taint

16. That a member of the jury pool for the present case, Ms. Alecia F. Trout, contacted defense counsel about an incident she personally witnessed, and notified her of a possible tainting of the jury pool. Please see attached Exhibit B Affidavit of Alecia Frisby Trout. Ms. Trout related that on May 30, 2017, prior to jury selection, Judge William Niklas, addressed the pool of prospective jurors, and communicated that a three-day trial had been set in his courtroom but that the case was not going forward because the defendant had not appeared and that Frederick County officials were going to have to retrieve the defendant. Thereafter, when the prospective jurors were called up for the present case, and were advised that it would be a three-day trial, the jury pool was undeniably tainted. According to Ms. Trout, most jurors

believed that Judge Niklas had been referring to the present case, and that Defendant Abe-Arjun Mallik fled and had to be captured to be brought to trial.

Ms. Trout's affidavit is direct evidence of the jury taint as she was a part of the jury in this matter and her information as to the jury's views is direct and was witnessed by her. Since her testimony that a majority of the jury believed that Mr. Mallik was the defendant who did not appear in court and had to be retrieved by the court officers is *direct* evidence (not hearsay) as to the jury's statements and discussion, her testimony is dispositive on the question of jury taint arising from this incident.

17. That no statement to the jury pool should have been made regarding a defendant allegedly not appearing for trial, but because a statement was made, and based on the attached affidavit, the jury pool was tainted with the incorrect assumption that the defendant of the present case fled from trial and had to be captured to be forced to appear in court. The impression of flight caused by the communication to the jury pool-an incorrect inference as to the defendant, Mr. Mallik-will have caused the jury to be prejudiced and biased against the defendant even before he was able to present his case, likely forming premature conclusions as to the defendant's guilt; such taint cannot be cured, particularly in light of the stigmatizing effect of the charge.

Such communication absolutely prejudiced the defendant. It has long been recognized that evidence of flight may not be indicative of guilt, and that appropriate instructions must be given to the jury to counter such inference. *See*, *e.g.*, *Thompson v. State*, 393 Md. 291, 303, 901 A.2d 208, 214-15 (2006) (stating that "a defendant's flight may be motivated by reasons unconnected to the offense at issue in the case and that the determination as to the motivation for

flight is properly entrusted to the jury"). In *Thompson*, the Court instructed the jury that evidence of flight "may be fully consistent with innocence If you decide there's evidence of flight, you must then decide whether this flight shows a consciousness of guilt." *Id*.

Here, however, no opportunity for such curative instruction existed since neither the trial judge nor defense counsel knew of the communication to the jury pool, which left the jury with an incorrect inference of flight regarding the defendant, and learned of it only after the trial. Unlike *Thompson*, the defendant did not have the opportunity to cure or counter the inference through instruction, since no instruction could have been given. Thus, the inference of flight inadvertently created by the assignment judge's statement to the jury pool was left unaddressed and unrebutted and was unknown to defense counsel. The jury was effectively left with an incorrect assertion of flight conveyed by the assignment judge without the ability of defense counsel to either rebut such inference or ask for a curative instruction. In such case, prejudice is absolute.

18. Although there is no case law in our jurisdiction that addresses this specific issue of taint arising from an improper or misleading communication made to a jury pool outside of counsel's knowledge, there is case law that concern instances of improper contact between jurors and witnesses, defendants, or the State, or improper reliance by juries on dictionary definitions during jury deliberation. *See Dillard v. State*, 415 Md. 445, 3 A.3d 403 (2010); *Jenkins v. State*, 825 A.2d 1008, 375 Md. 284 (2003); *Allen v. State*, 89 Md.App. 25, 597 A.2d 489 (1990); *Wemsing v. General Motors Corp.*, 298 Md. 406, 470 A.2d 802 (1984). If the principles relied upon in the decisions of these cases were to be extrapolated and applied to the present case,

which involves far more prejudicial circumstances, it is clear that the taint of this jury pool is one that would require a new trial.

19. While a judge's contact with the jury pool is not improper by its very nature, as compared to a defendant's contact with a member of the jury pool, Judge Niklas' communication to the jury pool transmitted information that caused a very high probability of prejudice against the defendant, which is affirmatively shown in the record by Ms. Trout's affidavit or otherwise should be presumed.¹

Moreover, since a failure to appear in court has been recognized as being probative of consciousness of guilt, *Decker v. State*, 408 Md. 631, 640-41 (2009), Mr. Mallik was plainly prejudiced where 1) he was *not* the defendant who failed to appear and 2) the inference that he did not appear would be probative, as the Court in *Decker* recognized. The effect of such taint is magnified where determination of guilt revolved largely around the defendant's credibility in his assertion that he did not import the photographs but that they were the result of an intrusion into his devices by some other party; thus, the inference of flight aroused by Judge Niklas' communication to the jury pool is compelling and not merely harmless error.

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¹ In *Allen v. State*, the Court of Special Appeals addresses the test for determining whether jury contact is prejudicial:

It is well established in Maryland that in determining whether jury contact is prejudicial, a trial court must balance the "probability of prejudice from the face of the extraneous matter in relation to the circumstances of the particular case." Where the record affirmatively shows prejudice by improper communications, the error requires reversal; but where the record affirmatively shows no prejudice, reversal is not required. If the record does not show whether the error prejudiced the defendant, prejudice is presumed, and the burden falls on the state to rebut the presumption of harm. The decision as to whether the State has met this burden is committed to the trial court's discretion and, like other motions for mistrial or new trial, will be reversed only upon a finding of abuse of that discretion.

Allen, 89 Md.App. at 46-47 (1990) (citations omitted).

Finally, "[t]here must be an evidentiary basis, either direct or circumstantial," to link the defendant's conduct to the consciousness of guilt inference," *Decker* at 641 (quoting *Thomas v. State*, 372 Md. 342, 355, 812 A.2d 1050, 1057 (2002)). In the present case, there can be *no* such "evidentiary basis" since Mr. Mallik was *not* the defendant who failed to appear. Nevertheless, the jury was left with the false impression that Mr. Mallik was guilty of flight, as Ms. Trout has made clear in her affidavit.

20. The resulting jury taint in this case inevitably violated the defendant's rights to an impartial jury under the Sixth Amendment to the United States Constitution and Article 21 of the Maryland Declaration of Rights.² The incurable taint of the jury pool prevented the jury from being impartial, prevented the defendant from proposing a curative instruction on flight, as in *Thompson*, and prevented defense counsel from attempting to rebut any such inference.

Jury prejudice here is a "demonstrable reality," not mere speculation. *Cf. Baldwin v. State*, 5 Md. App. 22, 28 (Ct. Spec. App. 1968). The statement of a defendant's non-appearance was *actually* made by the assignment judge to the jury pool; at least one juror-Ms. Trout-testified that she and most other jurors believed that it referred to Mr. Mallik; and no opportunity existed

Dillard, 415 Md. at 454-55, 3 A.3d at 408 (2010).

² The Court of Appeals discussed the right to an impartial jury in *Dillard v. State*:

The Sixth Amendment to the United States Constitution guarantees that "[i]n all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy trial and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed...." (Emphasis added.) Article 21 of the Maryland Declaration of Rights also guarantees "[t]hat in all criminal prosecutions, every man hath a right ... to a speedy trial by an impartial jury, without whose unanimous consent he ought not to be found guilty." (Emphasis added.) "A criminal defendant's right to have an impartial jury trial is one of the most fundamental rights under both the United States Constitution and the Maryland Declaration of Rights. Inherent in both documents are the paramount notions of justice and fair process during criminal proceedings." Jenkins v. State, 375 Md. 284, 299, 825 A.2d 1008, 1017 (2003). "The potency of the Sixth Amendment right to a fair trial relies on the promise that a defendant's fate will be determined by an impartial fact finder who depends solely on the evidence and argument introduced in open court." Wright v. State, 131 Md.App. 243, 253, 748 A.2d 1050, 1055 (2000) (quoting Allen v. State, 89 Md.App. at 42, 597 A.2d 489).

to cure such taint since neither the trial court nor counsel knew of Judge Niklas' communication.

That the inference was wrong and factually unsupportable renders it ever more prejudicial.

Therefore, the defendant should be granted a new trial.

<u>State's Reference to Emails with "Juvenile" Females - Incomplete Investigation</u>

- 21. That on May 31, 2017 at trial, the following exchange took place during the State's direct examination of Detective Snyder concerning emails allegedly soliciting prostitution:
 - a. [MS. KING]: And, Detective Snyder, you stated that there was a second set of e-mails, and what were those?
 - b. [DET. SNYDER]: So what I was referring to earlier is there were some *one-way* conversations between two *juvenile* females.
 - c. [MS. KING]: And how did, you were -- how were you able to identify that they were juvenile females?
 - d. [DET. SNYDER]: One listed their age. In addition, both of them contained images of the females that were sending these correspondence.
 - e. [MS. KING]: And, Detective Snyder, explain to the jury why that's relevant or to your investigation.
 - f. [DET. SNYDER]: It was relevant to me because it shows a pattern or an interest in particularly young females.
- May 31, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶ 40 (emphasis added).
- 22. That on May 30, 2017, during the presentation of pretrial motions, the following exchange took place concerning the alleged juvenile females:
 - a. MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I will proffer something that maybe the State doesn't know. I did contact these individuals.
 - b. THE COURT: I'm sorry, you contacted --
 - c. MS. CHOI: I did contact these individuals from his e-mail accounts. And I spoke to them. They were actually very nice. They're adults. And they spoke to him --

they had no idea who he was. No idea who he was, his name, his call name, his alias, none of it. And I actually have phone numbers. I'm going to cross-examine Detective Snyder on whether or not he followed up with these individuals. It was so easy for me to find them. . . .

May 30, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶ 40.

23. That when defense counsel contacted these two alleged "juvenile" females, they were in fact adult women who had no idea who the defendant was and confirmed that no law enforcement personnel had ever contacted them regarding this case. Detective Snyder relied on an email message and images to misclassify these two adult women as juvenile, while confirming that these emails only contained inbound messages received in the defendant's email account, no outbound messages from the defendant's email account. Thus, Detective Snyder testified in court to his mistaken classification and assumption of a critical fact without conducting an investigation.

<u>State's Reference to iPad -</u> <u>Incomplete Investigation, Speculative Evidence, and Violation of Due Process</u>

- 24. That on May 31, 2017, during the defense's cross-examination of the State's expert witness, Mr. Steven Gibson, Mr. Gibson testified to the following, regarding the inability of the State to examine the defendant's iPad:
 - a. [MS. CHOI]: So there's a way to get in?
 - b. [MR. GIBSON]: There is a way, because Cellebrite is one of the tools that we use. It's for mobile forensics. I use it on pads, tablets, and this other stuff. This month, which they don't have yet, because I consulted with the Cyber Crimes Center, they said with the next rollout, they would be able to do this and crack that on this iPad, but here we are today. So right now the answer is no because the government -- it's very expensive. As
 - So right now the answer is no because the government -- it's very expensive. As you know, in the one news for the terrorist, Apple did not even want to open that and there was -- they finally got into it, but that was thousands upon thousands of dollars, taxpayer dollars. Obviously, they were -- if we had more time, we would have gotten into Mr. Mallik's iPad.

May 31, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶ 224 (emphasis added).

- 25. That the Court asked the State's expert witness, Mr. Gibson, if a court order would assist in examining the iPad:
 - a. THE COURT: It's my understanding that, for instance, the iPad, that with a court order, you can send that iPad to Apple and they would be able to access the information.
 - b. [MR. GIBSON]: That would take months and months, Your Honor.
 - c. THE COURT: I'm aware of that.
 - d. [MR. GIBSON]: But there is -- and then also the cost incurred on the taxpayers. So that was why, if we could wait until next month -- Homeland Security has a contract with Cellebrite for advanced techniques and stuff, but that was not coming out until past this court date. So we were kind of stuck. . . .

May 31, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶¶ 232-233.

26. That the State had the opportunity to send the iPad device to Apple or wait a mere month to obtain access to the contents of the device, but instead chose to prosecute an innocent man based on incomplete evidence. Despite having several avenues to examine the device, with even the defendant volunteering his assistance in the process, the State did not bother with pursuing such examination and instead took advantage of the iPad's existence by insinuating that the device contained child porn images. There were nearly one hundred mentions of the iPad during trial, but not once did the State ever prove that porn images actually existed on the iPad. Specifically, the State alluded to the iPad 69 times on the first day of trial and 29 times on the second day. *See* May 30, 2017 Trial Transcript; May 31, 2017 Trial Transcript.

Without completing the investigation of the iPad, the State should not have been allowed to offer such speculative evidence and should never have mentioned the iPad in open court.

Defense counsel objected to the admittance of the physical iPad device into evidence which the

State acknowledged had not been reviewed, but the Court overruled the objection and allowed the device to be published to the jury. *See* May 31, 2017 Trial Transcript ¶¶ 49-50.

- 27. That the State's mention of the iPad in this manner confused the Court and the members of the jury, who had wanted to examine the contents of the device. At the conclusion of the trial, one of the jurors informed defense counsel that the jurors were very concerned about the iPad and that it was one of their primary considerations in convicting the defendant. Please see attached Exhibit C Affidavit of Sun E. Choi. The State's numerous references to the unreviewed iPad invited speculation by the jury that the illegal images were contained in the device but that the defendant had concealed his possession of those images by hiding the device and/or pretending to be unable to recall the password. Such speculative evidence enhances the jury to disbelieve the defendant, particularly given the stigmatizing effect of the charge.
- 28. That it is evident that the State conducted an incomplete investigation and violated the defendant's due process rights by offering speculative evidence in the form of an iPad that the State could have examined if it waited a month but instead referenced in alluding to the defendant's deceit and guilt, which caused confusion to the jury and prejudice against the defendant. These repeated references to the stigmatizing inference that child pornography must lie inside the device if it could only be opened, communicated to the jury nearly a hundred times, are vastly different from a single instance of an unsupported suggestion that would not, in itself, provide a basis for a new trial. *Cf. Hull v. State*, 2016 Md. App. LEXIS 990 (Ct. Spec. App. 2016) (holding that a single reference to "sexual solicitation" was not a basis for mistrial).
- 29. That the State not only failed to complete its investigation, but it provided inaccurate and misleading information, as well as unexamined speculative evidence, to the

members of the jury, which caused prejudice to the defendant and denied his rights to due process and to an impartial jury, and therefore the jury's guilty verdict should be vacated in favor of a new trial.

WHEREFORE, Abe - Arjun Mallik, the Defendant, prays that this Honorable Court:

- A. Grant Defendant's Motion for a New Trial; and
- B. For other such relief as this cause may require.

Request for Hearing

Defendant requests a hearing on this issue.

Respectfully submitted,

DC Metro Law, LLC

By:

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Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 23, 2017, a copy of the Motion for Modification

of Sentence and Proposed Order was served via electronic mail to:

Office of the State's Attorney
Circuit Court Division
Frederick, Maryland 21701
Fredericksaocircuit@frederickcountymd.gov

Sun E. Choi, Esq.

m

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATE OF MARYLAND	*							
vs.	* * *	Criminal No. 16-059271						
ABE MALLIK,	*							
Defendant. ************************************	* ******	************						
<u>ORDER</u>								
UPON CONSIDERATION	of the foregoi	ng Defendant's Motion for a New Trial, and						
any response hereto, it is this	_ day of	, 2018, by the Circuit Court						
for Frederick County, Maryland,								
ORDERED, that Defendant'	s Motion for	a New Trial shall be Granted; and it is further						
hereby,								
ORDERED, that the jury's v	erdict shall b	e set aside and the matter shall be heard in a						
new trial.								
SO ORDERED.								
		he Circuit Court of Maryland						
	For Frederic	CK County						

1 THE COURT: Yes, I'm not seeing it. It may be in 2 here, but -- thank you. MS. CHOI: Your Honor, for Your Honor's convenience, 3 4 I actually have the opposition -- so should I --5 THE COURT: I'm sorry? 6 MS. CHOI: I have the opposition motion as well, so 7 you might want to have that as well? 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MS. CHOI: If I may approach? And just for the 10 record, I'll do this in open court that the defendant is 11 offering its defense opposition to the State's motion to 12 exclude defense expert. 13 MS. KING: Your Honor, as to the motion to amend, I 14

believe that pursuant to Rule 4-204, the Court can at any time before a verdict permit an amendment to the charging document if the amendment does not change the character of the offense, and that is I believe the case law is well established that a change to date is as to form and not substance. Changing the date does not change the character of the offense. v. State, if the same crime is charged after the amendment, it's established that that does not change the character of the offense. In this case, Your Honor, the State is amending the three counts, Count 9 to April 14th, Count 10 to April 12th and Count 11 as to March 30th. They were -- it was a clerical error that it stated March 3rd. We believe that that change is

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absolutely to form and not substance. The purpose of the criminal information, Your Honor, is to provide notice of the accused as to the nature of the crime and that is absolutely what has been done in this case. There has been adequate notice to the defendant that he's been charged with possession of child pornography. That has not changed after this amendment.

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Furthermore, I did read and I will have an opportunity to respond after counsel states her opposition, but in anticipation of that, the defense has not changed. The defendant stated his defense from before the charging document even went out, which was that he was hacked. This does not unduly prejudice or there's no unfair surprise. His defense is still that he was hacked. Therefore, Your Honor, the State does believe that both the rule and the case law is clear here in Maryland that a change to date is form. The cases that the State cites in those cases, dates were changed in theft schemes, dates were changed in abuse of minors — sex abuse of minors. So felony charges, the dates were permitted to be changed even during trial, let alone when the State did request this prior to trial.

THE COURT: Madam State, in Count 9, what was the

MS. KING: They were all March 3, Your Honor, March 3, 2016.

THE COURT: March 30th?

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MS. KING: 3rd. They were all March 3rd.

THE COURT: 3rd?

MS. KING: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. And the correct date for 9 is April 14th, for Count 10, it's April 12th, and for Count 11, March 30th?

MS. KING: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, Ms. Choi?

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, the defense adamantly opposes the amendment that the State is requesting. Pursuant to Maryland Rule 4-204 governing the amendment of charging documents, it is absolutely clear that that is to prevent unfair surprises to defendant and counsel. And if the State's proposed amendment is actually changed, it will substantively change not only the defense theory, but essentially every single thing that happened after that fact. The defendant does not consent in any way. It has been prejudicial to even have the amendment be filed because as of May 17, 2017, the defense was ready. The strategy had already been provided to the State since May of 2016 when Mr. Mallik gave a voluntary interview without charges being formally brought to him.

So from day one, he has maintained his innocence. With the amendment of these dates, Your Honor, it actually

provides the State a very nice fit. Because on March 3rd, Your Honor, of 2016, the three counts that involve the alleged child porn images were found on Mr. Mallik's Acer personal laptop. He didn't own the Acer laptop until March 21st. That was the receipt that was seized from the search and seizure that the law enforcement took. They had that information since April 21, 2016 that Mr. Mallik did not own that computer where those images were allegedly located.

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Now, the charges are 11 counts. Eleven counts of knowingly possess -- not just possession. We're not talking about a drug case. We're talking about knowingly possess.

Because of that language, it absolutely changes the substance of the nature of the events. The defense trajectory has to go a completely opposite direction. Now, that Acer laptop is available to Mr. Mallik's 14 year old daughter. She has access to it. And pursuant to some of the police report, it appears that some of the images may have been from a Google account, a storage in the cloud. Mr. Mallik doesn't have that. So had we known that the specific dates of April 14, April 12, and March 30 would be used, then we would have had a different way to go, to figure out what the answers were.

But because we knew Mr. Mallik did not have that PC where the alleged child porn was found on that date, March 3rd, and in fact during the voluntary interview, I asked Detective Elrod, who was the lead detective in this case, has the dates

of the events changed in any way? And I quoted that in our opposition. He said no, those are the dates that are involved. Nothing else. That has not ever changed, Your Honor, until May 17, 2017.

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So Your Honor, my opposition to this is not only does it add 15 more years to Mr. Mallik's possible incarceration time, because if the dates are actually granted, the changes, it would allow the jury to possibly find that Mr. Mallik owned the Acer laptop at that time, potentially may have had child porn images, and may have knowingly possessed that. But on its face now, Your Honor, on March 3, on those three counts, he didn't own the PC where the images were found. And out of the 27 devices, storage thumb drives, every single thing that was tested, this was the one computer that had the images of Counts 9, 10 and 11. All of the other counts were pursuant to an email attachment.

The State can absolutely pursue that. That's not what we're fighting about. We're fighting about the fact that if that date had been corrected way in advance, it would have absolutely allowed Mr. Mallik to figure out the defense and figure out the questions and answer those questions. But now, at the eve of trial, granting that is going to really change not just the character, but the substance that the defense strategy involved. And that's, Your Honor, absolutely prejudicial to this man, who has never been charged, who has

never been convicted of any crimes.

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And as a result of that, Your Honor, he can't consent. Pursuant to the rule, there is also case law that says if there are critical errors, if it adds additional potential jail time, then it does change the nature of the case and the character of a case. And as a result, Your Honor, we do not agree that this is an amendment that should be granted. Mr. Mallik has maintained his innocence from day one. provided ample information that his router was defective, that he had a whistle-blowing incident back in 2014 for which he had a lot of problems. Fast forward into 2016 when all of this happened. He filed a formal complaint against a supervisor, and the day after, his internet connection was incredibly slow. He called Comcast and we actually received exculpatory evidence from Comcast supporting Mr. Mallik's position that in fact he did call before these images were ever uploaded, that there were some internet connection problems and connectivity issues. And so Comcast worked with him and actually sent him to technical support, and it just turned out that this defective router completely crashed at some point.

And the reason why that is significant, Your Honor, is that's pursuant to a defense. Mr. Mallik never, ever possessed child porn, let alone knowingly, and we have legitimate defense in terms of ample evidence not only from the State's documents that they provided to us, but from Mr. Mallik

himself who is going to testify. And essentially, Your Honor, there's no way that if these dates will be granted, it means that it fits very nicely into the date after the Acer was purchased. Part of our defense was that Mr. Mallik cleaned up the malware where he saw 200 plus unwanted programs on this brand new Acer laptop for some reason within five days, three or four days of purchase — he found 200 plus unwanted programs on a brand new Acer, for which they have a receipt. So they know that it's brand new.

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And all of a sudden, after he wipes that clean with the malware software that he purchased and we turned it over to them, that date was March 26th. They now conveniently want to use the dates March 30, April 12 and April 14. Because by April 21st, the raid occurred and the law enforcement seized that device. So they had a certain window of time, Your Honor, in which those three counts where those alleged images are knowingly possessed by Mr. Mallik has to be after March 21st when he owned it, after March 26th, when he wiped out the malware, to dispute the hacking theory that the defense had already provided it and before April 21st.

So those counts, Your Honor, March 30, April 12th,

April 14th -- fits very nicely into that little spot where he

could potentially be found by a jury and have an additional 15

years -- on each count, five years, plus a \$2,500 fine when the

State has already got other counts that has nothing to do with

the PC and can go forward.

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So yes, Your Honor, this is not just a simple clerical error. This has completely turned one defense into a trajectory which we didn't consider at all because at that point, he didn't own the PC. And it's that simple. He just didn't own it. And yes, there's reasonable doubt there. So Your Honor, based on the facts of the case, and the fact that Mr. Mallik provided all of this defense strategy before he was even charged, before he even had the benefit of discovery — because there were no formal charges — we adamantly oppose any amendment to those dates.

The State can go forward on the other counts, Your Honor, and we're prepared to go forward on those.

MS. KING: If I may reply, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Ms. King?

MS. KING: And Your Honor, Ms. Choi again states very beautifully the defense theory, which they have been stating since the very beginning, which hasn't changed. And Your Honor, Ms. Choi did not address that the case law is clear that — and this is a direct quote from Manuel v. State — if the same crime is charged after the amendment, the offense's character has not been changed. That was in Manuel v. State. In Guyant v. State (phonetic sp.), in Thompson v. State, this is well-established law in Maryland. And even though he may face additional penalties because there are still additional

charges, of course, that -- they're not new charges. There's charges that still exist. The penalties haven't changed. And in addition to that, Your Honor, there has been no undue surprise. The defense had reviewed these images, had access to the forensic file since December 13, 2016. That's when the State gave the opportunity to view these CP images. That's when the examination, the preliminary examination had been conducted and completed. And Ms. Choi and I met at the State's Attorney's Office and she had access to this file. There's no undue surprise.

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And Your Honor, I believe that the State's motion should be granted to amend these counts. And the State is ready to go forward.

And alternatively, Your Honor, if these counts are dismissed, the State can dismiss all counts and recharge. And we'd be back here. The state is ready to go forward today. We're trying to give the defendant a speedy trial. And we're ready to go forward.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, at that point, then we would prefer that the State dismiss the entire charge. Because then it would give us a little bit more time. With regard to the viewing and the accessibility of the files, Your Honor, that was -- yes, I met with Ms. King back in December. And I was given snippets of those images and the path files. And that was it, Your Honor. I didn't get a copy of it.

MS. KING: We can't provide copies.

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MS. CHOI: And I wouldn't want those copies anyway — and so Your Honor, so knowing what I knew back then, when he was actually charged November 2nd, and then I met with Ms.

King, because I was doing my due diligence, doing whatever I can to try to prove Mr. Mallik's innocence, I went and saw these images and the criminal information wasn't filed until December 2nd.

So this all happened very close in time, Your Honor, and I never actually physically had that possession of those images or the path files or where they actually originated from. And so Your Honor, the expert report was not provided until months after that. Months after that. And then on top of that, the expert's report then was updated May 18, 2017. Weeks ago. So throughout this entire time, from the start of the case up until now, there has been continuous delays. I'm not saying that it's Ms. King's part. The police report is telling me exactly who got delayed. It was the retirement of the lead detective. Then it was picked up by Detective Snyder. Months when by when nothing happened. The very first time that Mr. Mallik knew sort of what was going on was during the raid on April 21st. It wasn't until November 2nd because I prompted the detective into finding out what is the conclusion of the investigation? He has voluntarily provided everything that you wanted. He even gave you the defective router, which Detective

Elrod refused to take. I mean, that was a dead router. He has receipts of a new router. This is the defense. This is what's going on. There is somebody in his employment who is out to grind his ax and he wants his pound of flesh. And he knows exactly where Mr. Mallik works. He telecommutes from home as well as go into FTF.

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So everything about him is known to his employer who is grinding his ax because back in 2014, he won \$51,000 because there was racial discrimination. And since that time, it's never been the same, Your Honor. He is a whistleblower. We might not like him for doing that, but he had the right to do it. And because of that, he has been prejudiced and has been a victim at his employment. Now, there's a motive there. Not only is there a motive there, there's an opportunity because everything that he did — and our expert will testify to that — who is here free of charge, he's just a neighbor — would say that really indicates somebody who has been hacked. That has been our defense from day one, Your Honor. From day one.

And so I absolutely disagree, respectfully, with the State, that it does change everything about this case, Your Honor. It took us to a different trajectory. Had I known that that's what the State was going to use in terms of those three counts, oh, I would have absolutely interviewed every -- I would have gotten his daughter and provided that information --

everything voluntarily. Because I wanted the State to know that this is where we were coming from. And none of that investigation actually took place.

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Mr. Mallik's position was never investigated until late April, maybe early May. They then followed up with Comcast to see if he actually made the service calls back in February. They then followed up with a potential other person who might have a motive against Mr. Mallik. This was all done very — it was very delayed. It was very last minute. And as a result, there was a request for a continuance. All that happened, Your Honor, that happened in this case.

As a result, he has suffered. And if the State wants to nolle pros the entire case, then so be it. And let them recharge. But at least that gives me enough time to investigate that defense. Because at this point, it is unfair surprise. And I want to keep calm and let Your Honor know I can do whatever I can to make this work, but that was the key to the defense, Your Honor. That is a crucial element. And it's not just a clerical mistake or an error. It's his life. It's his liberty at stake. And I need more time for investigation.

THE COURT: Let me ask Ms. King a question. When did the State discover the discrepancy in the date?

MS. KING: As soon as we filed the motion, Your Honor.

THE COURT: No, no, you discovered it --

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MS. KING: On the date that I filed that motion was when we discovered it.

THE COURT: And how was it that it was discovered?

MS. KING: I came back from maternity leave and I began reviewing this case, preparing for trial, because the State's postponement was denied. That's how I discovered it, Your Honor. And Your Honor, I mean, the case law is clear that — Your Honor, I cite four specific cases that specifically say the changing of a date and offense is considered a matter of form and not substance.

THE COURT: I'm familiar with all that.

MS. KING: Exactly, Your Honor.

THE COURT: But I also -- I mean, I think I have an obligation to hear Ms. Choi, and you know, based upon her arguments, I just want to make sure before I rule -- so this change was discovered late in the game as you're saying the State acted in good faith, didn't sit on this after --

MS. KING: No, I actually called her before I filed the motion to notify her that I would be filing it.

THE COURT: All right, I'm going to grant the State's motion. I believe that it is a clerical error. Ms. Choi, I hear you. A lot of what you say is based upon facts in the form of proffers. And I think it's really difficult for me to -- I started out with the notion that when we're talking

about a date that it is probably a clerical matter. And I don't think at this juncture that I'm inclined to deviate from my usual practice, which is in a case like this to grant a motion to amend the charge based upon a discrepancy with the date.

Now, if we were talking about, you know, a date that was alleged and there were years in between the dates, that might be something different. But in this particular case, I believe that there's no indication the State is not acting in good faith and I believe it is a matter of form, not substance. So I will grant the State's motion to amend.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. CHOI: Your Honor, would Your Honor reconsider that decision once you have heard some evidence with regard to --

THE COURT: You want to renew the motion at some point?

MS. CHOI: Right.

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MS. KING: Your Honor --

MS. CHOI: Because Your Honor stated that it was just based on proffer. So after evidence has been provided maybe to the detectives that are involved in the case, and when they would have found the date, I think that that would change the character --

THE COURT: Well, I will reserve on your request to

renew the motion. Make your motion when you think it's appropriate and I'll rule on it at that time.

MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. KING: Your Honor, the State's second motion — the State filed a motion to exclude the defense expert witness based on failure to set forth the criteria in 5-702. Does Your Honor want a copy of that?

THE COURT: Please.

MS. KING: And I'll bring up counsel's opposition.

MS. CHOI: Thank you.

MS. KING: Does Your Honor want a minute to review

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THE COURT: No, you can go ahead.

MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, it's established in Rule 5-702 that there are three prongs at which an expert testimony should be admitted -- whether the witness is qualified by knowledge, skill experience; number two, the appropriateness of the testimony as well as three, whether there is a sufficient factual basis existing to support that expert testimony.

The State filed this motion because based on our review of the expert's opinion, there is no factual basis. The Courts have held that there needs to be -- that expert testimony cannot just be based on conjecture or incompetent evidence. And that's what we believe is here. In the State's

defense is that he was hacked. The defense can put that on that this was not him. The State does believe that this is not prejudicial whatsoever.

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MS. CHOI: Your Honor, I will proffer something that maybe the State doesn't know. I did contact these individuals.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, you contacted --

MS. CHOI: I did contact these individuals from his e-mail accounts. And I spoke to them. They were actually very nice. They're adults. And they spoke to him — they had no idea who he was. No idea who he was, his name, his call name, his alias, none of it. And I actually have phone numbers. I'm going to cross-examine Detective Snyder on whether or not he followed up with these individuals. It was so easy for me to find them. And Your Honor, these kinds of e-mails, they do violate 403. When the reasonable person on a jury is going to hear this information and look at this South Asian man, they're going to say, hmm, just maybe he has that propensity. They might confuse the issues involved. And that's what 403 allows us to do, to make sure that the jury isn't confused.

MS. KING: And Your Honor, as Ms. Choi just stated, it goes to the weight of the evidence and let the jury decide. She can cross-examine and say that this wasn't him, you know? That this is -- this goes to access and control of that e-mail.

THE COURT: Am I correct, we're talking about one specific e-mail?

1	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor.					
2	BY MS. KING:					
3	Q And, Detective Snyder, you stated that there was a					
4	second set of e-mails, and what were those?					
5	A So what I was referring to earlier is there were some					
6	one-way conversations between two juvenile females.					
7	Q And how did, you were how were you able to					
8	identify that they were juvenile females?					
9	A One listed their age. In addition, both of them					
10	contained images of the females that were sending these					
11	correspondence.					
12	MS. KING: If I could approach the clerk?					
13	THE COURT: (No audible response.)					
14	BY MS. KING:					
15	Q And, Detective Snyder, explain to the jury why that's					
16	relevant or to your investigation.					
17	A It was relevant to me because it shows a pattern or					
18	an interest in particularly young females.					
19	MS. KING: If I may approach counsel?					
20	THE COURT: (No audible response.)					
21	MS. KING: Your Honor, if I may approach?					
22	THE COURT: (No audible response.)					
23	BY MS. KING:					
24	Q I'm showing you State's Exhibit 13. Can you take a					
25	moment to review those e-mails?					

password-protected, then essentially you're telling us, your testimony, that you, the expert witness that does this for a living, Homeland Security, FBI, and the Baltimore office will just never be able to get into that Apple iPad. Is that what you're saying?

- A No.
- Q Okay.

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- A The reason why I say --
- Q So there's a way to get in?

A There is a way, because Cellebrite is one of the tools that we use. It's for mobile forensics. I use it on pads, tablets, and this other stuff. This month, which they don't have yet, because I consulted with the Cyber Crimes Center, they said with the next rollout, they would be able to do this and crack that on this iPad, but here we are today.

So right now the answer is no because the government -- it's very expensive. As you know, in the one news for the terrorist, Apple did not even want to open that and there was -- they finally got into it, but that was thousands upon thousands of dollars, taxpayer dollars.

Obviously, they were -- if we had more time, we would have gotten into Mr. Mallik's iPad.

Q Okay. Okay. And you testified that was unusual for somebody that is a defendant of knowingly possessing child pornography, that they would use a VPN, a virtual private

1 And you can --2 MS. KING: If I may approach Madam Clerk? 3 THE COURT: (No audible response.) THE CLERK: Yeah. 4 BY MS. KING: 5 I'm showing you what's been marked as State's Exhibit 6 7 14. What is that? This is an Apple iPad. 8 9 And is that the iPad that you were referring to that 10 was not reviewed? 11 That's correct. Α 12 And is that -- has that been in, placed in the chain 13 of custody? Α 14 Yes. 15 MS. KING: State likes to move State's Exhibit 14 into evidence. 16 17 MS. CHOI: Your Honor, for the record, I would 18 object. I don't see the necessity. There's an accurate description of exactly what it is, even the case color, the 19 20 color of the iPad, and the chain of custody in which the 21 Defense, for the convenience of the State's case, stipulated 22 to. I don't see why a physical piece of device needs to 2.3 actually be admitted into evidence at this point. So for the 24 record, the Defense would object. 25 THE COURT: I'll overrule. It's admitted.

1	(The item marked for
2	identification as State's
3	Exhibit No. 14 was received
4	in evidence.)
5	MS. KING: Thank you, Your Honor. If I could publish
6	that to the jury?
7	THE COURT: (No audible response.)
8	BY MS. KING:
9	Q Detective Snyder, did there come a time, were you
10	able to review the results of the forensic examination?
11	A That's correct.
12	Q And what, what were you able to find?
13	A So I received the results of the examination on
14	October 25th, 2016. I noticed that there were various images,
15	child pornography-related images as well as images that were
16	non-child pornography-related.
17	Q And where were those images located?
18	A On the defendant's Acer laptop.
19	MS. KING: If I may approach the clerk?
20	THE COURT: (No audible response.)
21	MS. KING: If I may approach the witness?
22	THE COURT: (No audible response.)
23	BY MS. KING:
24	Q I'm showing you State's Exhibit 15. Do you recognize
25	that?

- Q And according to Steven Gibson's forensic report,
 that HMA virtual private network software was installed on that
 Acer laptop on March the 23rd, 2016, correct?

 A Correct.
- Q And it is your understanding that the HMA VPN software can then connect multiple devices through a router to

7 one single IP address, correct?

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- A Correct, based on what you showed me from their website.
- Q Okay. So you would agree with me, with regard to the clerical error that you made on Counts 9, 10, and 11, that there's no possible way that March 3rd, 2016, the offenses or the images could have been found on the Acer laptop? Correct?
- 14 A Correct. That was a clerical error, yes.
 - Q Okay. And so when you filed the application for charges back in November 2nd, 2016, you didn't pick up on that clerical mistake?
 - A No, ma'am.
 - Q And when the State filed its criminal information, outlining the 11 counts, on December 2nd, 2016, you didn't notify her that the dates were incorrect, correct?
 - A Ma'am, I didn't pick up on that date.
 - Q Okay. And at what point did you pick up on that date that that date was wrong?
 - A I can't tell you -- I can't give you a definitive

time. I mean, that was clearly my fault, and I can't tell you when I picked up on that, but --

- Q Was it months ago, weeks ago, days ago?
- A No, it very well could have been a month ago.
- Q A month ago?

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- A Very well could have been, ma'am. I, I can't give you a specific time frame of when I became aware of it, but nevertheless --
- Q Okay. So as soon as you became aware of the fact that the three counts 9, 10, and 11, the date of the offense cannot possibly be March 3rd, 2016, when did you find out and when did you tell Ms. King?
- A Ma'am, I don't recall.
- MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if I may approach?
- THE COURT: (No audible response.)
- MS. KING: Approach the bench?
- 17 MS. CHOI: Yes.
- 18 (Bench conference follows:)
 - MS. CHOI: Your Honor, as you know, when we did the pretrial motions and we did the motion to amend, Ms. King did proffer that after she came back from maternity leave, that she identified that the dates were incorrect and that it was a clerical error, that in her good-faith effort, she changed that, and I absolutely believe that to be true. However, based on this testimony, what's actually true is that he is the one

who found out the date, doesn't know when he did it, doesn't know when he told her but that it had to be fixed.

I believe that having amended the dates unduly violates Mr. Mallik's right to notice. It is unfair surprise, and I would renew my objection with regard to that and ask that Your Honor reconsider that decision based on the testimony provided by this officer. He has no idea when he did any of this stuff.

THE COURT: Did what?

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MS. CHOI: He has no idea what he did and when he did it and that I don't think that there's good cause in any way or a good-faith effort on his part to correct a clerical mistake that had an incredible bearing on Mr. Mallik's life. I would ask that those three counts be reconsidered and we would just pursue on the other eight.

MS. KING: Your Honor, it's highly -- Your Honor already ruled on amending the counts. We're in trial.

Jeopardy has attached. It's highly, you know, it's not proper to try to renew this during, during trial, and the testimony was that it was a clerical error. Your Honor already found that it was in good faith, that we provided notice before trial started --

MS. CHOI: But --

MS. KING: -- and we already proceeded on the amended -- we're already in trial on the, on the amended

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             MS. CHOI: But I also asked Your Honor to please
   reserve on the fact, and we did that, that you would reconsider
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   that once you heard some testimony from the witnesses, the
   State's witnesses, and that's why I'm renewing, because you
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    said you can renew your objection at that time again and we can
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    revisit it. That's what we did yesterday, Your Honor, and
   that's why I'm doing this.
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              THE COURT: Or the Court could grant a motion for
    judgment of acquittal --
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             MS. CHOI: Okay. I could do that too.
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             THE COURT: -- at the, at the end of the State's
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   case.
             MS. CHOI: I could do that too, but I would prefer
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   that Your Honor reconsider.
             THE COURT: Let me think about that.
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             MS. CHOI: Okay.
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              THE COURT: Let me think about that.
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             MS. CHOI: I'd appreciate it.
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             THE COURT: Now, do you have more for this witness?
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             MS. CHOI: I do have a little bit more. Do we need
   to take a break? I sort of need a break.
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              THE COURT: Well, I'm thinking about recessing for
    lunch.
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             MS. CHOI: Okay. Could we take a break? That would
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counts.

1	Q	concerning Mr. Abe Mallik?
2	А	Except on the Acer.
3	Q	On the Acer? Okay.
4	А	Yes.
5		MS. CHOI: Okay. That's all I have, Your Honor.
6		MS. KING: Just very brief.
7		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
8		BY MS. KING:
9	Q	Is there reviewing the folder structure, the
10	nature of	the images that you found, is there anything
11	unusual -	- is that consistent with your investigation of child
12	pornograp	ny?
13	А	Yeah. The folder structure? Yes. We typically see
14	a lot of	times where they name folders.
15	Q	And is it, and you stated is it uncommon for child
16	pornograp	ny just to be found on one of a defendant's device?
17	А	No, it's not uncommon.
18		MS. KING: No further questions.
19		THE COURT: I have a question.
20		THE WITNESS: Sure.
21		THE COURT: It's my understanding that, for instance,
22	the iPad,	that with a court order, you can send that iPad to
23	Apple and	they would be able to access the information.
24		THE WITNESS: That would take months and months, Your
25	Honor.	

2 THE WITNESS: But there is -- and then also the cost 3 incurred on the taxpayers. So that was why, if we could wait until next month -- Homeland Security has a contract with 5 Cellebrite for advanced techniques and stuff, but that was not coming out until past this court date. So we were kind of 6 7 stuck. I tried everything. I was provided with a sheet of passwords, very meticulous, and when the passwords did not 8 9 work, I tried other passwords that were very similar to the 10 ones between his user accounts, didn't get it. I was hoping I 11 would get lucky but didn't happen. 12 THE COURT: Any questions in light of the Court's 13 question? 14 MS. KING: No, Your Honor. 1.5 MS. CHOI: I do have one follow-up. 16 RECROSS EXAMINATION 17 BY MS. CHOI: 18 With regard to the password, that extensive list, was 19 that unusual in this particular situation? 20 Α I found it unusual that he had such a -- because I 21 typically don't see meticulously kept lists --22 Q Yes. -- that --2.3 Α 24 So out of the --25 -- he couldn't, that he couldn't remember his Α

THE COURT: I'm aware of that.

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IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATE OF MARYLAND,

vs.

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ABE ARJUN MALLIK,

Defendant.

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Criminal No. 16-059271

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Defendant.

AFFIDAVIT OF ALECIA FRISBY TROUT

- I, ALECIA FRISBY TROUT, am over the age of 18, and competent to testify to the matters herein, which are all based on my personal and first-hand knowledge.
 - 2. I am an adult citizen of the United States, residing in Frederick County, Maryland.
 - 3. I was in the jury pool in the above captioned case on May 30, 2017.
- 4. As a fellow attorney, I felt compelled to contact the defendant's attorney, Ms. Sun E. Choi, with regard to an issue that occurred concerning the jury pool from which the defendant's jury was selected.
 - 5. I have never met the defendant and/or Ms. Choi, and I do not know them.
- 6. I sent Ms. Choi the following message on May 31, 2017, the day after the incident occurred. I wrote the following:

"This message is for Ms. Choi in regards to the Mallik trial. Yesterday, I was on the jury panel for the case, but my number was too high so I was not addressed prior to a jury being selected. As an attorney, I feel obligated to share with you something that happened that I fear may have influenced the jury. I think you can set it straight before deliberation if you think it is a problem.

Yesterday morning, Judge Nicklas came in to address the prospective jurors. He thanked us for our service and apologized that so many of us had to be called. He said a 3-day felony trial was set in his court room but the defendant had not shown up so the case was not going forward. He referred to how Frederick was going to have to go and get the defendant. There was chatter all day amongst the

jurors about how this defendant had fled and how they hoped he wouldn't be caught prior to the end of our jury service because no one wanted to sit on a three-day trial. Then, when we got called up for your trial, and the Judge said it would be a 3-day trial, there was a lot of chatter that this was the case Nicklas had been talking about. I would put money on the fact that most jurors believe that to be true. Therefore, they think that your client fled and had to be captured and brought to trial. Obviously, if that is not true, it needs to be straightened out.

7. Ms. Choi responded to this message thanking me for stepping forward.

AFFIRMATION

I DO SOLEMNLY DECLARE AND AFFIRM UNDER THE PENALTIES OF PERJURY THAT THE FOREGOING STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS AFFIDAVIT ARE TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

Aledia Frisby Trout
Phone Number: 240-405-5019
Email Address: a frisby@mdlabrorg

ΑV

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

AFFIDAVIT OF SUN E CHOI

- 1. I, SUN E CHOI, am over the age of 21 and competent to testify to the matters herein, which are all based on my personal and first-hand knowledge.
- 2. I am an adult citizen of the United States, residing in Montgomery County, Maryland.
- 3. I am the defense counsel in the above captioned case.
- 4. That on June 2, 2017 at the conclusion of the three day trial and verdict regarding the above-referenced matter, I was approached by one of the members of the Jury.
- 5. That this juror voluntarily shared the deliberative process with me.
- 6. That this juror was concerned as were several members of the Jury that the iPad was not examined.
- 7. That according to the juror, the Jury believed the 'missing' eight images were indeed on the iPad.
- 8. That the Jury members did return to court on June 2, 2017 and asked the Court if they could plug in and examine the iPad.
- 9. It is my testament that the State should have waited a month to examine the iPad which was central to its case.
- 10. That the Defendant did not receive a fair trial because the State did not complete their examination of the iPad before proceeding to trial.

AFFIRMATION

I DO SOLEMNLY DECLARE AND AFFIRM UNDER THE PENALTIES OF PERJURY THAT THE FOREGOING STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIE AFFIDAVIT ARE TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

12/22/2017	In	
Date	Sun E. Choi, Esquire	

7820 B Wormans Mill Road, # 154 Frederick, Maryland 21701 202-630-9529 (Office) 301-500-3135 (Fax) schoi@dcmetrolaw.net Attorney for Defendant

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATE OF MARYLAND *

* Criminal No. 16-059271

VS.

*

ABE-ARJUN MALLIK,

*

Defendant.

DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR MODIFICATION OF SENTENCE

COMES NOW, the defendant, ABE-ARJUN MALLIK, by and through his attorneys, Sun E. Choi, Esquire and DC Metro Law, L.L.C., and pursuant to Maryland Rule 4-345, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court modify the sentence imposed against the defendant. As grounds, the defendant represents to this Honorable Court as follows:

- That on October 3, 2017, Defendant appeared before the Honorable Michael M.
 Galloway for sentencing in the above captioned matter.
- That the Defendant was charged with eleven (11) counts of "Possess Child Pornography".
- 3. That this Honorable Court imposed a sentence of 10 years incarceration, suspending all but time served of 5 days, with 5 years of supervised probation.
- 4. That Defendant is requesting that this Honorable Court modify the sentence imposed.

- That at sentencing, Defendant submitted the attached Sentencing Memorandum, which is referenced here as if fully set forth herein. Please see the attached Exhibit A - Sentencing Memorandum and Exhibits.
- That all the documents in addition to the reasons set forth in this motion support
 the defendant's request for modifying the sentence imposed.
- 7. That Defendant is requesting that this Honorable Court consider granting him a Probation Before Judgement pursuant to MD Code, Criminal Procedure, § 6-220.
- That Defendant is requesting that this Honorable Court consider modifying his probation from superivsed to unsupervised.
- 9. That Defendant is requesting that this Honorable Court modify the condition concerning his daughter Nikita. Specifically, Defendant is requesting that this Honorable Court modify the condition to, no unsupervided contact with any minors except for his daughter, of which he is to have no abusive or harassing contact with.
- 10. That Defendant is doing very well with probation and complying with everything that his agent is requesting of him, in addition to what this Honorable Court ordered.
- 11. That Defendant has been complying with the condition to receive treatment related to this matter. And that the counselors are allowing Defendant to attend multiple group sessions per week in order for Defendant to finish his therapy much sooner than expected. Defendant is currently attending three sessions per week, which is an extraordinary accommodation made by the counselors to assist

Defendant. Upon the successful completion of therapy, Defendant will file a supplement to this motion.

12. That the defendant is currently involved in a divorce and custody matter. Please see the attached Exhibit B - Custody Matter.

13. That Defendant is seeking sole custody of his daugther Nikita due to his spouses mistreatment of her. Please see the attached Exhibit C - Letter from Nikita.

14. That Defendant is requesting that this Honorable Court hold this motion in abeyance until such time the defendant requests a hearing on this matter.

WHEREFORE, the Defendant prays that this Honorable Court:

A. GRANT Defendant's Motion for Modification of Sentence;

B. GRANT Defendant's request to hold this motion in abeyance, until such time the defendant requests a hearing;

C. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

DC METRO LAW, L.L.C.

By:

SUN E. CHOI, ESQUIRE

m

7820 B Wormans Mill Road, Suite 154

Frederick, Maryland 21701 (202) 630-9529 Office (301) 500-3135 Fax

schoi@dcmetrolaw.net Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 2, 2017, a copy of the Motion for Modification of Sentence and Proposed Order was served via electronic mail to:

Office of the State's Attorney
Circuit Court Division
Frederick, Maryland 21701
Fredericksaocircuit@frederickcountymd.gov

Sun E. Choi, Esquire

m

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATE OF MARYLAND	*		
	*	Criminal No. 16-059271	
vs.	*		
	*		
ABE-ARJUN MALLIK,	*		
	*		
Defendant.	*		
********	******	*********	*****
	ODDED		
	<u>ORDER</u>		
Upon consideration of the	Defendant's Mo	otion for Modification of Se	entence, and
any response thereto it is this	day of	, 20)18, hereby,
ORDERED, that Defenda	nt's Motion for M	Modification is hereby GRA	NTED, and
it is further hereby			
ORDERED, that Defenda	nt's Motion for M	Modification is hereby held	in abeyance
until such time Defendant request	s a hearing.		
SO ORDERED.			
DEN	IED		
01/16/2018 10:11:26 AM	Circuit Court	for Frederick County, Mar	yland
Julie S Sex		ered: Clerk, Circuit Court derick County, MD	for
Julie S. Solt, Administrative Judge	Jan	uary 16, 2018	